V84

INSTITUTE OF AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH STATISTICS

NATIONAL INDEX

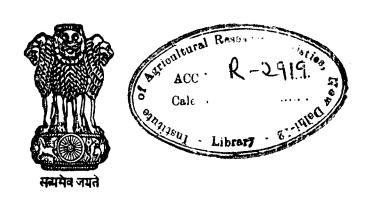
OF

AGRICULTURAL FIELD EXPERIMENTS

VOL. 4 PART 1

GUJARAT

1948-53



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INDIAN COUNCIL OF AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH
NEW DELHI

FOREWORD

It is a well recognized fact that the level of agricultural production in India is one of the lowest in the world and it is only by the exploitation of scientific methods of agriculture that we can hope to increase our agricultural production to the level necessary for providing a reasonable standard of living to the country's population. Properly planned and conducted field experiments provide a reliable basis for propagating improved agricultural techniques among farmers. A number of research institutes and other experimental centres are functioning under the Central Ministry of Agriculture, the Commodity Commi:tees and the State Governments, in which research on agricultural problems is going on. The need for an integrated account of the researches done in these organisations and institutions in the country has been felt for a long time, particularly in the context of planning. The absence of such a unified account has often led to duplication of work and delay in the utilisation of the results for practical farming. The Institute of Agricultural Research Statistics of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research has, therefore, rendered a most timely service by preparing a compendium of all agricultural field experiments conducted in India upto 1953 and similar compendia are under preparation by the Institute for subsequent years.

The present compendium contains critical summaries of results of experiments bearing on important agronomic factors such as the responses of crops to fertilizers and manures, inter-relationship of fertilizers, varieties and cultivation practices and other information of value for giving sound advice to farmers in different regions. I am sure that these results will be fully utilised by agricultural institutions, research workers, planners and extension organisations. The chief merit of the present publication is that it brings together in one place the results of experimentation carried out under diverse soil, climatic and agricultural conditions obtaining in India. Workers in one State can thus supplement data for their own area by results from other regions where conditions may be similar and thereby re-inforce their own conclusions. For the same reason I hope that this publication will be of use to workers in other countries also.

A Standing Committee consisting of the Agricultural Commissioner with the Government of India, the Director, Indian Agricultural Research Institute and the Statistical Adviser, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, has been set up to provide general guidance to the work under this scheme. I congratulate the members of this Committee and in particular the Statistical Adviser and his associates at the Institute of Agricultural Research Statistics for bringing out this compendium. The preparation of this compendium has been made possible only by the whole hearted co-operation of the States and other organisations in making available the results of their experimental researches for this purpose. My thanks are due to the officers of the State Departments of Agriculture and other institutions for participating in this work. I hope that the present series will be followed by periodical publication of similar compendia for later years, in order that the availability, in a consolidated form, of results of scientific experiments in agriculture in India may be maintained up-to date.

New Delhi, August 20, 1962. A.D. PANDIT

Vice-President,

Indian Council of Agricultural Research.

PREFACE

A large number of agricultural field experiments on different problems is being conducted in the country by Central and State Governments, Research Institutes, Commodity Committees and other organisations engaged in agricultural research. In addition, a number of schemes involving field experimentation is sponsored by the Indian Council of Agricultural Research in different States. The absence of a unified record of the results of these various experiments has considerably handicapped planning of further research and development and has often led to duplication of efforts.

Vaidyanathan brought out in 1933 a useful catalogue of manurial experiments conducted in India till then. Considering that Vaidyanathan's work was confined to manurial experiments and the fact that an enormous increase has taken place in the number and scope of agronomic experiments in recent years in India, the Indian Council of Agricultural Research launched the scheme of National Index of Field Experiments in 1954. The object of the scheme was two-fold:

- (i) the preparation of compendium of all the field experiments for the period 1935-53 and
 - (ii) the preparation of index cards for individual experiments from 1954 onwards.

Under the scheme, results of all agricultural field experiments other than purely varietal trials were to be consolidated. Subsequently at the time of the extension of the scheme in 1959 it was decided that the compendium would be prepared in the first instance for the period 1948-53 and a similar compendium would be prepared for the period 1954-59. The present series for the period 1948-53 has been prepared in pursuance of this decision.

The compendium is divided into 15 volumes one each for (1) Andhra Pradesh (2) Assam, Manipur and Tripura (3) Bihar (4) Gujarat (5) Kerala (6) Madhya Pradesh (7) Madras (8) Maharashtra (9) Mysore (10) Orissa (11) Punjab, Jammu & Kashmir and Himachal Pradesh (12) Rajasthan (13) Uttar Pradesh (14) West Bengal and (15) all Central Institutes. In each volume back-ground information of the respective State regarding its physical features, soils, rainfall and climate, agricultural production and area under different crops is given. A map showing different regions of the State, soils and agricultural research farms is also included. The experiments reported in each volume have been arranged cropwise for each State. All the experiments belonging to a particular crop at various research stations are grouped together. For a particular crop, experiments are arranged according to the following classification:

Manurial (M), Cultural (C), Irrigational (I), Diseases, Pests and Chemicals other than fertilisers (D), Rotational (R), Mixed Cropping (X) and combinations of these wherever they occur (e.g., CM as Cultural-cum-Manurial). Experiments in which crop varieties also form a factor are denoted by adding V to their symbol and are given together (e.g., MV as Manurial-cum-Varietal). The results of an experiment are given along with other basic information such as rotation of crops followed, cultural practices adopted, etc.

For making maximum use of the experimental data all the important tables giving the average yields of various treatments along with the appropriate standard errors have been presented. No attempt has, however, been made to summarise the data of groups of experiments on any particular item and to draw any general conclusions. This will be done for the period 1948-59 while publishing the compendium for the period 1954-59.

This publication is the result of the co-operative endeavour of a large number of persons both at the Centre and in the States. I should particularly mention in this connection, guidance and help rendered in the formulation of the scheme by Dr. D.J. Finney F.R.S. of Aberdeen University, Scotland, during his stay at the Institute of Agricultural Research Statistics as an F.A.O. Statistical Expert in 1952-53.

At the Institute of Agricultural Research Statistics, the work under the scheme was carried out under the supervision and guidance of Shri T.P. Abraham, Assistant Statistical Adviser. Shri G.A. Kulkarni, Statistician, looked after the detailed working of the scheme. These officers have been largely responsible for the preparation of the manuscript of the compendium and it is a pleasure to thank them for the hard work they have put in for getting this compendium ready. Messrs O.P. Kathuria, B.V. Srikantiah, M.L. Sahni, B.P. Dyundi, S.D. Bal and P.K. Jain of the statistical staff of the Institute deserve special mention for their careful scrutiny of the data and preparation of the material for the compendium. Thanks are also due to Dr. Uttam Chand, Professor of Statistics, now with the Central Statistical Organisation, Shri K.S. Avadhany, Assistant Statistician, also now with the Central Statistical Organisation, and Shri K.C. Raut, Statistician in this office who were associated with the scheme in its initial stages.

The burden of collecting data from original records by visiting different research stations and the analysis of a large number of experiments, only the primary data for which had been recorded in the files, fell on the regional staff appointed by the Indian Council of Agricultural Research in different States. They deserve to be congratulated for the patient work they have put in. The State Departments of Agriculture, Central Institutes and Commodity Committees made data for the experiments conducted within their jurisdiction readily available. The Indian Council of Agricultural Research acknowledges this willing co-operation without which the consolidation of the results would not have been possible. Various State officers who helped the project by making the data accessible to the satistical staff of the project and worked as the regional supervisors for the scheme also deserve thanks by the Council for their active help. The list of names of the regional supervisors is given on the following page.

V.G. PANSE

New Delhi, August 16, 1962. Statistical Adviser

Institute of Agricultural Research Statistics
(I.C.A.R.)

REGIONAL SUPERVISORS FOR THE SCHEME OF THE NATIONAL INDEX OF FIELD EXPERIMENTS

Region and headquaters

Regional Supervisors:

1. Andhra Pradesh

SHRI D.V.G. KRISHNAMOORTHY,

(HYDERABAD)

Deputy Director of Food Production, Andhra Pradesh.

SHRI JAGANNATH RAO,

Joint Director of Agriculture (Research), Andhra Pradesh.

Dr. Khadruddin Khan,

Joint Director of Agriculture (Research), Andhra Pradesh.

Dr. Wahiuddin,

Headquarters Deputy Director of Agriculture (Researca).

Andhra Pradesh,

2. ASSAM, MANIPUR AND

SHRI L.K. HANDIQUE,

TRIPURA (SHILLONG)

Director of Agriculture, Assam.

SHRI S. MAJID,

Director of Agriculture, Assam.

Dr. S.R. BAROOHA,

Director of Agriculture, Assam.

3. Bihar

Dr. R. RICHARIA,

(SABOUR)

Principal, Agriculture College, Sabour.

SHRI R.S. ROY,

Principal, Agriculture College, Sabour.

4. KERALA

SHRI N. SHANKARA MENON,

(Trivandrum) Dire

Director of Agriculture, Kerala.

SHRI P.D. NAIR,

Director of Agriculture, Kerala.

5. Madhya Pradesh

(GWALIOR)

Dr. T.R. Mehta,

Principal, Agriculture College, Gwalior.

6. MADRAS

SHRI C.R. SHESHADRI,

(COIMBATORE)

Vice-Principal & Secretary, Research Council,

Agriculture College, Coimbatore.

SHRI P.A. VENKATESWARAN,

Vice-Principal & Secretary, Research Council,

Agriculture College, Coimbatore.

LATE SHRI M. BHAVANI SANKARA RAO,

Vice-Principal & Secretary, Research Council,

Agriculture College, Coimbatore.

SHRI T. NATARAJAN,

Agronomist & Secretary, Research Council,

Agriculture College, Coimbatore.

SHRI A.H. SARMA,

Extension Specialist & Secretary, Research Council,

Agriculture College, Coimbatore.

7. Maharashtra &

SHRI D.S. RANGA RAO,

GUJARAT (FORMER

Statistician, Department of Agriculture,

BOMBAY STATE)

Poona.

(Poona)

Owing to transfers and other changes more than one Regional Supervisor have been shown against several states as these officers have acted as Regional Supervisors during different periods from 1955 to 1962.

8. Mysore (Bangalore)

SHRI A. ANANT PADMANABHA RAU. State Statistican, Mysore State.

9. Orissa
(Bhubaneshwar)

Dr. U.N. Mohanty.
Dy. Director of Agriculture (H.Q.), Orissa.

10. Punjab, Jammu &

Kashmir and Himachal

Pradesh(Chandigarh)

Shri P.S. Sahota, Satistician, Department of Agriculture, Punjab.

11. Rajastan (Jaipur) SHRI. H.C. KOTHARI, Satistician, Department of Agriculture, Rajastan.

12. Uttar Pradesh (Lucknow)

DR. K. KISHEN, Chief Statistician to Govt. of U.P. Department of Agriculture, U.P.

13. West Bengal (Calcutta)

SHRI S.N. MUKHERJEE, Statistical Officer, Directorate of Agriculture, West Bengal.

DR. S. BASU,
Statistical Officer,
Directorate of Agriculture,

West Bengal.

ABBREVIATIONS COMMON TO EXPERIMENTS ON ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS AND EXPERIMENTS ON CULTIVATORS' FIELDS

Crop: In the top left corner is given the name of the crop on which the experiment is conducted. Within brackets along side the crop is mentioned the season wherever the information is available.

Ref:- Against the sub-title 'reference' is mentioned the name of the State, the year in which the experiment is conducted and the serial number of the experiment for that year given in brackets.

Abbreviations adopted for States are as follows:-

| A.P. As. | Andhra Pradesh Assam | Mn. Mh. | Manipur Maharashtra |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Bh. | Bihar | Ms. | Mysore |
| Dl. | Delhi | M.P. | Madhya Pradesh |
| Gj. | Gujarat | Or. | Orissa |
| ·H.P. | Himachal Pradesh | Pb. | Punjab |
| J.K. | Jammu & Kashmir | Rj. | Rajasthan |
| K. | Kerala | Tr. | Tripura |
| M. | Madras | U.P. | Uttar Pradesh |
| * . | | W.B. | West Bengal |

Repetition of the experiment in other years is indicated in the same line against 'reference' by stating the year and serial number for each repetition side by side e.g. UP. 53(19)/52(42)/51(20) etc.

Site: Name of the Research Station is mentioned along with the place where it is located, e.g. Agri. Res. Stn. for Agricultural Research Station.

For Central Institutes, the corresponding standard abbreviations have been adopted e.g I.A.R.I. for Indian Agricultural Research Institute.

Type: Abbreviations used against this item are one or more than one of the following:

C—Cultural; D—Control of Diseases and Pests; I—Irrigational; M—Manurial; R—Rotational; V—Varietal and X—Mixed cropping e.g. CM is to be read as Cultural-cum-Manurial.

Results: Information under this heading should be read against the following items:

(i) General mean. (ii) S.E. per plot. (iii) Result of test of significance. (iv) Summary table (s) with S.E. of comparison (s).

Abbreviations used in the text of the experiments:-

ac.—acre.

Ammo. Phos.—Ammonium Phosphate.

A/N—Ammonium Nitrate.

A/S—Ammonium Sulphate.

B.D.—Basal Dressing.

B.M.—Bone Meal.

C.L.—Cart load.

C.M.—Cattle Manure.

C/N—Chilean Nitrate.

C/S—Copper Sulphate.

F.M.—Fish Meal or Fish Manure.

F.W.C.—Farm Waste Compost.

F.Y.M.—Farm Yard Manure. N- Nitrogen.

G.M.—Green Manure. Nitro phos—Nitro phosphate.

G.N.C.—Groundnut cake. P—Phosphate.

K—Potash. Pot. Sul.—Potassium Sulphate.
lb.—Pounds. Super—Super Phosphate.
M.C.—Municipal Compost. T.C.—Town compost.

Mur. Pot.—Muriate of Potash. Za. Sul.—Zinc Sulphate.

BASAL CONDITIONS

Information under the above heading to be read against the following items:

A. For annual crops:

(i) (a) Crop rotation if any. (b) Previous crop. (c) Manuring of previous crop. (State amount and kind). (ii) (a) Soil type. (b) Soil analysis. (iii) Date of sowing/planting. (iv) Cultural practices. (a) Preparatory cultivation. (b) Method of sowing/planting. (c) Seed-rate. (d) Spacing. (e) No. of seedlings per hole. (v) Basal manuring with time and method of application. (vi) Variety. (vii) Irrigated or Unirrigated. (viii) Post-sowing/planting cultural operations. (ix) Rainfall during crop season (State name of the season along with the month). (x) Date of harvest.

B. For perennial crops:

(i) History of site including manuring and other operations. (i) (a) Soil type. (b) Soil analysis, (iii) Method of propagation of plants, (iv) Variety, (v) Date and method of sowing/planting. (vi) Age of seedling at the time of planting. (vii) Basal dressing with time and method of application. (viii) Cultural operations during the year. (ix) Inter cropping if any. (x) Irrigated or Unirrigated. (xi) Rainfall during crop season. (xii) Date of harvest.

C. For experiments on cultivators' fields:

(i) (a) Crop rotation, if any. (b) Previous crop. (c) Manuring of previous crop. (ii) Soil type in general. (iii) Basal manuring with time and method of application. (iv) Variety. (v) Cultural practices. (a) Preparatory cultivation. (b) Method of sowing. (c) Seed-rate. (d) Spacing. (e) No. of seedings per hole. (vi) Period of sowing/planting per hold. (vii) Irrigated or Unirrigated. (viii) Post-sowing/planting

DESIGN

cultural operations. (ix) Rainfall during crop season. (x) Period of harvesting.

Information under this heading to be read against the following items :

A. For annual crops:

(i) Abbreviations for designs: C.R.D.—Completely Randomised Design; R.B.D.—Randomised Block Design; L. Sq.—Latin Square; Confd.—Confounded; Fact.—Factorial. (other designs and modifications of the above to be indicated in full). (ii) (a) No. of plots per block. (b) Block dimensions (iii) No. of replications. (iv) Piot size. (a) Gross. (b) Net. (v) Border er guard rows kept. (vi) Whether treatments are randomised (separately in each block).

B. For perennial crops:

(i) Abbreviations for designs: C.R.D.—Completely Randomised Design; R.B.D.—Randomised Block Design; L. Sq.—Latin Square; Confd.—Confounded, (other designs and modifications of the above indicated in full). (ii) (1) No. of plots per block. (b) Block dimensions. (iii) No. of replications. (iv) No. of trees/plot, (v) Border or guard rows kept. (vi) Are treatments randomised.

C. For experiments on cultivators' fields:

(i) Method of selection of experimental sites. (ii) No. and distribution of experiments.

Ī

(iii) Plot size. (a) Gross. (b) Net. (iv) Whether treatments are randomised.

GENERAL

Information under this heading to be read against the following items:--

A. For annual crops:

(i) Crop conditions during growth with date of lodging, if any. (ii) Incidence of pests and diseases with control measures taken. (iii) Quantitative observations taken (iv) In case of repetition in successive years—(a) from what year to what year, (b) whether treatments were assigned to the same plots in the same manner every year, (c) reference to combined analysis, if any. (v) In case of repetition in other places, (a) names of the places along with reference. (b) reference to combined analysis, if any. (vi) Abnormal occurrences like heavy rains, frost, storm etc., if any. (vii) Any other important information.

B. For perennial crops:

(i) Crop condition during the year. (ii) Incidence of pests and diseases with control measures taken. (iii) Quantitative observations taken. (iv) In case of repetition in successive years—(a) from what year to what year, (b) reference to combined analysis, if any. (v) Abnormal occurrences like heavy rains, frost, storm etc., if any. (vi) Any other important information.

C. For experiments on cultivators' fields:

(i) Crop condition during growth. (ii) Incidence of pests and diseases with control measures taken. (iii) Quantitative observations taken. (iv) In case of repetition in successive years, (a) from what year to what year, (b) whether treatments were assigned to the same plots in the same manner every year, (c) reference to combined analysis, if any. (v) In case of repetition in other places names of places along with reference. (vi) Abnormal occurrences, like heavy rains, frost, storm etc., if any. (vii) Any other important information.

| Sl. No. | Name of Crop | Botanical name | Assamese | Bengali | Oriya | Telugu | Tamit | Malayalam | Kannada | Marathi | Gujarati | Hindi | Punjabi & Kashmiri |
|---------|--|---|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. | Paddy | Oryza sativa L. | Dhan | Dhan | Dhano | Vadlu, Biyyamu | Nel | Nellu | Bhatta | Bhat | Dangar | Dhan; Chawal | Shali |
| 2. | Wheat | Triticum Sativum Lamk ; Triticum aestivum L. | Gaum; Ghehu | Gam | Gaham | Godhumalu | Kothumai | Gotha- mbu | Godhi | Gahu | Ghahu | Gehon | Kanak |
| 3. | Jowar | Andropogon sorghum Brot ; Sorghum vulgare Pers. | *Barriage III ** Ballerian | Jowar | Juara | Jonna | Cholam | Cholam | Jola | Jowari ; Jondhla | Jowari ; Juar | Jowar ; Jaur | Jowar |
| 4. | Baj ra | Pennisetum typhoides stapf Ex Hubbard | | Bajra | Bajra | Sajja | Kambu | Kambu | Sajje | Bajri | Bajri | Вајга | Bajra |
| 5. | Maize | Zea mays L. | Gom- dhan | Bhutta | Macca | Mokka- jonna | Makka cholam | Cholam | Musukina jola | Makka | Makkai | Makka | Makki ; Makayec |
| 6. | Gram | Cicer arietinum L. | Butmah | Chola | Boot | Sanagalu | Kadalai ; Sundal Kadalai | Kadala | Kadale | Harbara | Chana | Chana | Chhole; Chana |
| 7. | Chinamug (Green gram) | Phoseolus aureus Roxb. | Magumah | Sonaring | Mong | Pachape- salu | | Cerupayaru ; Payaru | Hesaru | Mug ; Chinamug | Mag | Moong | Moong Mug |
| 8. | <i>Udid</i> (Błack gram) | Phoscolus mungo var. radiatus Linn | Matimah | Moshkalai | Birî | Mir umulu | Uzhundu | Uzhundu | Udđu | Udid | Udid ; Udad | Urd | Mash; Urd |
| 9. | <i>Tur</i> (Pigeon pea) | Cajanus Cajan Milsp : Cajanus indicus Sprengl. | Arhar | Arhar | Harad | Kandulu | Thuvarai | Thuyran payaru | Thogari | Tur | Tuver | Arhar | Harhar ; Arhar |
| 10. | <i>Wal</i> (Indian bean) | Dolichos lablab L. | Desi Urahi | Deski Shim | Jhata simba | Anapa | Mochabai | Ramacha | Avare | Wal | Wa) | Sem | Lobia desi |
| 11. | Lang (Chikling vetch) | Lathyrus Sailvas I. | Khosiri | Khesari | K.hesuri | Kesari Pappu | Kaesari paruppu | | Chikka- thogari | Lakh | Lang | Chaitri Mathri | |
| 12. | Sugarcane | Saecharum officinarum L. | Kubiar | Akh | | Cheruku | Karumbn | Karimbu | Kabbu | Oos | Sherdi | Ganna; Kamad; Naishakar | Kamad; Ganna; |
| 13. | Cotton | Gosrypium spp. | Kapah | Karpas; Tula | Kapa | Pratti | Paruthi ; | Paruthi | Hatti | Kapus | Kapas | Kapas | Eakh Kapah |
| 14. | Groundnut | Arachis hypogaea L. | China Badam | Cheena badam | China budam | Nelash- anga ; Veru Shanaya | Nilkadalai | Nilakk- adla | Kadale kayi | Bhui- mug | Magafali | Mung- phali | Mungfali |
| 15. | Chikoo (Sapota ; Sapodilla plum) | Ach as Sapota L. | Sopata | Sabeta : | Sopera | Sapota | Sapota : Seemai ellupai | Sapota | Sapota | Chiku | Chiko | Cheeku | Chiku |

VIII

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GUJARAT STATE

1. GENERAL.

The present Gujarat State came into existence on 1st May 1960 as result of bifurcation of the erst-while Bombay State into two states of Maharashtra & Gujarat. The State comprises of the 17 districts of Banaskantha, Mehsana, Sabarkantha, Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals, Baroda, Broach, Surat, Dangs, Amreli, Surendranagar, Rajkot, Jamnagar, Junagadh, Bhavnagar & Kutch. The State is bound by Rajasthan and West Pakistan on north, on east by Madhya Pradesh, on south by Maharashtra state and on west by Arabian Sea. The State has an area of 72,403 square miles (or 46.4 million acres). The area according to village papers (reporting area) is 44.9 million acres. The utilization of land area is as follows: (figures for 1956-57 for reporting area)

| | | Acres (000) |
|------|--|-------------|
| (1) | Land not available for cultivation. | 12,956 |
| (2) | Forests. | 2,109 |
| (3) | Permanent pastures. | 2,281 |
| (4) | Area under miscellaneous tree crops not | |
| • | included in net area sown. | 1,177 |
| (5) | Culturable waste. | 1,202 |
| (6) | Fallow lands other than current fallows. | 634 |
| (7) | Current fallows. | 1,113 |
| (8) | Net area sown. | 22,930 |
| (9) | Total cropped area. | 23,980 |
| (10) | Area sown more than once. | 1,050 |

2. PHYSICAL FEATURES, RAINFALL AND CLIMATE

Physiographically the state lies in Gujarat-Kathiawar sub-region in the Western Ghats and the coastal region. In this sub-region are included the northern divisions of the Bombay State to the north of the Damanganga river and comprises of the whole of Gujarat, Saurashtra and Kutch. The north-eastern high land regions consist of those portions of the Satpuras, the Vindhyas and the Gujarat-Malwa Hill ranges which focus the drainage of the eastern part of this sub-region on to the Gulf of Cambay by a fan of major rivers the most famous of which are the Narbada and the Tapti. 90% of the rainfall of this area occurs during the south-west monsoon season, viz, June to September. The southern Gujarat plain and the Tapti valley receive a moderate rainfall of 30" to 40" but towards the Satpura and the north-east high lands there is an increase due to relief. Further north in Gujarat there is a steady decline from 40" to 25" and along the Saurashtra coast it is only 20". Kutch is practically a semi-desert with less than 20" of rainfall.

The cold weather season commences in December and lasts till February or March. During this season the dry continental air from the north prevails over the sub-region and skies are generally clear except when in association with western disturbances, brief spells of cloudy weather prevail. January, February and March are marked by heavy dew and thick fog in the early mornings. The average early morning temperature is between 50° and 60° F and January is generally the coldest month when on occasions temperatures near the freezing point have been recorded. Deesa has once recorded a temperature of 28° F in January and Baroda, Rajkot and Dohad are other places in the area where the lowest temperature recorded has been 32° F or less.

March to May is a season of continuous increase of temperature and the days become oppressively hot. The maximum day temperature ranges between 95° and 105° F except in the Saurashtra coast where it ranges between 85° and 90° F. On indivdual days a temperature as high as 122° F has been recorded at Deesa during the month of May and Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Rajkot have seen 118° F during the same month. Thundershowers may occur 1-2 days during the whole season but the amount of rain received is very little. Winds are west to north-west only in March and April and south-west to west only in May and are stronger in the afternoons.

The south-west monsoon advances into this area by about the third week of June and withdraws by about the third week of Sepember. July is the rainiest month. Monsoon is active in July and August during which months depressions travel west to north-west wards from the north of the Bay of Bengal and give very heavy rain. Table I gives the seasonwise distribution of rainfall in different regions of Gujarat State.

TABLE 1
Seasonwise Normal Rainfall in inches for regions of Gujarat State

| Regions. | Monsoon (June to Sept. | Post monsoon) (Oct to Dec.) | | Pre-monsoon (March to May) | Total for the year. |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Bombay—Gujarat divisio | on 31.02 | 1.86 | | 0.33 | 33.21 |
| 2. Saurashtra division | 19.87 | 0.85 | Military Mades | 0.46 | 21,18 |
| 3. Kutch division | 12.44 | 0.47 | 0.12 | 0.43 | 13.46 |
| State (simple average) | 21.11 | 1.06 | 0.04 | 0.40 | 22.61 |
| | 1" = 25. | 4 mm. | | | |

The districts in Bombay—Gujarat division are—Surat, Broach, Baroda, Panch Mahals, Banaskantha Sabarkantha, Mehsana, Ahmedabad, Kaira and Amreli; in Saurashtra division are—Halar, Central Saurashtra, Zalawad, Gohilwad and Sorath and in Kutch division—Kutch.

3. SOILS

Bombay—Gujarat Division. A strip of alluvium soil about 10 to 15 miles wide is found along the coast of Surat and Broach districts, but most of the Broach and Surat districts is covered by deep black soil from trap, as in the western portion of Ahmedabad district. The soils in Broach are alluvial and deep. The prevailing soil in Surat is deep black cotton soil, though there are also typical light goral soils. The northern part of Ahmedabad, the eastern portion of Mehsana, and most of Kaira, Baroda and Armeli districts are covered by sandy soil from elder alluvium, locally known as goral or goralu. The alluvial gorulu soil of the Indo-Gangetic type found in Ahmedabad is very deep, grey to light brown in colour. In Baroda, Mehsana and Amreli, the soil is mainly alluvial. The main types distinguished are the deep black cotton heavy soils, the light coloured sandy goral soil, and the besar or mixed soils. In the valleys of Panch Mahals district the soil is dark coloured loam which is fairly deep and fertile.

Saurashtra Division. Black cotton and red soil predominates in Saurashtra. A strip of coastal alluvium 5 to 10 miles wide is found along the east and south coast. Besar or mixed soils of black and gorat are distributed widely in Saurashtra. These soils exhibit great variety in their chemical and mechancial composition. Coarse sandy soils of light colour is found in parts of Zalawad along the Rann of Kutch.

Kutch Division. The surface soils are generally brown or brownish black, and are of alluvial character with clayey or silvy clay texture. The high salt content of the soil is responsible for the barren-ness of the tract.

4. IRRIGATION

The state has nearly 1.36 million acres irrigated. The area irrigated by differen: sources is given below:—

TABLE 2

Area irrigated by different sources (figures for 1956—57)

| | Source | Area (000 acres) | % of total irrigated area |
|-----|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| (1) | Government Canals. | 130 | 9.61 |
| (2) | Private Canals. | 1 | 0.07 |
| (3) | Tanks | 69 | 5.10 |
| (4) | Wells | 1128 | 83.37 |
| (5) | Other sources. | 25 | 1.85 |
| | - | | |
| | Total. | 1353 | 100.00 |

5. AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION AND NORMAL CROPPING PATTERN.

Jowar, Wheat, Bajra, Paddy and pulses are the principal crops of the State. Gorat (i. e. red and black type of soil) is usually suitable for Jowar, Bajra, Cotton and pulses, etc., Kyari i.e. black and muddy type soil is retentive of moisture and grows rice in Kharif after which Rabi crops are taken. The area, production and yield per acre are given in table below:—

TABLE 3

Area, production and yield per acre of principal crops (fingure for 1958—59)

| | Crops | Area (000 acres) | Production (000 tons) | Yield lb./ac. |
|-----|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| (1) | Jowar. | 3,483 | 398 | 256 |
| (2) | Bajra. | 4,095 | 677 | 370 |
| (3) | Rice. | 1,158 | 437 | 845 |
| (4) | Wheat. | 1,003 | 314 | 701 |
| (5) | Pulses. | 1,151 | 157 | 306 |
| (6) | Groundnut. | 3,260 | 1,125 | 773 |
| (7) | Other oilseeds. | 682 | 74 | 243 |
| (8) | Cotton. @ | 4,565 | 1,297 | 111 |

[@] Production in '000 bales of 39 each.

6. AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENTATION AND RESEARCH FARMS.

Research on field crops is directed towards genetic improvement leading to evolution of high yielding, disease resistant strains of superior quality. At the same time agronomic aspects are studied and standard agricultural practices are evolved leading to higher yields.

There were 17 research farms which reported experiments on agronomic problems. Medium black, deep black, sandy loam, loamy, clayey loam are the types of the soils found in these stations. The research stations at Amreli and Surat are the principal stations. The Dohad farm is the oldest.

Maximum number of experiments was reported from the Surat farm. The next in order was the Amreli farm. At both of these stations the major crops on which the experiments are carried out are Jowar, Bajra, Wheat & Cotton. Experimentation on Jowar, Wheat & Cotton is carried out at almost all the farms. Farms at Bulsar, Dabhoi, Nawagaon, Vyara & Waghai conduct experiments on Paddy.

7. EXPERIMENTS

There were in all 198 experiments reported for the period 1948-53 from the Gujarat region. The distribution of these experiments according to crops and types of treatments tried is given in table below:—

TABLE 4.

Distribution of experiments according to crop and types of treatments tried.

| Стор | M | С | CV | CM | 1 | IM | D | Total |
|----------------|-----|---------|-----------|-----------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-------|
| Paddy | 18 | 13 | agente | 3 | Prop. | 35* | Man y | 34 |
| Wheat | 7 | 18 | 2 | - | 4 | 2001 | 1 | 32 |
| Jowar | 31 | 5 | - *** | 3 | | ave. 40 | 3 | 42 |
| Bajra | 8 | 2 | was. | _ | ajula cor | | | 10 |
| Maize | 1 | | *** | _ | | - | 204K | 1 |
| Pulses | 22 | 1 | Moder | monthly) | centr | S SPACE | Bry As | 23 |
| Sugarcane | 5 | -400 | 864 r | - | | 1 | More | 6 |
| Cotton | 9 | **** | MANUFACT. | 7 | ero filipe | - | *** | 16 |
| Groundnut | 6 | 5 | 2 | entering. | 60 -40 | wiffigur o Ar | MPA TEAN | 13 |
| Mixed Cropping | | reset | 2 Miles | | - | V | With the second | 13 |
| Rotational | | 847 847 | | ***** | **** | erena. | en e- | 2 |
| Chikoo | 6 | | | - | - | | | 6 |
| Total | 113 | 44 | 4 | 13 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 198 |

It can be seen from the above table that maximum number of experiments (52%) carried out were on Jowar crop which is major crop of the state and occupies nearly 5.5 million acres. Next in order is paddy crop, nearly 18% of the experiments being carried out on this crop which occupies about 1 million acres. Bajra which has nearly 4 million acres under it has only 10 experiments out of 198.

Nearly 58% of the experiments conducted are purely manurial and 23% are purely cultural. Considering individual crops it is seen that majority belongs to the manurial type of experiments.

Manurial experiments commonly found were to study the effect of application of P_2O_5 to leguminous crops on the succeeding cereal crops like Jowar, Wheat and Bajra. Leguminous crops were Groundnut, Udid and Gram. The rate of application of P_2O_5 as super varied from 50 lb./ac. to 150 lb./ac. Among the experiments usually found were to study the effects of N and P alone and in combination. The levels of N and P besides control varied from 15 lb./ac. to 64 lb./ac. to different cereal crops. The sources of N usually were A/S., G.N.C. and their mixture. The source of P_2O_5 was invariably super. Sometimes Farm Yard Manure also formed one of the factors along with N and P. The rate of application of F.Y.M. varied from 5 to 10 C.L./ac. to cereal crops.

The design usually adopted was in randomised blocks. The number of plots per block varied from 4 to 16. Split-plot design was next variety of design adopted for cultural type of experiments as well as for manurial-cum-cultural experiments. Number of mair-plots per replication varied from 2 to 6 and number of sub-plots per main-plot varied from 3 to 9. Number of replications varied from 2 to 6.

The gross plot size in a randomised block design varied from 1/100th of an acre to 1/33rd of an acre.

STATEMENT SHOWING DETAILS OF EXPERIMENTAL STATIONS (Gujarat State)

| SI. No. | Name of the experimental station, location, year of establishment, tract it represents and major crops. | of establishment, tract it in inches | | Irrigation facilities | No. of experiments | General description of topography of experimental area. |
|------------|---|--|---|--|--|---|
| 1 | 2 | | | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 1. | Amreli. Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli. Four furlongs from Amreli Rly. Stn. Year of establishment 1926. It represents Saurashtra type medium black. Major crops:- Jowar, Cotton, Bajra, Groundnut and Irrigated Wheat. | (1) Soil type: Medium black (2) Depth: 5'. (3) Colour: Medium black (4) Structure: Fine. (5) Soil analysis: Refer page 14. | June 5.23 July 4.16 Aug. 1.00 Sept. 4.92 Oct. — Nov. — Dec. — Jan. — Feb. — Mar. — April. — May — Total 15.31 Figure for the year | Irrigation by 2 wells out of 4. Kaccha water channel is used for irrigation. One well was installed with oil engine from 1951 and the other from 1948. Natural drainage. | Jowar — 4 Bajra — 6 Cotton — 6 Wheat — 2 Paddy — 2 Groundnut— 5 Udid — 2 Mixed crop— 2 Total — 29 | Area levelled. |

STATEMENT SHOWING DETAILS OF EXPERIMENTAL STATIONS

GUJARAT STATE (Contd.)

| 1. | 2 | | | 3 | | | | | 4 | | 5 | 6 | | 7 |
|----|---|--------|-----------|-------------------------|--------|-------|------------------|-----------|----------------------|--------------|-----|---------------|-----------|--|
| 2. | Arnej. Agri. Res. Stn. Distt. Ahmeda- bad. 2 furlongs from Arnej Rly. Stn. | ` - | | e : Medi ½' to 3'. (| | | - | | Jun e July | 3.93 6,55 | Nil | Wheat Gram | —12 —2 | There is variation of soils from plot to plot. |
| | Year of establishment: 1944. It repre- | • | | : Clayey. | | | . Cluck | to oluca. | Aug. | 7.81 | | Mixed | _ | The soils are lighter |
| | sents Bhal tract of Gujarat with medium | • , | oil analy | • - | | | | | Sept. | 5.22 | | | ing—2 | on the western side |
| | black soils. Major crops: Wheat and | (i) | Chemi | cal analys | is : | | | | Oct. | 0.68 | | | | of the farm than on |
| | Gram. | | | | | | | | Nov. | 0.06 | | Total | 16 | eastern side. |
| | | Depth | Total | CaCO ₃ | pН | Excl | hang e ab | le basis | Dec. | 0.02 | | | | |
| | | | salts | | | Ca | Mg | Na | Jan. | 0.12 | | | | |
| | | 0-9* | 0,29 | 10.0 | 8.55 | 25.00 | 2.50 | 3.0 | Feb. | | | | | |
| | | 9"-18" | 0.36 | 10.4 | 8.75 | 22.00 | 8,50 | 2,50 | Mar. | 0.11 | | | | |
| | | (ii) | Mecha | nical analy | ysis : | | | | April | 0.31 | | | | |
| | | | Depth | | Silt | | Clay | | May | 0.29 | | | | |
| | | | 0-9" | | 28.25 | | 38.00 |) | | | | | | |
| | | | 9"-18" | | 16.00 | | 40.00 |) | | 25.10 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Average of | 10 years | | | | |

1946—57.

STATEMENT SHOWING DETAILS OF EXPERIMENTAL STATIONS

GUJARAT STATE (Contd.)

| 1 | 2 3 | | 4 | | 5 | 6 | | 7 |
|----|---|--|----------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------------|
| 3. | Baroda: Agri. School and Res. Stn. 11 | 1. Broad soil type: Deep black and medium black. | June | 5.37 | Irrigation by well. There | Bajre | a_2. | The area of the farm |
| | miles from Baroda Railway Station. | 2. Depth: More than 6'. | July | 12.89 | are 3 wells installed with | | | land is 106 acres of |
| | Year of est. 1936. It represents Gorudu | 3. Colour; Light brown to light black. | Aug. | 18.76 | electric motor pumps for | | | which 84 acres are |
| | soil tract. Major crops: Bajra, Cotton, | 4. Structure: Friable and loose. | Sept. | 9.44 | irrigation facilities availa- | | | generally kept under |
| | Jowar, Wheat and vegetables. | 5. Soil analysis: Not available. | Oct. | 2.65 | ble from 1936. The soil | | | cultivation, and rest |
| | | • | Nov. | 0.17 | is well drained. | | | under roads, buildings |
| | | | Dec. | _ | | | | etc. |
| | | | Jan. | | | | | |
| | | | Feb. | | | | | |
| | | | March | | | | | |
| | | | April Man | 0.03 | • | | | |
| | | | May | 0.67 | | | | |
| | | | Total | 49.98 | | | | |
| 4. | Bhuwa: Agri. Res. Stn. Distt. Broach | Soil type: Black cotton soil and basar soil. | June | 4.24 | Irrigation by engine. Faci- | Jowar | — 8 | Most of the area |
| | 11 miles from Broach Rly. Stn. Year of | Soil analysis: N.A. | July | 10.51 | lities available since incep- | Wheat | — 4 | levelled. |
| | est. 1948. Major crops: Jowar, Tur, | | Aug. | 15.21 | tion. Proper drainage sys- | Chinamug | - 5 | |
| | Oilseed, Cotton and Wheat. It repre- | | Sept. | 6.27 | tem. | Lang | — 1 | |
| | sents Broach district. (Now shifted to | • | Oct. to | | • | Mixed | | |
| | Tanchha). | | May | Nil | | cropping | — 2 | |
| | | | Total | 32,00 | | Total | -18 | |
| 5. | Bulsar: Agri. Res. Stn. Distt. Surat. 1 | Soil type: Medium black. | Agnual rainf | all == 30° | Information not available. | Paddy | -12 | Information makes " |
| | mile from Bulsar Rly. Station. Year | Soil analysis: N.A. | - Addam Idilli | | antoimation not available. | Gram | — 3 | Information not avail- |
| | of est. 1945. Major crops: Paddy and | | | | | Wal | — 3 — 3 | able. |
| | Cotton. | | | | | *************** | J | |
| | | | | | | Total | 18 | |

| 1 | 2 3 | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|-----|---|--|---|------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| 6. | Dabhoi, Agri. Res. Stn. Distt. Baroda. | 1. Soil type: Clayey loam, black. | June 8.56 | Irrigation facilities avail- | Paddy —5 | This farm is little bit |
| | 1½ miles from Dabhoi Rly. Stn. Year of | 2. Depth: 3' with murum soil. | July 4.62 | able from 1938-1939 from | Jowar | on low lying side and |
| | establishment; 1938-1939. It represents | 3. Colour : Black | Aug. 7.03 | Canal. There is no special | Cotton —2 | being black in nature |
| | middle Gujarat Zone. | 4. Structure : good. | Sept. 12.39 | drainage system but when | Mixed | it takes a long dura- |
| | Major crops: Cotton, Paddy, Wheat | 5. Soil analysis: | Oct. 4.50 | needed it is to be exca- | cropping -2 | tion for Vapasa con- |
| | Jowar and Tur etc. | (i) Chemical analysis: (% for various consti- | Nov. 0.10 | vated during the monsoon | Minute States Married Wild paper 1970 Wild Wild States | dition. |
| | | tuents). | Dec. to | for removing the water | Total -10 | |
| | | Moisture 3.50 | May Nil. | from the low lying area. | | |
| | | Nitrogen 0.05 Available P_2O_5 (mg) 19.20 Available K_2O (mg) 28.09 Ca Co_3 00.15 Soluble salts 0.11 | Total 37.20 | | | |
| | | pH value 7.6 (ii) Mechanical Analysis—not done. | | | | |
| 7. | Deesa : Agri. Res. Stn. Dist. Banas- | 1. Soil type: Sandy learn. | June 0.02 | No irrigation facilities and | Groundnut -1 | Plain. |
| , - | kantha. Year of establishment; 1953, It | 2. Depth: indefinite. | July 5.73 | no drainage system. | Bajra — I | |
| | represents Banaskantha district. Major | 3. Colour : Yellowish. | Aug. 1.66 | | dante money makes brings thereo eller spread distri | |
| | crops: Bajra, Makki and Guwar etc. | 4. Structure: Pure coarse sandy learn loose and | Sept. 4.30 | | Total -2 | |
| | • | driable. | Oct. 2.65 | | | |
| | | 5. Soil analysis: | Nov. to | | | |
| | | (i) Chemical analysis. | March Nil. | | | |
| | | pH Total salts CaCO ₂ Calcium Mg Na and | April 0.07 | | | |
| | | $%$ K_2O . | May Nil. | | | |
| | | 8.34 0.034 0.74 2 3 1.1 | | | | |
| | | (ii) Mechanical analysis: Silt clay 4.80 12.50 | Total 14.43 figures for the year 1958-1959. | | | |

| 1 | . 2 | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | 6 | | 7 | | |
|----|--|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-------|-----------------|
| 8. | Dohad. Agri, Res. Stn. Distt. Panch | | Soil two : Lie | ght brown and | medium black | June | 4.65 | In Rabi season there is | Wheat | 5 | Information not |
| • | Mahals, 3 miles from Dohad Rly, Stn. | | Depth: 3'. | gut blown and | medium olack. | July | 8.33 | irrigation. Facilities avail- | Groundnut | 3 | available. |
| | Year of establishment 1938—1939. It | | • | t brown and me | adium black | Aug. | 9.26 | able since inception. Water | . Maize | 1 | |
| | represents rocky and stony tract. | | Structure: Pa | | edidin olack. | Sept. | 11.00 | drain surrounding the | Mixed cropp | ing 1 | |
| | Major crops: Maize, Wheat, Gram and | | Soil analysis: | | | Oct. | 3.35 | plots have been dug but | | | |
| | Paddy. | ٧. | (Refer pag | | | Nov. | 0. 67 | there is no mechanical | Total | 10 | |
| | ruddy. | | (Refer pag | , | | Dec. | 0.02 | arrangement on this side. | | | |
| | | | | | | Jan. | 0.02 | urrangement ou this side. | | | |
| | | | | | | Jan. Feb. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 0.07 | | | | |
| | | | | | | March | 0.07 | | | | |
| | | | | | | April May | 0.02 | | | | |
| | | | | | | iviay | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Total | 3 7.75 | | | | |
| | | | | | | (Average of | 5 years) | | | | • |
| | | | | | | _ | | | CI V | 6 | N.A. |
| 9. | Gandevi. Fruit Res. Stn. Distt. Surat, | | Soil type: O | ld alluvium. | | June | 10.0 | Yes | Chikoo | O | N.A. |
| | situed at a distance of about 1½ miles | | Depth: 20'. | | | July | 28.0 | No proper drainage | | | |
| | from Gandevi town. Year of establish- | 3. | Colour: Gor | udu. | | Aug. | 18.0 | system. | | | |
| | ment 1937-1938. It represents the | 4. | Structure: H | ard. | | Sep. | 9.0 | | | | |
| | entire fruit crop area of gorudu type. | | Soil analysis | : | | Oct. | 1.5 | | | | |
| | Major crops: Mango and chikoo fruit | | Chemical anal | lysis : (percent, | | Nov. | 0.5 | | | | |
| | crops. | N | Total P ₂ O ₅ | Total K ₂ O | Organic matter | Dec. to | | | | | |
| | | 0.57 | 0.095 | 0.304 | 0.057 | April | | | | | |
| | | | | | | May | 0.5 | | | | |
| | | | Mechanical a | nalysis (percent | | | | | | | |
| | | C 01 | irse fine | Silt Clay | CaCO ₃ S.T.S.S. | Total | 67.5 | | | | |
| | | sa | | | | Average ove | | | | | |
| | | 2.4 | 53 83 | 14 22 21.90 | Nil 0.04 | 1950-51 to 19 | 58-59. | | | | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|-----|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| 10. | Harij. Agri. Res. Stn. Distt. Mehsana 1½ miles from Harij Rly. Stn. Year of establishment 1941—42. It represents sandy loam soil having salt content to considerable amount. Major crops: Kharif: Bajra, Jowar and Udid. Rabi: Wheat and Gram | Soil type: Sandy loam. Depth: 10-15 ft. Colour: Brownish white. Structure. Loamy. Soil analysis: Not available. | June 1.04 July 3.94 Aug. 2.24 Sept. 5.42 Oct. 0.98 Nov. 0.15 Dec. to May Nil, Total 13.77 Figures for the year 1958-1959. | No irrigation facilities. The experimental area is divided by 5 big drains and sub-drains to leach out the salts. | Jowar 2 | The experimental area of the farm is normally levelled and having slopes to some extent on Southern side. |
| 11. | Junagadh: Agri Res. Stn. Distt: Sorath. Year of establishment: 1950—51. It represents medium black soils of Southern part of Rajkot Division. Major crops: Jowar, Bajra, Cotton, Vegetables and Wheat. | 1. Soil type: Medium black. 2. Depth: 0" to 3'. 3. Structure: Crum. 4. Soil analysis: (i) Chemical analysis: (%). T.S.S. CaCO ₃ pH Org. Car N ₂ Avl. P ₂ O ₅ 0.19 1.40 7.9 1.5 0.11 1.50 Avl. K ₂ O Exchangeable Ca Exchangeable Mg. 4.1 (ingum) 38.9 (mili Eq.) 6.5 mili equivalent. (ii) Mechanical analysis: (%) Coarse sand Finesand Silt Clay 2.99 44.13 24.3 42.43 | June 6.7 July 19.2 Aug. 4.7 Sept. 8.5 Oct. 3.5 Nov. to May Nil. Total 42.6 Average of the figures 1956—60 | Since 1956-57 facilities are available for 60 acres. The soils are well drained. Drains for diverting surplus rain water have been opened on the farm area. | Groundnut4 Mixed cropping -2 Rotational1 Total7 | The plots are more or less levelled. |

-

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|-----|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------------------|
| 12. | Nawagam: Agri, Res. Stn. Distt. Kaira, 11 miles from Baredji Rly. Stn. Year of establishment 1945. Major crops Paddy. | | Annual rainfall 25". | Canal Irrigation. | Paddy—7 | Information not available. |
| 13. | Surat: Agri. Res. Stn. Distt. Surat. Year of establishment: 1895. Major crops: Cotton, <i>Jowar</i> , <i>Tur</i> and <i>Til</i> . It represents black cotton soil tract. | Soil type: Black cotton soil. Depth: 4' to 6'. Colour: Black with sticky yellow sub-soil. Structure: Clay silt (62%). Soil analysis: | Sept. 13.30 Oct. 1.09 | Irrigation from Kakrapora canal from 1958—59. The soil is properly drained. | Jowar—24 Tur — 6 Cotton— 8 Mixed cropping 1 | Information not available. |
| | | (i) Chemical analysis: (%) N P_2O_5 K_2O CaO 0.023 to 0.043 0.051 0.0263 to 0.610 0.19 to 1.: (ii) Mechanical analysis: Soil surface Clay and silt Fine sand Stone, & gra 9" 62% 35% 33% | 52 Jan. 0.01 Feb. 0.01 sand Mar. 0.08 vel April 0.00 | | Total—39 | |
| | | | Total. 43.72 | | | |

,...

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|-----|---|---|---|--|--|-------------------------------|--|
| 14. | Vijapur: Agri. Res. Stn. Distt. Mehsana. Near Vijapur Railway Station. Year of establishment: 1944. Major crops: Wheat, Bajra, Pulses and Cotton. | Soil type: Sandy soil. Depth: 6". Colour: Brown. Structure: Sandy. Soil analysis: Not available. | June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. to April May | 5.00 15.00 12.00 8.00 2.00 0.50 Nil 0.50 | Irrigation by tube-well since 1944. Drainage is not required for this area, because the soil is very percolative. | Wheat — 9 Bajra — 1 Total —10 | The farm is generally on the high level of the round about area. The soil is levelled. |
| | | | Total | 43.00 | | | |
| 13- | Viramgam: Agri, Res. Str. Distr. Ahmedabad, 1½ miles from Viramgam Rly Stn. year of establishment: 1922. It represents North Gujarat tract. Major crops: Cetton, Bajra, Jowar, Wheat etc. | Soil type: Clay, medium, black and varying much in depth. Depth: Average 40". Colour: Greyish black (kali-basar). Siructure: Cloddy, clods breaking to fine crumbs. Soil analysis: Refer next page. | June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. March April | 2.44 7.33 6.39 5.16 0.78 0.09 0.03 0.10 0.06 | Irrigation by a bore well filled with pump is done in emergency as the water is suitable for irrigation. No proper drainage. | Jowar 3 | The area is quite flat. |
| | | | May Total | 0.03 22.41 | | | |

13

STATEMENT SHOWING DETAILS OF EXPERIMENTAL STATIONS GUJARAT STATE (Contd.)

| ! | | 2 | | | 3 | | | 4 | 5 | | 6 | | 7 |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|--|---------------------------------|---------------|--|-------------------|---|----------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | CHEMICA | AL AND MEC | CHANICAL A | NALYSIS AC | GRI. RES. S | STN. VIRAMGAM | | | | |
| Soil depth | pН | Total soluble | Calcium | Exchangeab | le bases in mill. | i-equivalents | F | ertility cons | | C/N | Mechanical co | = | Remarks |
| | | salts ' | carbonate | Ca | Mg | Na+ K | Organic carbon | Total Nitrogen | Available P ₂ O ₅ mg | ratio | Silt | Clay | |
| | | | | P | ercent on fine i | matter | | | | | -Percent on fir | ne matter | |
| 0"13" | 8.53 | 0.15 | 11.2 | 22.0 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 0.408 | 0.056 | 10.92 | 7.3 | 8.75 | 25.75 | |
| 13″—23″ | 8.61 | 0.19 | 15.6 | 28.5 | 4.5 | 1.0 | | | | | 9.25 | 32.00 | |
| 23"32" | 8.66 | 0.19 | 15.2 | 29.5 | 5.0 | 1.0 | untrippin | | | ******* | 10.00 | 32.50 | |
| 32*42* | 8.61 | 0.15 | 28.8 | 20.5 | 5.0 | 1.0 | - | | | | 10.00 | 22.50 | |
| 42"—50" | 8.63 | 0.11 | 32.8 | 18.5 | 4,0 | 0.5 | inju | منتجه | ÷ | منتد | 8.25 | 14.00 | |
| Res. S 1935. It the Sur | tn. Vyara. Y t represents | n. Distt. Surat. Agri ear of establishmen black cotton soil of jor crops: Sugarcan tc. | t. 2. Depth 3. Colou e, 4. Struc 5. Soil a (i) Cher | ar: Black. ture: Clayey. nalysis: mical analysis: ime: 2.0 $^{\circ}_{2}O_{5}$: 0.005 | N.A. to 5.0 % to 0.01% to 0.06% | | June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. to March April | Nil 0.8 | Irrigation facilities ble from the begin the farm. No system. | nning of | Sugarcane — 6 Paddy — 5 Total — 11 | in gen lar. A from There i in so some | e of the farm is eral rectangual slight slope west to eas is no variation if except that western partiarm is stoney. |
| | | | | t available | s : | | May Total Figures for 1958 (Jan1 | - | | | | | |
| | : Agri. Res. ent : 1948. | Stn. Year of est- | | pe: Black and details not ava | | soil. | Informatio | · · · | No irrigation | • | Paddy3 | | N.A. |

Agricultural Research Station, Amreli (Soil Analysis Report)

| Description | Α | В | С | Д |
|---|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------|
| | Percent on o | riginal samples | | |
| Stones | 6.22 | 6.86 | 6.75 | 5.44 |
| | Percent on air | dry fine sample | | |
| Moisture | 8.44 | 10.04 | 9,42 | 8.54 |
| Loss on ignition | | | | |
| (excluding moisture) | 6.28 | 7.24 | 8.74 | 5.74 |
| Calcium Carbonate | | | | |
| (CaCO ₃) | 5.80 | 5.00 | 5.60 | 4.80 |
| Nitrogen | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.07 |
| | Percent on d | ry fine sample | | |
| Mechanical analysis | | • | | |
| (i) (coarse sand) | 10.94 | 17.76 | 13.24 | 10.92 |
| Fine sand (by diff.) | 15.46 | 27.12 | 29.56 | 23.20 |
| Silt | 24.80 | 32.7 2 | 36.20 | 31.06 |
| Clay | 40.8 0 | 22.40 | 21.00 | 34.40 |
| | Mam/100 gms. | , of dry fine matter. | | |
| Available phosphoric acid | | | | |
| (P_2O_5) | 12.00 | 24.60 | 23.80 | 18.00 |
| Available potash (K ₂ O) | 11.00 | 20.00 | 22.00 | 8.00 |
| pH value | 8.30 | 8.50 | 8.50 | 8.60 |
| | Water a | nalysis report | | |
| Description | | Well Water | | Well Water. |
| | | 'A' | | ,B, |
| | | Parts per 100,00 | 0 parts of water | ers. |
| Sol. salts. | | 67.60 | | 78.20 |
| Sodium carbonate (Na ₂ CO ₃) | | 3.45 | | 3.45 |
| Calcium carbonate (CaCO ₃) | | 26.63 | | 32.57 |
| Magnesium carbonate (Mg CO ₃) | | 6.58 | | 7.33 |
| Magnesium Sulphate (Mg SO ₄) | | 12.50 | | 12.05 |
| Magnesium chloride (Mg Cl ₂) | | | | 2.08 |
| Sodium chloride | | 17.23 | | 16.12 |
| pH value | | 8.75 | | 8 80 |
| Agricultural R | esearch Station, | Dohad (Results of so | it analysis) | |
| | Chamie | al Arabeia | | • |

Chemical Analysis

Percentage of different constituents analysed for :

| Depth in inches | 04* | 4-11* | 11-21" | 21-40" | | | |
|---|-------|---------------------|--------|--------|--|--|--|
| Moisture | 0.71 | 1.86 | 2,36 | 2,58 | | | |
| Loss on ignition (excluding | | | | | | | |
| moisture) | 7.69 | 7.55 | 7.99 | 8,65 | | | |
| CaCO ₃ | trace | trace | trace | trace | | | |
| Total K ₂ O | 0.41 | 0.41 | 0.34 | 0.44 | | | |
| Total P ₂ O ₅ | 0.127 | 0.130 | 0.117 | 0.058 | | | |
| Total N | 0.070 | 0,062 | 0.034 | 0.034 | | | |
| Available K2O | 0.024 | 0.016 | 0.014 | 0.021 | | | |
| Available P ₂ O ₅ | 0.058 | 0.044 | 0.023 | 0.009 | | | |
| | (Mili | equivalent percent) | | | | | |
| Exchangeable Ca | 14.00 | 17.00 | 18.50 | 21.50 | | | |
| Exchangeable Mg | 2.00 | 3.00 | 4.00 | 2.00 | | | |
| Exchangeable Na | 2.30 | 1.50 | 1.30 | 1.30 | | | |
| Exchangeable K | 0.79 | C.68 | 0.56 | 1.54 | | | |
| Total exchangeable bases sum | of | | | | | | |
| the above | 19.09 | 22.18 | 24.36 | 25,34 | | | |
| pH value | 7.80 | 7.69 | 7.80 | 7.80 | | | |
| Mechanical analysis | | | | | | | |

Percent on air dry fine matter

| Depth in inches | 0-4" | 411" | 11-21* | 21-40* |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------|--------|
| Moisture | 1.71 | 1.86 | 2.36 | 2,58 |
| Carbonates (CaCO ₃) | | gent s | | A |
| Organic matter | 5.93 | 5.67 | 5.54 | 6.07 |
| Clay | 30.75 | 25 .75 | 23.00 | 33.25 |
| Silt | 17.0 0 | 21.50 | 18.50 | 21.50 |
| Fine sand (estimated by difference) | 41.26 | 43.22 | 38.30 | 33.57 |
| Coarse sand | 3.30 | 2.00 | 2.30 | 3.03 |

Crop :- Paddy (Kharif)

Ref. :- Gj. 50(79)

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Paddy (with a basal dose of F.Y.M.).

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(1) (a) N.A. (b) Groundnut-Bajra. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 19.7.1950. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 34 lb./ac. (d) between rows-18"; between plants—irregular. (e) N.A. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. was spread on 16.5.1950. (vi) Local (early) (vii) Irrigated. (viii) Weedings on 4, 24 and 25.8.1950; interculturing on 25.8.1950. (ix) 21.90". (x) 11, 12.11.1950.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=32$, $N_2=64$ and $N_3=96$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=32$, $P_2=64$ and $P_3=96$ lb./ac.

N as G.N.C. and P_2O_5 as Super. Manures were spread on 20.7.1950.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $33'\times18'$; (b) $25'\times12'$. (v) $4'\times3'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950-1956. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 2512 lb./ac.
- (ii) 359.2 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N ₀ · | N ₁ | N_2 | N_3 | Mean |
|----------------|------------------|----------------|-------|-------|------|
| P_0 | 2880 | 2668 | 2195 | 2737 | 2620 |
| P ₁ | 2 466 | 2870 | 2752 | 2500 | 2647 |
| P ₂ | 2294 | 2515 | 2511 | 2185 | 2376 |
| P ₃ | 2323 | 2658 | 2175 | 2456 | 2403 |
| Mean | 2491 | 2678 | 2408 | 2470 | 2512 |

S.E. of marginal mean of N or P

=89.8 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=179.6 lb./ac.

Crop: Paddy.

Ref. :- Gj. 53(29)

Site : Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type:-:M'.

Object:—To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Paddy (with a basal dose of F.Y.M.).

1, BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Cotton. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 25.6.1953. (iv) (a) 1 ploughing and 3 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) 40 lb./ac. (d) 18". (e) N.A. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. in the month of May. (vi) Local (medium). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) Weeding thrice and interculturing thrice. (ix) 34.25". (x) 20.10.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=32$, $N_2=64$ and $N_3=96$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=32$, $P_2=64$ and $P_3=96$ lb./ac.

N as A/S applied in single dose by broadcasting and P₂O₅ as Super applied in single dose in furrows by drilling.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact, in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $33'\times18'$. (b) $25'\times12'$. (v) $4'\times3'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950—1956. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) Dabhoi, and Amreli. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) The experiments were vitiated in 1951 and 1952.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 2181 lb./ac.
- (ii) 368.8 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effect of N alone is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N_0 | N_1 | N_{2} | N ₃ | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|---------|----------------|-------|
| P ₀ | 1901 | 2153 | 2442 | 2090 | 2146 |
| P ₁ | 1844 | 2174 | 2625 | 2296 | 22.35 |
| P_2 | 2053 | 2165 | 2165 | 2335 | 2179 |
| P ₃ | 1983 | 1967 | 2448 | 2255 | 2 64 |
| Mean | 1946 | 2115 | 2420 | 2244 | 2481 |

S E. of marginal mean of N or P

=92.2 lb./ac.

S.E of body of table

=184.4 lb., ac.

Crop: Paddy. (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 51(170).

Site: Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of leguminous crop Gram grown with and without P2O5 on the succeeding cereal crop Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Gram. (b) Gram. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) 9"×9" (e) 8 seedlings per bunch. (v) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) 59.63" (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no P₂O₅)
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 3. 100 lb /ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 5. Fallow in Rabi.

These treatments are applied to the previous legurainous crop Gram.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $24' \times 18'$. (b) $15' \times 9'$. (v) $4\frac{1}{2}'$ ring round the net plot. (v_i) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1949 (Rabi) to 1952 (Rabi) (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 1508 lb./ac.
- (ii) 229,9 lb./ac.
- (iii Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1, | 1553 |
| 2. | 1436 |
| 3. | 1480 |
| 4. | 1525 |
| 5. | 1545 |
| S.E./mean | =102.8 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Paddy.

Ref :- Gj. 52(193).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of a leguminous crop Gram grown with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy—Gram. (b) Gram. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iv) (a), (b), (c) N.A. (d) 9"×9". (e) 8 seedlings/bunch. (v) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) 59.87". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no P₂O₅)
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super.
- 5. Without legume (sown in Kharif and fallow in Rabi).

These treatments are applied to the previous leguminous crop Gram.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $24' \times 18'$. (b) $15' \times 9'$. (v) $4\frac{1}{2}'$ ring round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1949 (Rabi) to 1952 (Rabi). (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1259 lb./ac.
- (ii) 216.5 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|---------------|
| 1. | 1362 |
| 2. | 1153 |
| 3. | 1284 |
| 4. | 1227 |
| 5. | 1270 |
| S.E./mean | =96.8 lb./ac. |

Crop : Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 49(99).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type :- 'M'.

Ct ject:—To study the effect of a leguminous crop Wal grown with and without P_2O_5 on the succeeding crop Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a Paddy—Wal. (b) Wal in rabi. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) $9'' \times 9''$. (e) 8 seedlings/bunch. (v) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) 98.05''. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no P₂O₅).
- 2. 50 lb/ac. of P2O5 as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 5. Fallow (sown in Kharif and fallow in Rabi).

P₂O₅ applied to previous crop Wal.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $24' \times 18'$. (b) $15' \times 9'$. (v) $4\frac{1}{2}'$ ring round the rest plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) Nil. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) 1949 (Rabi) to 1952 (Rabi). (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 2492 lb./ac.
- (ii) 182.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield | | |
|-----------|----------------|--|--|
| 1. | 2472 | | |
| 2. | 2525 | | |
| 3. | 2468 | | |
| 4. | 2686 | | |
| 5. | 2307 | | |
| S.E./mean | = 81.7 lb./ac. | | |

Crop :- Paddy (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 50(125).

Site:- Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of leguminous crop Wal grown with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Gram. (b) Wal in Rabi. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) 9"×9". (e) 8 seedlings/bunch. (v) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) 62.47". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no P₂O₅).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 5. Without legume (sown in Kharif and fallow in Rabi).

These treatments are applied to the previous leguminous crop Wal and the residual effect on paddy is studied this year.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $24' \times 18'$. (b) $15' \times 9'$. (v) $4\frac{1}{2}'$ ring round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1949 (Rabi) to 1952 (Rabi), (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 3391 lb./ac.
- (ii) 226.5 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-------------------|
| 1. | 3452 |
| 2 | 3384 |
| 3. | 3416 |
| 4. | 3513 |
| 5. | 3190 |
| S.E /mean | = 101.37 lb./ac. |

Crop:-Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 51(169).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of leguminous crop Wal grown with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy—Wal. (b) Wal in Rabi. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a), (b) and (c) N.A. (d) 9"×9". (e) 8 seedlings/bunch. (v) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) 50.63". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no P2O5).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super.
- Without legume (sown in Kharif and fallow in Rabi).
 P₂O₅ applied to previous crop Wal.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $24' \times 18'$. (b) $15' \times 9'$. (v) $4\frac{1}{2}'$ ring round the net plot, (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1949 to 1952 (Rabi). (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1950 lb./ac.
- (ii) 614.0 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield | |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1. | 1916 | |
| 2. | 1972 | |
| 3. | 1763 | |
| 4. | 2049 | |
| 5. | 2049 | |
| S.E./mean | =274.5 lb./ac. | |

Crop: Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 52(197).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of leguminous crop Wal grown with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy—Wal. (b) Wal in Rabi. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) 9"×9". (e) 8 seedlings/bunch. (v) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) 59.87". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no P₂O₅).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 4. Without legume (sown in *Kharif* and fallow in *Rabi*.

 Treatments given to the previous leguminous crop *Wal*.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $24' \times 18'$. (b) $15' \times 9'$. (v) $4\frac{1}{2}'$ ring round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1949 to 1952 (Rabi). (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) N.A.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1494 lb./ac.
- (ii) 241.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield | |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1, | 1560 | |
| 2. | 1528 | |
| 4. | 1343 | |
| 3. | 1512 | |
| 5. | 1529 | |
| S.E./mean | = 108.0 lb./ac. | |

Crop : Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 51(146).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Dabhoi.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To find out the N and P2O5 requirements of Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy—Gram. (b) Gram. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dabhoi. (iii) 30.6.1951. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) N.A. (d) Between rows 15". (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) K.226. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) 20.81". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=32$, $N_2=64$ and $N_3=96$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=32$, $P_2=64$ and $P_3=96$ lb./ac.

N as A/S and P_2O_5 as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $31'\times25'$. (b) $26'\times20'$. (v) $2\frac{1}{2}'$ ring round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1951—N.A. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Bulsar, (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS

- (i) 3831 lb./ac.
- (ii) 317.5 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only main effect of N is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N_0 | N_1 | N_2 | N_3 | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|--------------|-------|------|
| Po | 3738 | 4094 | 3769 | 3790 | 3848 |
| P_1 | 3329 | 4073 | 4293 | 3895 | 3897 |
| P ₂ | 3581 | 4116 | 3853 | 3854 | 3851 |
| P ₃ | 3392 | 3822 | 3 863 | 3832 | 3727 |
| Mean | 3510 | 4026 | 3 945 | 3843 | 3831 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

= 79.4 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=158.7 lb./ac.

Crop :- Paddy (Kharif).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Dabhoi.

Ref : Gj. 52(169).

Type: 'M'.

Object: - To find out the N and P₂O₅ requirements of Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy—Gram. (b) Gram. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dabhoi. (iii) 16.7.1952, (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled (c) 25 lb./ac. (d) 15" apart. (e) N.A. (v) K.226. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) 3 weedings and interculturings. (ix) 28.53". (x) 3.12.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=32$, $N_2=64$ and $N_3=96$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=32$, $P_2=64$ and $P_3=96$ lb./ac.

N as A/S and P₂O₅ as Super. Manures applied on 16.9.1952.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in. R B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $30'\times25'$. (b) $23'\times15'$. (v) 5' ring round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) 1951—N.A. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Bulsar, and Amreli. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 4197 lb./ac.
- (ii) 464.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N_0 | N ₁ | N ₂ | N ₃ | Mean |
|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| P ₀ | 4429 | 4256 | 4102 | 4275 | 4265 |
| P ₁ | 4038 | 4547 | 4256 | 3920 | 4190 |
| P ₂ | 4683 | 4193 | 4238 | 3703 | 4204 |
| P ₃ | 4075 | 3875 | 4202 | 4365 | 4129 |
| Mean | 4306 | 4218 | 4199 | 4066 | 4197 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

=116.2 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=232.3 lb./ac.

Crop:-Paddy (Kharif).
Site: Agri. Res Stn., Dabhoi.

Ref :-Gj. 53(145). Type :-'M'.

Object:—To find the N and P2O5 requirements of Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Paddy. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dabhoi. (iii) 20.6.1953 4 to 8.8.1953. (iv) (a) 3 ploughings and 2 harrowings. (b) Transplanting. (c) — (d) 15". (e) N.A. (v) 5 C.L /ac of P.Y.M. (vi) K. 226. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) Weeding between 4 and 6.9.1953. (ix) 45.25". (x) 18.11.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=32$, $N_2=64$ and $N_3=96$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=32$, $P_2=64$ and $P_3=96$ lb./ac.

N as A/S and P₂O₅ as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) $240'\times50'$. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $30'\times25'$. (b) $20'\times14'$. (v) 5' all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Above normal. (ii) The plots receiving high doses of N were attacked by stem-borer. The extent of damage is about 10%. (iii) Weight of grain and straw. (iv) (a) 1951—1955. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Bulsar and Amreli. (b) N.A. (vi) The crop was transplanted as drilling was impossible due to continuous rains. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 2881 lb./ac.
- (ii) 593.9 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| , | N ₀ | N_1 | N ₂ | N ₈ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|------|
| Po | 2895 | 3082 | 2541 | 2886 | 2851 |
| P ₁ | 2948 | 3231 | 3022 | 2559 | 2940 |
| P ₂ | 2759 | 3352 | 3212 | 2568 | 2973 |
| P ₃ | 2378 | 2735 | 3004 | 2913 | 2758 |
| Mean | 2745 | 3100 | 2945 | 2732 | 2881 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

-148.4 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=296.8 lb./ac.

Crop :- Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 48(67).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Vyara.

Type :-'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of A/S and Ammo. Phos. on the yield of Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) to (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Black soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Vyara. (iii) 18.6.1948./3, 6.8.1948. (iv) (a) and (b) N.A. (c) 60 lb./bigha. (d) and (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) K. 226 (late). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) 2 weedings. (ix) N.A. (x) 24.11.1948.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)+a control (no manure)

- (1) 2 sources of N: $S_1 = A/S$ and $S_2 = Ammo$. Phos.
- (2) 2 levels of N: $N_1=30$ and $N_2=60$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 3. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) 112'×12'. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) No. (b) and (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1423 lb./ac.
- (ii) 193.8 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only 'Control vs others' is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

Control =752 lb./ac.

| | N ₁ | N ₂ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| S ₁ | 1506 | 1648 | 1577 |
| Sg | 1437 | 1774 | 1606 |
| Mean | 1471 | 1711 | |

S.E. of any marginal mean

= 79.1 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=111.9 lb./ac.

Crop:-Paddy (Kharif). Site:-Agri. Res. Stn., Vyara. Ref :-Gj. 50(28).

Type :-'M'.

Object:—To find out the effect of application of N and P2O5 through Sann on Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

- (i) (a) Paddy-paddy. (b) Paddy (Kharif). (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Vyara.
- (iii) 14.6.1950/20 and 21.7.1950. (iv) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) $6'' \times 6''$. (e) 4. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.
- (vi) Zinia-31 (early). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) 2 weedings. (ix) 74.20". (x) 4.11.1950.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

4 levels of N as A/S: $N_0=0$, $N_1=40$, $N_2=60$ and $N_3=80$ lb./ac.

Sub-plot treatments:

All combinations of (1) and (2) +a control (Only green manuring without P_2O_5)

- 1. 3 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_1=20, P_2=30$ and $P_3=40$ lb./ac.
- 2. 2 methods of application of P_2O_5 (directly and indirectly): $M_1=P_2O_5$ applied to Sann and Sann used as green manuring to paddy (indirectly). $M_2=P_2O_5$ applied to paddy (directly).

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 4 main-plots/block; 7 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) Main-plot: 33'×112'; Sub-plot: 33'×16'. (b) 27'×10'. (v) 3' ring round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Normal. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1950-1952. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil.
- (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil,

- (i) 2674 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 531.2 lb./ec.
 - (b) 303.3 ib./ac.
- (iii) Only N effect is significant. Others are not significant.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N_0 | N_1 | N_2 | N ₂ | Mean |
|-------------------------------|--------------|-------|----------------------|----------------|------|
| Control | 2029 | 2735 | 2877 | 2686 | 2582 |
| P_1M_1 | 2354 | 2719 | 2887 | 2881 | 2710 |
| P ₂ M ₁ | 1875 | 2683 | 2896 | 2916 | 2592 |
| P ₈ M ₁ | 2272 | 3163 | 2861 | 2857 | 2788 |
| P ₁ M ₂ | 2193 | 2942 | 2745 | 2999 | 2720 |
| P ₂ M ₂ | 2141 | 2766 | 2 84 8 | 2929 | 2671 |
| P ₃ M ₂ | 22 67 | 2916 | 2653 | 2788 | 2656 |
| Mean | 2162 | 2846 | 2824 | 2865 | 2674 |

S.E. of difference of two

main-plot treatment means
 sub-plot treatment means

= 126.9 lb./ac. = 95.9 lb./ac.

3. sub-plot treatment means at the same level of main-plot treatment

=191.8 lb./ac.

4. main-plot treatment means at the same level of sub-plot treatment

=218.3 lb./ac.

Crop : Paddy (Kharif).

Ref:-Gj. 51(29)/50(28).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Vyara.

Type : 'M'.

Object: -To find the effect of application of N and P2O s through Sann on Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS :

(i) (a) Paddy—paddy. (b) Paddy (*Kharif*). (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Black soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Vyara. (iii) 17.6.1951/19 to 21.7.1951. (iv) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) 6"×6". (e) 4. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) Zinia-31 (early). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) 2 weedings. (ix) 32.70". (x) 1.11.1951 and 6.11.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

4 levels of N as A/S: $N_0=0$, $N_1=40$, $N_2=60$ and $N_3=80$ lb /ac.

Sub-plot treatments:

All combinations of (1) and (2)+a control (Only G.M. without P_2O_5).

- 1. 3 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_1=20$, $P_2=30$ and $P_3=40$ lb./ac.
- 2. 2 methods of application of P_2O_5 :— $M_1=P_2O_5$ applied to Sann and Sann used as green manuring to paddy (indirectly); $M_2=P_2O_5$ applied to paddy (directly).

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 4 main-plots/block; 7 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) Main-plot: 33'×112'.; Sub-plot: 33'×16'. (b) 27'×10'. (v) 3' alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Normal. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) 1950-1952. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil.
- (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Sann raised for green manuring practically failed due to absence of moisture.

- (i) 1417 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 501.1 lb./ac.
 - (b) 269.9 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effect of N and 'control vs. other sub-plot treatments' effect are significant. Others are not significant,

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N_0 | N ₁ | N ₂ | N ₈ | Mean |
|-------------------------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| Control | 1230 | 1184 | 1434 | 1383 | 1308 |
| P ₁ M ₁ | 1098 | 1516 | 1605 | 1539 | 1439 |
| P_2M_1 | 1154 | 1189 | 1485 | 1444 | 1318 |
| P ₈ M ₁ | 1271 | 1237 | 1559 | 1626 | 1423 |
| P ₁ M ₂ | 1098 | 1369 | 1880 | 1934 | 1570 |
| P ₂ M ₂ | 1238 | 1469 | 1542 | 1618 | 1467 |
| P ₈ M ₂ | 1298 | 1229 | 1458 | 1600 | 1396 |
| Mean | 1198 | 1313 | 1566 | 1592 | 1417 |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. | main-plot treatment means | =119.7 lb./cc. |
|----|---|----------------|
| 2. | sub-plot treatment means | = 85.3 lb/ec. |
| 3. | sub-plot treatment means at the same level of main-plot treatment | =170.7 lb./ac. |
| 4. | main-plot treatment means at the same level of sub-plot treatment | =198.8 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Paddy (Kharif).

Ref:-Gj. 52(57)/51(29)/50(28).

145,500

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Vyara.

Type :-'M'.

Object:—To find the effect of application of N and P2O5 through Sann on Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy—paddy. (b) Paddy. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Black soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Vyara. (iii) 12.6.1952/19.7.1952. (iv) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) 6"×6" (e) 4. (v) 5 C.L. a/c of F.Y.M. (vi) Zinia-31 (early) (vii) Irrigated. (viii) 2 Weedings. (ix) 40.91". (x) 4, 5, 7.11.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

4 levels of N as A/S: $N_0=0$, $N_1=40$, $N_2=60$ and $N_3=80$ lb./ac.

Sub-plot treatments:

All combinations of (1) and (2)+a control (only G.M. without P_2O_5)

- (1) 3 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_1=20$, $P_2=30$ and $P_3=40$ lb./ac.
- (2) 2 methods of application of P_2O_5 : $M_1=P_2O_5$ applied to sann and sann used as green manuring to paddy (directly) and $M_2=P_2O_5$ applied to Paddy (directly).

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 4 main-plots/block; 7 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) Sub-plot: 33'×16'; Main-plot size: 33'×112'. (b) 27'×10'. (v) 3' ring round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1950—1952. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 1855 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 305.56 lb./ac.
 - (b) 203.8 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effect of N and M and interaction P×M are significent. Others are not significant.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in 1b./ac.

| | N ₀ | N ₁ | N ₂ | N ₃ | Mean |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| Control | 1347 | 1726 | 1928 | 2053 | 1763 |
| P_1M_1 | 1331 | 1779 | 2130 | 2057 | 1824 |
| P_2M_1 | 1314 | 1815 | 1896 | 2234 | 1814 |
| P ₃ M ₁ | 1210 | 1952 | 2097 | 1960 | 1805 |
| P ₁ M ₂ | 1230 | 2009 | 2081 | 2073 | 1848 |
| P_2M_2 | 1436 | 1888 | 2025 | 2372 | 1930 |
| P ₃ M ₂ | 1565 | 1928 | 2323 | 2198 | 2003 |
| Mean | 1348 | 1871 | 2068 | 2135 | 1855 |

S.E. of difference of two

main-plot treatment means
 sub-plot treatment means
 sub-plot treatment means at the same level of main-plot treatment
 sub-plot treatment means at the same level of sub-plot treatment
 main-plot treatment means at the same level of sub-plot treatment

Crop :-Paddy (Kharif).
Site :-Agri. Res. Stn., Waghai.

Ref :-Gj. 51(184).

Type :- M'.

Object :-- To find out the effect of manure mixture on Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy—Cotton—Rabi Jowar. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 21.6.1951. (iv) (a) 2 ploughings and 2 harrowings. (b) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Early. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 3 weedings and 1 interculturing. (ix) 26". (x) 11.10.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. No manuring.
- 2. 280 lb./ac. of manure mixture.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 2. (b) N.A. (iii) 12. (iv) (a) $38' \times 12'$. (b) $34' \times 8'$. (v) 2' sing cound the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) No. (b) and (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1173 lb./ac.
- (ii) 116.5 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ highly significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

Treatment Av. yield

1. 1070

2. 1275

S.E./mean = 33.63 lb./ac.

Crop :- Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(223).

Site: Agri. Res. Stn., Waghai.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:—To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Nagli. (b) Nagli. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Light and brownish soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 2.7.1952. (i⁷) (a) 2 ploughings and 2 harrowings. (b) to (e) N.A. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 3 hand weedings and 1 interculturing. (ix) 31.17". (x) 14 to 17.10.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=32$, $N_2=64$ and $N_3=96$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=32$, $P_2=64$ and $P_3=96$ lb./ac.

N as G N.C. and P2O5 as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) 30'×10'. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Not satisfactory. In July, crop growth was stunted; grain development was not satisfactory for want of rains and hence yield was poor. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) to (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1009 lb./ac.
- (ii) 241.3 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effects of N, P and interaction NP are significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| ļ | N_0 | N ₁ | N ₂ | N ₃ | Mean |
|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| Po | 716 | 784 | 1054 | 1274 | 957 |
| P ₁ | 677 | 839 | 1113 | 1220 | 962 |
| P ₂ | 669 | 864 | 1058 | 1190 | 945 |
| Pa | 1150 | 852 | 1383 | 1303 | 1172 |
| Mean | 803 | 835 | 1152 | 1247 | 1009 |
| | | | | | |

S.E. of marginal means

= 60.3 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=120.7 lb./ac.

Crop :- Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(253).

Centre: Bulsar.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:—To study the response to N and P2O5 applied singly and in combination on the yield of Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Paddy (Kado). (c) No. (ii) Black to deep black. (iii) 5 C.L /ac. of F.Y.M. (iv) Kado. (v) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) Spacing between rows—6"; spacing between plants—3". (e) N A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) 59.87". (x) 20.10.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control.
- 2. 64 lb./ac. of N as mixture of G.N.C. and A/S.
- 3. 64 lb./ac. of N as mixture of G.N.C. and A/S+32 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

P₂O₅ applied after ploughing. N applied in two doses, one at transplanting and the other at tillering.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a taluka and a list was prepared. From this list few villages were chosen, retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. No. of experimental sites—2. (iii) (a) 42'×51'-8'. (b) 33'×33'. (iv) N.A.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Not good due to lack of rains. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) No. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Only one trial was conducted. Other trials were vitiated.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 310.0 lb./ac.
- (ii) 148.8 lb /ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lo./rc.

Treatment Av. yield

1. 320.0

2. 200.0

3. 410.0

S.E./mean =148.8 lb./ac.

Crop :- Paddy (Kharif).

Ref. : Gj. 52 (249).

Centre: Bansada.

Type : 'M'.

Of ject:—To study the response to N and P2O5 applied singly and in combination on the yield of Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Kado Paddy. (c) No. (ii) Medium black. (iii) No. (iv) Kado paddy (mid-late). (v) (a) Nil. (b) Transplanting. (c) N.A. (d) 1½' spacing between rows. (e) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unitrigatec. (viii) N.A. (ix) 57.82". (x) 22.10.1952 to 14.11.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control.
- 2. 64 lb./ac. of N as a mixture of A/S and G.N.C.
- 3. 64 lb./ac of N as a mixture of A/S and G.N.C. +32 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super. Super was applied after ploughing; N was applied in two doses, one at transplanting and one after tillering.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a taluka and a list was prepared. From this list few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. (iii) (a) $55' \times 91\frac{1}{2}'$ at one site and $111' \times 141'$ at another site. (b) $33' \times 33'$. (iv) N.A.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Stunted growth, withering due to want of rains. Yields of plots having double dose of N and P were heighest. (ii) Nil. (iii) Straw yield. (iv) (a) 1952, conducted only for one year. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Less rainfall. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1584 lb./ac.
- (ii) 417.2 lb/ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield | |
|-----------|------------------|--|
| 1. | 2010 | |
| 2. | 2070 | |
| 3. | 1200 | |
| S.E./mean | = 208.60 lb./ac. | |

Crop :- Paddy. (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(252).

Centre :- Bardoli.

Type : 'M'.

Object:—To study the response to N and P2O5 applied singly and in combination on the yield of Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Paddy in kharif. (c) 5 to 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) Medium black. (iii) 5 to 10 C.L./ac of F.Y.M. (iv) Paddy (Kodor. (v) (a), (b) and (c) N.A. (d) 6"×6" spacing between rows. (e) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Two irrigations were given in one trial; It was given at the time of flowering. (viii) N.A. (ix) 35-01". (x) 1.10.1952 to 22.10.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control.
- 2. 64 lb./ac. of N as a mixture of G.N.C and A/S.
- 3. 64 lb./ac. of N as a mixture of G.N.C and A/S.+32 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.

P₂O₅ was applied after ploughing. N was applied in 2 doses, one at transplanting and one at tillering.

3. DESIGN

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a taluka and a list was prepared. From this a list of few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. No. of experimental sites—4. (iii) (a) 50'×44'. (b) 33'×23' (iv) N.A.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Good in irrigated plots. Poor in other Plots. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) No.
- (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Experiment failed at one site.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 2150 lb./ac.
- (ii) 147.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. | Av. yield | | |
|-----------|-----|--------------|--|--|
| 1. | 1 | 1773 | | |
| 2. | - 2 | 382 | | |
| 3. | 2 | 293 | | |
| S.E./mean | = | 82.0 lb./ac. | | |

Crop :- Paddy (Kharif).

Ref: - Gj. 52(255).

Centre: Dharampur.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the response to N and P2O5 applied singly and in combination on the yield of Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Wal in village Bamti and Paddy in village Bandia. (c) No manures to wat; 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. to Paddy. (ii) Medium black. (iii) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (iv) Kado Paddy at 3 sites, Kolum (late) at one site. (v) (a) N.A. (b) Transplanting(c) N.A. (d) 6". (e) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) 65.04". (x) 10.10.1952 to 1.11.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control.
- 2. 64 lb./ac. of N as a mixture of G.N.C. and A/S.
- 3. 64 lb./ac. of N as a mixture of G.N.C. and A/S+32 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.

P₂O₅ was applied after ploughing and N in two doses, one at transplanting and other after tillering.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a taluka and a list was prepared. From this list; a few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected servey number. No. of experimental sites-4. (iii) (a) 55'×42'. (b) 33'×33'. (iv) N.A.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Good. (ii) Lodging was observed in some plots. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) No (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) After August, no rains. (vii) Nil.
- 5. RESULTS:
 - (i) 2458 lb./ac.
 - (ii) 213.6 lb /ac.
 - (iii) Treatments differ highly significantly.
 - (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| (11) 1311) 1010 01 01 01 | |
|---------------------------|------------------|
| Treatment | Av. yield |
| 1. | 1940 |
| 2. | 2565 |
| 3. | 2870 |
| S.E./mean | = 115.6 lb./ac. |

Crop:- Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(250).

Centre : Navasan.

Type: 'M'.

Object: - To study the response to N and P2O5 applied singly and in combination on the yield of Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Fallow in Rabi; Paddy in Kharif in Kuched and Wal in Abrana. (c) 5 to 15 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) Black m. dium. (iii) 7 to 12 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (iv) Kado Paddy (early). (v) (a), (b) and (c) N.A. (d) 6° between rows. (e) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) 5 irrigations in Abrana and 1 irrigation in Kuched. (viii) N.A. (ix) 31.80°. (x) 10.10.1952. to 20.10.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control.
- 2. 64 lb./ac. of N as a mixture of G.N.C. and A/S.
- 3. 64 lb./ac. of N as a mixture of G.N.C. and A/S+32 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

Super was applied after ploughing. N was applied in two doses, one at transplanting and one at tillering.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a valuka and a list was prepared. From this list, a few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. No. of experimental sites was-4, out of which one was vitiated. (iii) (a) $55' \times 40'$ in one village, $50' \times 44'$ in the other village. (b) $33' \times 33'$. (iv) N.A.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Fair to good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) 1952—for one year only. (b. and (c) N.A.
- (v) N.A. (vi) Nil, (vii) 2nd dose of manure not given at one site due to late rains.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1830 lb./ac.
- (ii) 306.4 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 1953 |
| 2, | 2130 |
| 3. | 1407 |
| S.E./mean | = 176.8 lb /ac. |

Crop :-Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 52(256)

Centre : Pareli.

Type :-'M'.

Object :-- To study the response to N and P2O5 applied singly and in combination on the yield of Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Wal (Rabi) in Kumbhani village; Wheat (Rabi) in Pati village. (c) No. (ii) Loamy and Gordu. (iii) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (iv) Kado variety. (v) (a), (b) and (c) N.A. (d) 6"×6" spacing between bunches. (e) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) 56.40". (x) 17.10.52 to 4.11.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control.
- 2. 64 lb /ac. of N as a mixture of G.N.C. and A/S.
- 3. 64 lb./nc. of N as a mixture of G.N.C. and A/S.+32 ib /ac of P_2O_5 as Super.

P2O5 was applied after ploughing. N applied in two doses, one at transplanting and one at tillering.

3. DESIGN:

(i), (ii) Villages were selected at random from a taluka and a list was prepared. From this list, a few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. No. of experimental sites-4. (iii) (a) 49.5'×44'. (b) 33'×33'.(iv) N.A.

4. GENERAL ;

(i) Good. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) No. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) 2nd dose of manure was not applied due to lack of rains. The yields of one trial out of 4 were as follows: Treat (1)=500, Treat. (2)-6.25 and treat. (3)-6.75 lb./plot and plot size 33'×35'.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1037 lb./ac.
- (ii) 33.20 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ highly significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield | | |
|-----------|----------------|--|--|
| 1. | 950 | | |
| 2. | 1052 | | |
| 3. | 1110 | | |
| S.E./mean | =17.60 lb./ac. | | |

Crop :- Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 52(254).

Centre :-Songad.

Type :-'M'.

Object:—To study the response to N and P2O5 applied singly and in combination on the yield of Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Paddy. (c) No. (ii) Loamy in one village; Black in the other village (dropped). (iii) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. in village Bedwan. No manure in the a village (dropped). (iv) Mid-late. Kado in village Bedwan; Mid-late. Mayaswal in 2nd village (dropped). (v) (a), (b) and (c) N.A. (d) 9°×9" spacing. (e) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Irrigated at flowering stage. (viii) N.A. (ix) 39.27". (x) 27.10.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control.
- 2. 64 lb./ac. of N as a mixture of G.N.C. and A/S.
- 3. 64 lb./ac. of N as a mixture of G.N.C. and A/S+32 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super. Manures applied in single dose at the time of planting.

3. DESIGN:

(i), (ii) Villages were selected at random from a taluka and a list was prepared. From this list, a few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. No. of experimental sites-2 (one vitiated). (iii) (a) 55'×40'. (b) 33'×33'. (iv) N.A.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) No. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Only one village selected and out of 2 trials in the village, one trial was vitiated.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 2229.
- (ii) N.A.
- (iii) N.A.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------|
| 1. | 1537 |
| 2. | 2500 |
| 3. | 650 |
| S.E./mean | =N.A. |

Crop : Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(251).

Centre :- Valod.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the response to N and P2O5 applied singly and in combination on the yield of Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Paddy. (c) 5 to 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) Medium black. (iii) 5 to 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (iv) Paddy (late). (v) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) 6" spacing between rows. (e) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated (viii) N.A. (ix) 37.57". (x) 17.10.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control.
- 2. 64 lb./ac. of N as a mixture of G.N.C. and A/S.
- 3. 64 lb /ac, of N as a mixture of G.N.C. and A/S+32 lb./ac, of P_2O_5 as Super.

Super applied after ploughing. N was applied in two doses, one at transplanting and one at tillering.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a taluka and a fist was prepared. From this 1 st, few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. No. of experimental sites 4, out of which one was vitiated. (iii) (a) Plot size varies from site to site. (b) 33'×33'. (iv) N A.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) 1952, for one year only. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (7) N.A. (vi) Rainfall not sufficient. (vii) One trial failed.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 654 lb./ac.
- (ii) 147.2 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 546 |
| 2. | 627 |
| 3. | 788 |
| S.E./mean | = 84.8 lb./ac. |

Crop: Paddy (Kharif).

Ref: - Gj. 52(257).

Centre :- Vyara.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:-To study the response to N and P2O5 applied singly and in combination on the yield of Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Paddy. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) Black soil. (iii) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (iv) Kado (early) in village Vyara; Manjerval (mid-late) in Mypere village. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c)--. (d) 9"×9" (e) 4 to 5. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) 25.11.1952 to 4.12.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control.
- 2. 64 lb./ac. of N as mixture of G.N.C. and A/S.
- 3. 64 lb./ac. of N as mixture of G.N C. and A/5+32 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

P₂O₅ was applied after ploughing. N was applied in two doses, one at transplanting and other at tillering.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a Taluka and a list was prepared. From this list, a few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. No of experimental sites-4. (iii) (a) 40' × 54½'. (b) 33' × 33'. (iv) N.A.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Not good (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) No. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Crop suffered for want of sufficient rains. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 740 lb/ac.
- (ii) 196 8 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ highly significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain i lb./ac.

Treatment Av. yield

1. 560

2. 815

3. 845

S.E/mean = 81.6 lb./ac.

Crop: Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 48(62).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type : 'C'.

Object:—To find out the optimum no. of seedlings per bunch and spacing to give maximum yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy—Wal. (b) Wal in Rabi. (c) 15 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) 7.6,1948/27,28.7,1948. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Transplanting. (c) —. (d) and (e) As per treatments. (v) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (vii) N.A. (ix) 32.38". (x) 14,20,21.10.1948.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings: $C_1=6"\times6"$, $C_2=9"\times9"$ and $C_3=12"\times12"$.

Sub-plot treatments:

No. of seedlings/bunch: $S_1=4$, $S_2=6$, $S_3=8$, $S_4=10$ and $S_5=12$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block and 5 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) For $C_1 = 11' \times 21'$, $C_2 = 12' \times 21'$, $C_3 = 13' \times 21'$ (sub-plot sizes). (b) $9' \times 15'$. (v) For treatments: $C_1 = 1' \times 3'$; $C_2 = 1.5' \times 3'$ and $C_3 = 2' \times 3'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1947—1951. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1187 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 435.8 lb./ac.
 - (b) 789.7 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only main treatments (spacing) differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | C ₁ | C ₂ | C ₃ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| S ₁ | 1257 | 1237 | 1082 | 1192 |
| S ₂ | 1227 | 1104 | 1248 | 1193 |
| S ₃ | 1311 | 1222 | 1274 | 1269 |
| S ₄ | 1340 | 1283 | 873 | 1165 |
| S ₅ | 1104 | 1136 | 1112 | 1117 |
| Mean | 1248 | 1196 | 1118 | (187 |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. | main-plot treatment means | =112.6 lb./ac. |
|----|---|-----------------|
| 2. | sub-plot treatment means | =263.2 lb./ac. |
| 3. | sub-plot treatment means at the same level of main-plot treatment | =455.9 lb./ac. |
| 4. | main-plot treatment means at the same level of sub-plot treatment | =423.3 lb./ac. |

Crop :-Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 49(98).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type : "C'.

Object:—To find out the optimum number of seedlings per bunch and spacing to give maximum yield.

BASAL CONDITIONS:

- (i) (a) Paddy-Wal. (b) Wal. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) to
- (c) N.A. (d) and (e) As per treatments. (v) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) 98.05°.
- (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings: $C_1 = 6" \times 6"$, $C_2 = 9" \times 9"$ and $C_3 = 12" \times 12"$.

Sub-plot treatments:

No. of seedlings/bunch: $S_1=4$, $S_2=6$, $S_3=8$, $S_4=10$ and $S_5=12$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block and 5 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) Sub-plot $C_1=11'\times 21'$, $C_2=12'\times 21'$, $C_3=13\times 21'$, main-plot: $C_1=11'\times 105'$, $C_2=12'\times 105'$ and $C_3=13'\times 105'$. (b) $9'\times 15'$ (sub-plot). (v) For $C_1=1'\times 3'$, for $C_2=1.5'\times 3'$, and for $C_3=2'\times 3'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1947-1951. (b) No (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) M.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 2554 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 570.1 lb./ac.
 - (b) 289.1 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only sub-plot treatments differ significantly. Others are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| and the second s | C ₁ | C_3 | C_3 | Mean |
|--|----------------|----------------------|-------|--------------|
| S ₁ | 2472 | 2359 | 2234 | 2355 |
| S ₂ | 2710 | 246ଟ | 2468 | 2548 |
| S _a | 2593 | 2606 | 2501 | 2566 |
| S ₄ | 2618 | 2561 | 2561 | 2580 |
| S ₅ | 2755 | 2831 | 2585 | 2 723 |
| Mean | 2629 | 2 56 5 | 2469 | 2534 |

S.E. of difference of two

| ı. | main-plot treatment means | = 161.2 lb./ac. |
|----|---|-----------------|
| 2. | sub-plct treatment means | =105.6 lb./ac |
| 3. | sub-plot treatment means at the same level of main-plot treatment | =182.4 lb./ac. |
| 4 | main-plot treatment means at the same level of sub-plot treatment | 229 8 lb /ac |

Crop:-Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 50(124).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type: 'C'.

Object :-- To find out the optimum number of seedlings per bunch and spacing to give maximum yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

- (i) (a) Paddy—Wal. (b) Wal. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) and (e) As per treatments. (v) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) 62.47°.
- (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings: $C_1 = 6^r \times 6^r$, $C_2 = 9^r \times 9^r$ and $C_3 = 12^r \times 12^r$.

Sub-plot treatments:

No. of seedlings/bunch: $S_1=4$, $S_2=6$, $S_3=8$, $S_4=10$ and $S_5=12$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block and 5 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) Sub-plot: $C_1=11'\times21'$, $C_2=12'\times21'$, $C_3=13'\times21'$. Gross main-plot: $C_1=11'\times105'$, $C_2=12'\times105'$ and $C_3=13'\times105'$. (b) Sub-plot: $9'\times15'$ (v) $1'\times3'$ for treatment C_1 , $1\frac{1}{2}'\times3'$ for treatment C_2 and $2'\times3'$ for treatment C_3 . (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1947—1951. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Navagaon, (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 2890 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 483.5 lb./ac.
 - (b) 192.3 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| 1 | C ₁ | C_2 | C ₃ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|------|
| S ₁ | 3038 | 2712 | 2511 | 2754 |
| S ₂ | 30 66 | 2785 | 2849 | 2900 |
| S ₃ | 3176 | 2918 | 2606 | 2900 |
| S ₄ | 2982 | 3021 | 2861 | 2955 |
| S ₅ | 3099 | 2978 | 2754 | 2944 |
| Mean | 3072 | 2883 | 2716 | 2890 |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. | main-plot treatment means | =136.7 lb./ac. |
|----|---|-----------------|
| 2. | sub-plot treatment means | = 70.3 lb./ac. |
| 3. | sub-plot treatment means at the same level of main-plot treatment | =121.6 lb./ac. |
| 4. | main-plot treatment means at the same level of sub-plot treatment | =174.8 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 51(168).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type :-'C'.

Object:—To find out the optimum number of seedlings per bunch and spacing to give maximum yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy—Wal. (b) Wal. (c) 15 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) and (e) As per treatments. (v) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) 50.63", (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings: $C_1=6''\times6''$, $C_2=9''\times9''$ and $C_3=12''\times12''$.

Sub-plot treatments:

No. of seedlings/bunch: $S_1=4$, $S_2=6$, $S_3=8$, $S_4=10$ and $S_5=12$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block and 5 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 4 (one replication vitiated). (iv) (a) Sub-plot: $C_1=11'\times21'$, $C_2=12'\times21'$ and $C_3=13'\times21'$ and Gross main-plot: $C_1=11'\times105'$, $C_2=12'\times105'$ and $C_3=13'\times105'$. (b) Sub-plot: $9'\times15'$. (v) $1'\times3'$ for treatment C_1 , $1.5'\times3'$ for treatment C_2 and $2'\times3'$ for treatment C_3 . (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1947—1951. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Navagaon, (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii.) Nil.

- (i) 1618 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 186.9 lb./ac.
 - (b) 260.4 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main-plot treatments alone differ highly significantly.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | C_1 | C_2 | C3 | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|------|------|
| S ₁ | 1669 | 1976 | 1296 | 1647 |
| S ₂ | 1639 | 1770 | 1543 | 1651 |
| S ₃ | 1855 | 1563 | 1472 | 1630 |
| S ₄ | 1845 | 1492 | 1316 | 1551 |
| S ₅ | 1770 | 1623 | 1442 | 1612 |
| Mean | 1756 | 1685 | 1414 | 1618 |

S.E. of difference of two

main-plot treatment means
 sub-plot treatment means
 sub-plot treatment means at the same level of main-plot treatment
 main-plot treatment means at the same level of sub-plot treatment
 main-plot treatment means at the same level of sub-plot treatment

Crop :- Paddy. (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 52(200).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type : 'C'.

Object:—To find out a suitable substitute for rabbing.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Fallow. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Transplanting. (c) N.A. (d) $6'' \times 6''$. (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) 59.87°. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Usual cultivator's method of rabbing.
- 2. Mixing one basketful charcoal powder with surface soil without rabbing.
- 3. Applying manure mixture to the seed bed at 15 lb./gunta.
- 4. No rabbing as check.

3, DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 4. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $30' \times 7'$. (b) $28' \times 6'$. (v) $1' \times \frac{3}{2}'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) No, (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) Nil. (vi) and (vii) N.A.

- (i) 1452 lb./ac.
- (iii) 259.3 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield | | |
|-----------|-----------------|--|--|
| 1. | 1537 | | |
| 2. | 1913 | | |
| 3. | 1 42 0 | | |
| 4. | 938 | | |
| S.E./mean | = 115.9 lb./ac. | | |

Crop :- Paddy. (Kharif.).

Ref :- GJ. 51(194).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Dabhoi.

Type: 'C'.

Object:—To find-out the optimum spacing for Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Paddy. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dabhoi. (iii) 30.6.1951 (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 25 lb./ac. (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Paddy K-226. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) Nil. (ix) 20.81°. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Narrow i.e. 12" spacing between two rows.
- 2. Normal i.e. 15" spacing between two rows.
- 3. Wider i.e. 18" spacing between two rows.

3. DESIGN.

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 3. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) 80'×15'. (b) 74'×15'. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1951-1952. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 3139 lb/ac.
- (ii) 238.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield | | |
|-----------|-----------------|--|--|
| 1. | 3335 | | |
| 2. | 3247 | | |
| 3. | 2835 | | |
| S.E./mean | =119.3 lb./ac. | | |

Crop :- Paddy. (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52 (170).

Sie: Agri. Res. Stn , Dabhoi.

Type :- 'C'.

Object:—To find the optimum spacing for Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Paddy. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dabhoi. (iii) 30.6.52 (iv) (a) N. A. (b) Drilled. (c) 25 lb./ac. (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) K-226, (viii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) 58.53". (x) 19.11.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

3 row spacings: $S_1=12^{\circ}$, $S_2=15^{\circ}$ and $S_3=18^{\circ}$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 3 (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) 80'×15'; (b) 70'×15'. (v) 5' on each end. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1951—1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 3264 lb./ae.
- (it) 516.9 lb./ac.
- (ili) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Av. yield |
|-----------|
| 3443 |
| 3186 |
| 3163 |
| =210.3 |
| |

Crop :- Paddy (Kharif).

Ref: - Gj. 50(44).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Navagam.

Type: 'C'.

Object: - To find out the optimum spacing and number of seedlings per bunch for Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Wheat. (b) Wheat. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 12, 13.5.1950. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Broadcasting. (c) N.A. (d) and (e) As per treatments. (v) 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) Sukhwel No. 10 (early) (vii) Irrigated (viii) Two weedings on 6 and 13.9.1950. (ix) 34.39°. (x) 1.11.1950.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings: $C_1 = 6'' \times 6''$, $C_2 = 9'' \times 9''$ and $C_3 = 12'' \times 12''$.

Sub-plot treatments:

No. of seedlings/bunch: $S_1=1$, $S_2=2$ and $S_3=3$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block; 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) 24'×21'; main; plot: 72'×63'. (b) 18'×15'; main plot=54'×45'. (1) 3' all round the net plot. vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Satisfactory. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950-1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Bulsar. (b) N.A. (vii) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 3193 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 201.2 lb./ac.
 - (b) 148.1 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only sub-plot treatments differ significantly.
- iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| - Tagger | C_{i} | C³ | C_8 | Mean) |
|----------------|---------|------|--------------|--------|
| S ₁ | 3105 | 3307 | 34C 0 | 3271 |
| S ₂ | 3130 | 3118 | 3291 | 3180 |
| S ₃ | 3037 | 3101 | 3247 | 3128 |
| Mean | 3091 | 3175 | 3313 | 3193 |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. | main-plot treatment means | =82.1 lb./ac. |
|----|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 2. | sub-plot treatment means | =60.5 lb./ac. |
| 3. | sub-plot treatment means at the same | |
| | level of main-plot treatment | =154.7 lb./ac. |
| 4. | main-plot treatment means at the same | |
| | level of sub-plot treatment | ==118.3 lb./ac. |
| | | |

Crop :- Paddy (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 51(48).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Navagam.

Type :- 'C'.

Object:-To find out the optimum spacing and number of seedlings per bunch for Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Wheat. (b) Wheat. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 13.7.1951 14.8.1951. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Transplanting. (c) —. (d) and (e) As per treatments. (v) 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) Sukhwel No. 10 (early). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) Weeding on 15.9.1950. (ix) 14.60°. (x) 15.11.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings: $C_1=6^{\circ}\times6^{\circ}$, $C_2=9^{\circ}\times9^{\circ}$ and $C_3=12^{\circ}\times12^{\circ}$.

Sub-plot treatments:

No of seedlings/bunch: $S_1=1$, $S_2=2$ and $S_3=3$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block; 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $24' \times 21'$ and main-plot: $72' \times 63'$. (b) $18' \times 15'$; main-plot $54' \times 45'$. (v) 3 feet all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Satisfactory. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950 to 1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Bulsar.
- (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 2950 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 273.0 lb/ac. (b) 154.8 lp./ac.
- (iii) Only interaction S×C is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | C ₁ | C ₂ | C ₂ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| Sı | 3013 | 2829 | 2902 | 2915 |
| S ₂ | 3097 | 3011 | 2825 | 2978 |
| S ₃ | 2809 | 2962 | 3103 | 2958 |
| Mean | 2973 | 2934 | 2943 | 2950 |

S.E. of difference of two

1. main-plot treatment means

=111.4 lb./ac.

2. sub-plot treatment means

= 63.4 lb./ac.

- 3. sup-plot treatment means at the same level of main-plot treatment =108.6 lb./ac.
- 4. main-plot treatment means at the same level of sub-plot treatment =265.4 lb./ac.

Crop: Paddy (Kharif).

Ref:-Gj. 52(75).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Navagam.

Type:-'C'.

Object:—To find out the optimum spacing and number of seedlings per bunch for Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Wheat. (b) Wheat. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 26.6.1952. (26.7.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Transplanting. (c) Nil. (d) and (e) As per treatments. (v) 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) Sukhwel No. 10 (early). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) Weeding on 24.8.1952. (ix) 23.91. (x) 24.10.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings: $C_1=6"\times6"$, $C_2=9"\times9"$ and $C_3=12"\times12"$.

Sub-plot treatments :

No. of seedlings/bunch: $S_1=1$, $S_2=2$ and $S_3=3$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/blocks; 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) 24'×21' and main-plot: 72'×63'. (b) 18'×15', main-plot: 54'×45'. (v) 3 feet all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Satisfactory. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950 to 1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Bulsar.
- (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 3185 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 99.4 lb./ac.
 - (b) 109.5 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effects of S and C and interaction SxC are highly significant,
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| appearing in a service | C_1 | $\mathbf{C}_{\mathfrak{p}}$ | C ₃ | Mean |
|--|-------|-----------------------------|----------------|------|
| Sı | 3315 | 3033 | 2908 | 3085 |
| S_2 | 3456 | 3291 | 2952 | 3233 |
| S ₃ | 3525 | 3198 | 2988 | 3237 |
| Mean | 3432 | 3174 | 2949 | 3185 |

S.E. of difference of two

1. main-plot treatment means

= 40.6 lb./ac.

2. sub-plot treatment means

= 44.7 lb./ac.

- 3. sub-plot treatment means at the same level of main-plot treatment = 77.4 lb./ac.
- 4. main-plot treatment means at the same level of sub-plot treatment = 75.1 lb./ac

Crop :- Faddy (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 50(45).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Navagam.

Type :- 'C'.

Object: -To find out the optimum spacing and number of seedlings per bunch for Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Wheat. (b) Wheat, (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (ii) 13, 14.8.1950. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Varude method of broadcasting. (c) N.A. (d) and (e) As per treatments. (v) 13 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) Jirasal No. 274 (late). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) Two weedings on 7 and 15.9.1950. (ix) 34.39". (x) 17, 18.11.1950.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings: $C_1=6''\times6''$, $C_2=9''\times9''$ and $C_3=12''\times12''$.

Sub-plot treatments:

No. of seedlings/bunch: $S_1=1$, $S_2=2$ and $S_3=3$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-p'ot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block; 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $24' \times 21'$: and main-plot: $72' \times 63'$. (b) $18' \times 15'$, main-plot: $54' \times 45'$. (v) 3' all round the net-plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Satisfactory. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950—1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Bulsar. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.
- 5. RESULTS:
 - (i) 3971 lb./ac.
 - (ii) (a) 268.3 lb./ac.
 - (b) 114.0 lb./ac.
 - (iii) None of the effects is significant.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | C_1 | C_2 | C_3 | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| S ₁ | 4122 | 3948 | 3799 | 3956 |
| S ₂ | 4174 | 3964 | 3799 | 3979 |
| S ₃ | 4000 | 4118 | 3819 | 3979 |
| Mean | 4099 | 4010 | 3806 | 3971 |

S.E. of difference of two

=109.5 lb./ac. 1. main-plot treatment means 2. sub-plot treatment means = 46.5 lb./ac.3. sub-plot treatment means at the same level of main-plot treatment = 80.6 lb./ac.=127.5 lb./ac. 4 main-plot treatment means at the same level of sub-plot treatment

Crop :- Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 51(47).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Navagam.

Type :- 'C'.

Object:—To find out the optimum spacing and number of seedlings per bunch for Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Wheat. (b) Wheat. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 13.7.1951/ 12..8,1951. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Transplanting. (c)—. (d) and (e) As per treatments. (v) 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) Jirasal No. 274 (late). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) Weeding on 20,9,1951. (ix) 14.60". (x) 2,11.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings: $C_1=6"\times6"$, $C_2=9"\times9"$ and $C_3=12"\times12"$.

Sub-plot treatments:

No. of seedlings/bunch: $S_1=1$, $S_2=2$ and $S_3=3$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block; 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) 24'×21'; main-plot: $72' \times 63'$. (b) $18' \times 15'$; main-plot: $54' \times 45'$. (v) 3' all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

(i) Satisfactory. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950-1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Bulsar. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 3625 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 281.6 lb./ac.
 - (b) 134.7 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only the interaction S×C is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | C ₁ | C_2 | C_3 | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|-------|-------|------|
| S_1 | 3819 | 3638 | 3347 | 3601 |
| S ₂ | 3601 | 3690 | 3597 | 3629 |
| S ₈ | 3585 | 3783 | 3569 | 3646 |
| Mean | 3668 | 3704 | 3504 | 3625 |

S.E. of difference of two

1. main-plot treatment means

== 114.9 lb./ac.

2. sub-plot treatment means

= 55.0 lb./ac.

3. sub-plot treatment means at the same level of main-plot treatment

== 95.2 lb./ac.

4. main-plot treatment means at the same level of sub-plot treatment

== 138.9 lb./ac.

Crop :-Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 52(74).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Navagam.

Type :- 'C'.

Object:—To find out the optimum spacing and number of seedlings per bunch for Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Wheat, (b) Wheat, (c) N.A. (iii) Medium black soil, (b) N.A. (iii) 26,6.1952/27,28.2.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Transplanting. (c) —. (d) and (e) As per treatments. (v) 10 C.L./ac. of P.Y.M. (vi) Jirasal No. 274 (late). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) Woodings on 2 and 9 to 23,9,1952. (ix) 23.91". (x) 13, 14.11.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings: $C_1 = 6'' \times 6''$, $C_2 = 9'' \times 9''$ and $C_3 = 12'' \times 12''$.

Sub-plot treatments:

No. of seedlings/bunch: $S_1 = 1$, $S_2 = 2$ and $S_3 = 3$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block and 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv (a) 2+'×21'; main-plot size = $72' \times 63'$. (b) $18' \times 15'$, main-plot size = $54' \times 45'$. (v) 3' all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

3. GENERAL:

(i) Satisfactory. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950-1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Bulsar. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 3185 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 201.2 lb/ac.
 - (b) 97.7 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effect of S is highly significant. Main effect of C is significant. Interaction S x C is not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb /ac.

| | C1 | C_2 | C_3 | | Mean |
|----------------|------|-------|-------|---|------|
| Sı | 3315 | 3033 | 2903 | | 3085 |
| S ₂ | 3+56 | 3291 | 2952 | | 3233 |
| S ₃ | 3525 | 3198 | 2288 | : | 3237 |
| Mean | 3432 | 3174 | 2949 | | 3185 |

S.E. of difference of two

==82.2 lb /ac. 1. main plot treatment means 2. sub-plot treatment means =39.9 lb /ac. 3. sub-plot treatment means at the same level of main-plot treatment = 69.1 lb./ac.

4. main-plot treatment means at the same level of sub-plot treatment

-- 9.7 b /ac.

Crop: Paddy (Eharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(199).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type: "CM".

Object:—To find the optimum combinations of N, P2O5 and spacing for getting maximum yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Paddy in Kharif. (c) 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) Transplanting. (c) -. (d) As per treatments. (e) 8. (v) Nil. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) 59.87". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1), (2), (3) and (4)

- (1) 3 levels of N: $N_0 = 0$, $N_1 = 32$ and $N_2 = 64$ lb./ac.
- (2) 2 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0 = 0$ and $P_1 = 32$ lb./ac.
- (3) 2 levels of F.Y.M. : $F_0 = 0$ and $F_1 = 5$ C.L./ac.
- (4) 2 spacings: $S_1 = 4'' \times 4''$ and $S_2 = 6'' \times 6''$.

N as A/S and P2O5 as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 3×2^3 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 24. (b) N.A. (iii) 1. (iv) (a) $30' \times 10'$. (b) $26' \times 6'$. (v) 2' all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) and (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) For want of sufficient seedlings, only one replication could be taken instead of three.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1890 lb./ac.
- (ii) N.A.
- (iii) N.A.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N_0 | N ₁ | N_2 | Mean | S_1 | S_2 | \mathbf{F}_{0} | F_1 |
|----------------|-------|----------------|---------------|------|-------|-------|------------------|-------|
| P ₀ | 1210 | 1848 | 1943 | 1667 | 1522 | 1812 | 1651 | 1683 |
| P ₁ | 1375 | 2212 | 2750 | 2112 | 2023 | 2202 | 1988 | 2237 |
| F ₀ | 1347 | 1747 | 2363 | 1820 | 1677 | 1963 | | |
| F ₁ | 1238 | 2312 | 2 3 30 | 1960 | 1869 | 2052 | | |
| Sı | 1499 | 1815 | 2004 | 1773 | | , | , | |
| S ₂ | 1087 | 2245 | 2689 | 2007 | | | | |
| Mean | 1293 | 2030 | 2347 | 1890 | | | | |

S.E.s-N.A.

Crop :- Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 53(102).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Navagam.

Type: 'CM'.

Object: -To study the relative merits of Japanese method and departmentally recommended method of Paddy cultivation.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS.

(i) (a) Paddy-Wheat. (b) Wheat. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 23.6.1953/ 27,7.1953. (iv) (a) Preparing the land by puddling. (b) Transplanting. (c) —. (d) and (c) As per treatments. (v) 1 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. for seed-bed treatment and 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. in the field. (vi) Jirasal. No. 274 (late). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) One hand weeding. (ix) 40.93". (x) 15.11.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

64 treatment combinations of the following 6 factors each at two levels.

(i) Departmental method:

(ii) Japanese method:

Seed bed: -

A=Flat.

Raised.

B=1 C.L. F.Y.M.+8 lb./ac. of A/S per guntha. 1 C.L./guntha of F.Y.M.+16 lb./guntha of A/S+16

lb./guntha of P2O5+layer of Ash.

Field :-

 $C = 10'' \times 10''$.

9"×9". 4 seedlings/bunch.

D=8 seedlings/bunch.

5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.+G.M.+100 lb./ac. of N as A/S +80 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super.

E=5 C.L. F.Y.M.+G.M.+64 lb./ac. of N as A/S+32 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.

One hand weeding.

F=One hand weeding.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 2⁵ Fact. in R.B.D. (see general, (vii) (ii) (a) 32 (see general, (vii) (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $10'-6'' \times 33'$ (for $9'' \times 9''$ spacing); and $10'-10'' \times 33'-4''$ (for $10'' \times 10''$ spacing). (b) $7'-6'' \times 30'$. (v) $1\frac{1}{2}'$ alround for $9'' \times 9''$ spacing and $1\frac{3}{4}'$ alround for $10'' \times 10''$ spacing. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Heavy lodging in 2nd week of October 1953. (ii) Attack of Jassids in the 3rd week of Se, tember dusting by 5% B.H.C. powder. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) 1953—1155. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Vyara. (b) N.A. (vi) Total rainfall was above normal. The distribution was also very bad as there were heavy rains in the last fortnight of August. There was complete absence of rainsin the month of September. This combined with dry weather caused the crop to suffer from a heavy attack of Jassids. (vii) Originally it was laid out as a 26 confounded in 2 replications. (with 8 blocks/replication and 8 plots/block) but as F was same in both the methods, this has been treated as 25 simple Fact, in R.B.D. with 4 replications (32 plots/replication). The analysis was carried out and higher order interactions were pooled with error.

Results on page (45)

Crop:-Paddy (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 53(70).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Vyara.

Type:-'CM'.

Object:—To compare the Japanese method of Paddy cultivation with departmental method of Paddy cultivation.

I. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Wheat, (c) 5 C.L./ec. of F.Y.M. and G.M and 50 lb./ac. of N as A/S and 300 lb./ac. of G.N.C. (ii) (a) Black soil, (b) Refer soil analysis, Vyara. (iii) 21.6,1953/17.7-1953. (iv) (a) Ploughing. (b) Transplanting (c) —. (d) and (e) As per treatments. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. in summer. G.M. as Sann (vi) Paddy—Z. 31 (early fine Kalam). (vii) Irrigated (viii) Pudcling at planting time and weeding as per treatments, (ix) 72". (x) 20.10.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

All the 26 combinations of the following 6 factors each at 2 levels.

Departmental method:

Japanese method:

 A_0 = Fiat seed-bed.

 $B_0 = Manuring of seed-bed : 1 C.L./guntha of$

F.Y.M. and 8 lb./guntha of A/S.

 C_0 = Manuring of field: 5 C.L./az, of F.Y.M. +G.M.+64 lb./ac. of N as A/S+32 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

 D_0 = Spacing between bunches: $10'' \times 10''$.

E₀= 8 seedlings/bunch.

F₀=One hand weeding+no interculturing.

 A_1 =Raised seed-bed.

B_k=Ma turing of sted-bed: i C.E./gantha of F.Y.M. and 16 lb./guntha of N as A/3.

C₁=Manuring of field: 5 C.L.₁ac. of F.7.M. +G.M.+100 to /ac. of N as A_1 5+80 Ph/ac. of P_2 1)₅ as Super.

 D_1 =Spacing between bunches: $5'' \times 9''$.

 $E_1=4$ seedings/bonca.

 F_1 =One hand weeding+3 interculturings.

3. DESIGN

(i) 2° confounded Fact. (ii) (a) 8 plots/block and 8 blocks/replication (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) 7.5 \times 21.8′ and 7.5′ \times 20.8′ for 9″ and 10″ spacings respectively. (b) $10.5′ \times 24′$ and $10.8′ \times 24.2′$ for 9° and 15″ spacings respectively. (v) 4 rows round the net plot. (vi) \(\frac{1}{2}\)es.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Satisfactory in the beginning, lodging afterward. (ii) Attack of Jassid hoppers-controlled by 50%, D.D.T. spraying. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) and (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

Results on Page (45)

Ref:-Gj, 53(102)

5. RESULTS:

(i) 3140 lb./ac.

(ii) 336.5 lb./ac.

(iii) Main effect of C is highly significant, main effect of D is significant, interaction AD is significant. Others are not significant.

(iv) Mean & differential response in lb./ac. (for grain yield).

Differential response.

| Factor | Mean response | | A + | | + | _ | C + | | D + | 1 | 3 + |
|--------|------------------|---------|------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------|-------------|--------|---------------|----------------|
| A | —17.09 | _ | | — 65.22 | + 31.04 | +652 01 | 686.19 | + 72.96 | 107.14 | — 68.06 | + 33.88 |
| В | +53.45 | + 5.32 | +101.58 | | | — 10.16 | +117.06 | +101.94 | + 4.96 | +110.83 | — 3.93 |
| С | - 669.10 | 634.95 | 703.25 | 732.72 | 605.48 | | | 653.34 | 684.86 | 741.49 | 596.71 |
| . D | 90.05 | 3.33 | -176.77 | 41.56 | 138.54 | — 74.29 | 105.81 | | • | 135.10 | — 45.00 |
| E | +50.97 | + 97.95 | + 3.99 | +108.35 | — 6.41 | — 21.42 | +123.36 | + 95.41 | + 6.53 | - | _ |

S.E. of mean response

= 59.49 lb./ac.

S.E. of differential response

= 84.12 lb./ac.

Ref.:--Gj. 53(70)

5. RESULTS:

(i) 3130 lb./ac.

(ii) 284.52 lb./ac.

(iii) Main effect of C and interaction AD and BC are significant while others are not significant.

(iv) Mean and different al response in lb./ac. (grain).

Differential response

| Factor | Mean response | A + | - н | - C + | _ D + | - + | - F + |
|--------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| A | • + 183.64 | | +188.96 +178.30 | +247.79 +119.49 | + 78.28 +289.01 | +181.96 +185.33 | +245.37 +121.91 |
| В | 48.08 | — 42. 76 — 53.39 | | + 70.67 —166.83 | - 45.96 - 50 19 | -102 12 + 5.95 | 81.04 15.12 |
| С | +103.72 | +167.87 + 39.57 | +222.48 15.03 | | +183.17 + 24.28 | + 79.49 +127.96 | +116.64 + 90.81 |
| D | 46.26 | -151.63 + 59.10 | - 44.15 - 48.38 | + 33.18 -125.71 | | + 86.74 - 5.78 | — 39.91 — 52.61 |
| E | — 10.84 | - 12.53 - 9 16 | — 64.89 — 43.20 | — 35.08 13.39 | -51.32 + 29.63 | | - 88.65 + 66.96 |
| F | + 87.13 | +148.86 + 25.40 | + 54.17 +120.09 | +100.05 + 74.22 | + 93.48 + 80.78 | + 9.33 164.94 | |

S.E. of mean response

-50.30 lb./ac.

S.E. of differential response

=71.12 lb./ac.

Crop:-Paddy (Kharif).

Ref:-Gj. 53(309).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Waghai.

Type: -'CM'.

Object :-- To find out the proper spacing, manurial dose and method of sowing.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Nagli. (b) Nagli. (c) Not. (ii) (a) Light and brownish soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 25.6.1953. (iv) (a) 2 ploughings and 2 harrowings. (b) to (e) A3 per treatments. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of P.Y.M. (vi) E.K.-70 (early). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Interculturings as per treatments. (ix) 64°. (x) 13, 14.10.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 2 manures: $M_1 = 64$ lb./ac. of N+32 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 and $M_2 = 100$ lb./ac. of N+80 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 .
- (2) 8 cultural practices:

C1 = Drilling at 60 lb /ac. with 3 interculturings and 15' spacing.

C2=Drilling at 60 lb./ac. with 3 intercultur ngs and 12" spacing.

C₃=Drilling at 60 lb./ac, with 5 interculturings and 15° spacing.

 C_4 = Drilling at 60 lb./ac. with 5 interculturings and 12" spacing.

 C_5 =Dibtling at 6 seeds/dibbte with 9" \times $\sqrt{}$ spacing and 3 interculturings one way.

 C_6 =Dibbling at 6 seeds/dibble with $9' \times 9''$ spacing and 3 interculturings both ways.

 C_7 =Dibbling at 6 seeds/dibble with $9^* \times 9''$ spacing and 5 interculturings one way.

 C_8 =Dibbling at 6 seeds/dibble with 9" \times 9" spacing and 5 interculturings both ways.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 2×8 Fact, in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $15.5'\times7.5'$. (b) $15'\times4.5'$. (v) $\frac{1}{2}'\times1\frac{1}{2}'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Satisfactory in early stages. However due to dry weather in September, the grain formation suffered much. (ii) Crop damaged slightly by rats and birds. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) and (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- ti) 609 lb./ac.
- (ii) 153.4 lb./ac.
- (iii) All effects are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | M, | M_2 | Mean |
|----------------|---------------------|------------|-------|
| C_1 | 730 | 370 | 550 |
| C_2 | 780 | 530 | 655 |
| C ₃ | 5 9 0 | 535 | , 563 |
| C ₄ | 685 | 285 | 435 |
| C ₅ | 730 | 580 | 635 |
| C_{6} | 910 | 715 | 8:3 |
| C ₇ | 470 | 675 | 573 |
| $C_{\rm s}$ | 620 | 540 | 580 |
| Mean | 689 | 529 | 60) |

S.E. of marginal mean of M

= 27.1 lb /ac.

S.E. of marginal mean of C

=54.2 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

= 76.7 lb./ac.

Crop:-Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 53(33).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli,

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the suitability of calcium cynamide as a source of N in place of A/S and its effect on Wheat crop.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS;

(i) (a) Bajra-Groundnut (Kharif) and Wheat (Rabi)—Cotton. (b) Groundnut. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) 1a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 12.11.1953. (iv) (a) 2 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) 60 lb./ac. (d) 9". (e) -. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. in the month of October. (vi) Kenpl ad. R.R. (medium). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) Weeding once. (ix) Nil. (x) 25.3.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. 40 lb./ac. of N as A/S.
- 2. 40 lb./ac. of N as A/S and G.N.C. in 1:1 ratio.
- 3. 40 lb./ac. of N as calcium cynamide.
- 4. 40 lb./ac. of N as calcium cynamide and G.N.C. in 1:1 ratio.

Manures applied at the time of sowing.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 4. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) 35'×13.5'. (b) 30'×9.8'. (v) Yes. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1953-continued. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1629 lb./ac.
- (ii) 744.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av yie d of grain in lb./ac.

| Freatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------------|
| 1. | 1700 |
| 2. | 1550 |
| 3. | 15 5 5 |
| 4. | 1710 |
| S.E./mean | = 303.8 lb./ac. |

Crop:-Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 53(224).

Site:-Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej.

Type :-'M'.

Object: - To see the effect of application of F.Y.M. at different intervals on the yield of Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Gram. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Mediam black to deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Arnej. (iii) 15,10,1952, (iv) (a) 4 harrowings, (b) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) A-206. (medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 1 weeding. (ix) Rabi season hence negligible. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no manure)
- 2. 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. every year.
- 3. 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. every alternate year commencing from 1952.
- 4. 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. every alternate year commencing from 1953.
- 5. 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. every third year commencing from 1952. 6. 5 C.L./ac of F.Y.M. every third year commencing from 1953.

7. 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. every third year commencing from 1954. F.Y.M. troadcasted in September.

This year, the treatments 4, 6 and 7 are not applied hence [they reduced to control; and 2, 3 and 5 are identical hence there are only two distinctive treatments). M_1 =Control-4 plots/replication (treatments 1, 4, 6 and 7) and M₂=5 C.L /ac. of F.Y.M.—3 plots/replication (treatments 2, 3 and 5).

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 7. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $36' \times 16'$. (b) $30' \times 10'$. (v) 3' all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1952 to 1957. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) The experiment was analysed as R.B.D. with 2 distinctive treatments 0 and 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. with 6 replications, as this was the first year of the experiment.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 504 lb./ac.
- (ii) 81.75 lb /ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly,
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yiel | d |
|-----------------------------|----------|---------|
| M_1 | 513 | |
| M_2 | 493 | |
| S.E./mean (M ₁) | = 16.69 | lb./ac. |
| S.E./mean (M ₂) | =19.26 | lb./ac. |

Crop :- Wheat (Rabi). Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej. Ref :- Gj. 53(159).

Type : 'M'.

Object: - To see the effect of application of F.Y.M. at different intervals on the yield of Wheat.

1, BASAL CONDITIONS :

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Wheat. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Arnej. (iii) 24.10.1953. (iv) (a) 5 harrowings prior to sowing. (b) Sowing by drilling with 3 coultered seed drill. (c) 40 lb./ac. (d) Between rows 12*. (e) N.A. (v) As per treatments. (vi) A—206 (medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Weeding. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) 21.2.1254.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1 Control (no manure).
- 2. 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. every year.
- 3. 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. every alternate year commencing from 1952.
- 4. 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. every alternate year commencing from 1953.
- 5. 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. every third year commencing from 1952.
- 6. 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. every third year commencing from 1953.
- 7. 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. every third year commencing from 1954.

For this year, treatments reduce to 4 distinct treatments as given below:

M₁=Control: 2 plots/replication [treatment (1) and (7)].

 $M_2=5$ C.L./ac. of F.Y.M (with manuring in previous year) (treatment 2)—one plot/replication.

M₃=Residual effect of 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. applied in 1952 and 2 plots/replication [treatments (3) and (5)].

 $M_4 = 5$ C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (witthout manuring in the previous year)—2 plots/replication (treatments (4) and (6)).

3. DESIGN

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 7. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) 36'×16'. (b) 30'×10'. (v) 3' all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good germination and stand of crop was fair. (ii) Nil. (iii) No. (iv) (a) 1952—1957. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) The cloudy weather at milk stage affected the grain size and maturity (vii) Nil.

- (i) 1022 lb./ac.
- (ii) 66.79 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| M_1 | 1008 |
| M_2 | 1073 |
| M_3 | 1024 |
| M_4 | 1006 |
| S.E./mean (fo | $r M_2$) = 27.27 lb./ac. |
| S.E./mean (fo | or others) = 19.28 lb./ac. |

Crop: Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 53(304).

Site: Agri. Res. Stn., Dohad.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:—To study the suitability of calcium cynamide as a source of N and its effect on yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) to (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Light brown. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dohad. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Pusa-4. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no manure).
- 2. 40 lb./ac. of N as A/S.
- 3. 40 lb./ac. of N as A/S+G.N.C. in 1: 1 ratio.
- 4. 40 lb./ac. of N as calcium cynamide.
- 5. 40 lb./ac. of N as calcium cynamide+G.N.C. in 1: 1 ratio.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) 20'×53', (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) and (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1258 lb./ac.
- (ii) 132.3 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ highly significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|---------------|
| 1. | 863 |
| 2. | 1520 |
| 3. | 1413 |
| 4. | 1147 |
| 5. | 1346 |
| S E Imean | - 93 6 lb /ac |

Crop: Wheat. (Rabi).

Ref : Gj. 53(305).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Dohad.

Type : 'M'.

Object: - To study the effect of Sann green manuring on Wheat (Feeler trial).

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Light brown. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dohad. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Pusa—4. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS

- 1. Control (no G.M.)
- 2. Sann crop grown and burried along with tender tops and leaves.
- 3. Sann crop grown, cut and left as such.
- 4. The leaves and tender tops from treatment (3) buried.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 4. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) $33' \times 33'$. (b) $23' \times 23'$. (v) 5' alround the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1953—N.A. (b) No (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1884 lb./ac.
- (ii) 357.4 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 1854 |
| 2. | 1884 |
| 3. | 1647 |
| 4. | 2151 |
| S.E./mean | =252.7 lb./ac. |

Crop: Wheat. (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 48(110).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Vijapur.

Type :- 'M'.

Object: -To ascertain the manurial requirements of Wheat crop.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Bajra-Wheat. (b) Bajra. (c) 5 C.L./bigha. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Light sandy soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 11.11.1948. (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) N.A. (vii) Irrigated. (viii N.A. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) 12.3.1949.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. No manure (Control).
- 2. 20 lb./bigha of N as A/S.
- 3. 20 lb./bigha of N as Ammo. Phos.
- 4. 20 lb./bigha of N as Castor cake.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 4. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) and (b) 22' x 18'. (v) Nil. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Attack of white ants and rust was observed. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1945—N.A. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a), (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 744 lb./ac.
- (ii) 170.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Freatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|--------------|
| 1. | 587 |
| 2. | 706 |
| 3. | 962 |
| 4. | 720 |
| S.E./mean | =69.7 lb./ac |

Crop: Wheat (Rabi).

Ref: - Gj. 49(140).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Vijapur.

Type: 'M'.

Object: - To ascertain the manurial requirements of Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Bajra-Wheat. (b) Bajra. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Light sandy soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 21.11.1949. (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) C-13 (medium). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no manure).
- 2. 20 lb /bigha of N as A/S.
- 3. 20 lb./bigha of N as Ammo. Phos.
- 4. 20 lb /bigha of N as Castor cake.

Manures top dressed on 10.12.1949.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 4. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) and (b) $50' \times 20'$. (v) Nil. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Slight attack of white ants. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1945—N.A. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 663 lb./ac.
- (ii) 69.26 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ highly significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 327 |
| 2. | 799 |
| 3. | 871 |
| 4. | 653 |
| S.E./mean | = 28,28 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Wheat.

Ref: - Complex experiments (T.C.M.), 1953.

Site :- Paliad (Gujarat).

Type : 'M'.

Object: -II. To study the best time of application of N.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Sandy loam to clayey loam in texture, medium black in colour. (b) N.A. (iii) 7.11.1953. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) 80 lb./ac. (d) 9". (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Kenphad. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) One weeding. (ix) 20.06". (x) March 1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2) +a control (no manure).

- (1) 2 sources of N (at 20 lb./ac.): $S_1=A/S$ and $S_2=Urea$.
- (2) 2 times of application of $N: T_1=At$ sowing and $T_2=At$ first irrigation.

A basal dose of 20 lb /ac. of P₂O₅ was given at the time of sowing.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) 37'×10.5'. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Slight damage to crop caused by tiny white bugs on leaves and rat trouble. (iiii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1953—1956. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Kotah, Banaras, Pura, Niphad and Satna. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 2131 lb./ac.
- (ii) 99.39 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main-effects, interaction and control vs others are not significant.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

Control=2106 lb./ac.

| | S ₁ | S_2 | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|-------|------|
| T 1 | 2231 | 2111 | 2171 |
| T ₂ | 2066 | 2139 | 2103 |
| Mean | 2148 | 2125 | 2137 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

=35.15 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=49.70 lb./ac.

Crop :-Wheat.

Ref:-Complex experiments (T.C.M.), 1953.

Site :-Paliad (Gujarat).

Type :-'M'.

Object:—IV, To study the effect of types, levels and method of application of P2O5.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) to (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Sandy to clay loam in texture, medium black in colour (b) N.A. (iii) 8.11.1953, (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) 80 lb./ac. (d) 9". (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) I.P. 165, (vii) Irrigated. (viii) One weeding. (ix) 26.06". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1), (2) and (3)+2 control plots/block (no manure)

(1) 3 sources of P_2O_5 : S_1 =Super, S_2 =Nitro. Phos. and S_3 =Ammo. Phos.

Control

- (2) 2 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_1 = 15$ and $P_2 = 30$ 15./ac.
- (3) 2 methods of applications P_2O_5 : M_1 = Broadcast before final cultivation and M_2 = $2\frac{1}{2}$ ° below seed. N equalised to 30 lb./ac. of N by applying A/S at the time of sowing.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 14. (b) N.A. (iii) 3. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) $37' \times 10.5'$, (v) N.A. (v) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Slight damage to crop was caused by tiny white bugs and rat pest. (iii) Grain yie.c. (iv) (a) 1953-56. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Kotah, Banaras and Pura. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- 2067 lb lac

- 5. RESULTS:
 - (i) 2204 lb./ac.
 - (ii) 300.1 lb./ac.
 - (iii) None of the effects is significant.
 - (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | | COL | 111.01 | 2007 10./ac. | | | |
|----------------|-------|-------|--------|--------------|-------|-------|--|
| | S_1 | S_2 | S_3 | Mean | P_1 | P_2 | |
| M_1 | 2217 | 2406 | 2151 | 2258 | 221) | 2306 | |
| M_2 | 2246 | 2190 | 2153 | 2196 | 22.01 | 2192 | |
| Mean | 2231 | 2298 | 2152 | 2227 | 2206 | 2249 | |
| P ₁ | 2148 | 2287 | 2181 | | | , , , | |
| P_2 | 2315 | 2309 | 2123 | | | | |

S.E. of marginal mean of S

= 86.6 lb./ac.

S.E. of marginal mean of M or P

= 70.7 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table $S \times M$ or $S \times P$

=122.5 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table $M \times P$

=100.0 lb./ac.

S.E. of control mean

=122.5 lb./ac.

Crop : Wheat.

Ref:-Complex experiments (T.C.M.), 1953.

Centre :-Paliad (Gujarat).

Type :-'M'.

Object:-VI, To study the residual value of phosphatic manures.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) to (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Sandy to clay loam in texture, medium black in colour. (b) N.A. (iii) 22.11.1953. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) 80 lb./ac. (d) 9°. (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Kenphad. (vi) Irrigated. (viii) One weeding. (ix) 26.06°. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

5 treatments replicated as follows:

- 1. O = Untreated. 1 plot/block.
- 2. C = Control. 6 plots/block.
- 3. $P_{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2}$ unit dressing 1 plot/block.
- 4. P₁ = Unit dressing.
 2 plots/block.
- 5. P₂ = Double dressing. 2 plots/block.

Unit ressing-20 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Triple Super.

A basal dressing of 20 lb./ac. of N as A/S given to all treatments except treatment (1). Manures applied at the time of sowing.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 12. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) 37'×10.5'. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Normal. (ii) Slight damage to crop caused by rats and stem borer. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1953-56.
- (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) No. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1929 lb./ac.
- (ii) 165.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | 0 | C | $P_{\frac{1}{2}}$ | $\mathbf{P_1}$ | P ₂ |
|-----------|-------|------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Av. yield | 1878 | 1987 | 1683 | 1972 | 1864 |
| S.E./mean | 117.1 | 47.8 | 117.1 | 82.8 | 82.8 |

Crop: Lucerene.

- (i) 271.3 md/ac.
- (ii) 18.40 md./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in md./ac.

| , 111. 31010 01 01 | min in mollas | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|--------|----------------|--------|----------------|
| Treatment | O | C | $P\frac{1}{2}$ | P_1 | P ₂ |
| Av. yield | 232.55 | 245.03 | 299.48 | 297.21 | 329.54 |
| S.E./mean | 13.01 | 5.31 | 13.01 | 9.20 | 9.20 |

Crop:-Wheat.

Ref:-Complex experiments (T.C.M.), 1953.

Centre :-Paliad. (Gujarat).

Type: 'M'.

Object:—(i) (a), To study the effect of types and levels of N and P2O5 on non-acidic soils.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Sandy to clay loam in texture, medium black in colour. (b) N.A. (iii) 12.11.1953. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) 80 lb./ac. (d) 9". (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) NP-710. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) One weeding. (ix) 26.06". (x) March, 1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1), (2) and (3)

- (1) 3 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=20$ and $N_2=40$ lb./ac.
- (2) 2 sources of $N: S_1=A/S$ and $S_2=U$ rea.
- (3) 3 levels of P_2O_5 (as Triple Super). : $P_0=0$, $P_1=20$ and $P_2=40$ lb./ac.

Triple Super applied 10 days before sowing and N applied at the time of sowing.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 15. (b) N.A. (iii) 3. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) $37' \times 10.5'$. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Normal. (ii) Crop was slightly damaged by tiny white tugs on leaves and rat pests. (iii) Grain yield.
- (iv) (a) 1953 to 1956. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Banaras, Pura. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 2368 lb./ac.
- (ii) 195.7 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effects and interactions are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| : | \mathbf{N}_0 | N_1 | \mathbf{N}_2 | Mean | \mathbf{S}_3 | S_2 | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|------|----------------|-------|------|
| P ₀ | 2263 | 2314 | 2324 | 2308 | 2394 | 2244 | 2319 |
| P ₁ | 2273 | 2396 | 2364 | 2359 | 2426 | 2334 | 2380 |
| P_2 | 2482 | 2406 | 2448 | 2438 | 2 446 | 2408 | 2427 |
| Mean | 2339 | 2372 | 2279 | 2368 | 2 422 | 2329 | 2 |
| Sı | _ | 2431 | 2412 | 2422 | _ | | |
| S_2 | | 2312 | 2445 | 2329 | | | |
| Mean | | 2372 | 2379 | | | | |

| For table ' $N \times P'$: | |
|--|----------------|
| S.E. of marginal mean of column No | =65.2 lb./ac. |
| S.E. of marginal mean of column (N ₁ , N ₂) | =46.1 lt./ac. |
| S.E. of marginal mean of row | =50.6 lb./ac. |
| For table ' $P \times S'$: | |
| S.E. of marginal mean of column | =46.1 lb./ac. |
| S.E. of marginal mean of row | =56.5 lb./ac. |
| S.E. of body of table | =79.9 lb./ac. |
| For table ' $S \times N$ '. | |
| S.E. of marginal mean (row or column) | =46.1 lb./ac. |
| S.E. of body of table | ==65.2 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Wheat.

Ref:-Simple trials on cultivator's fields (T.C.M.), 1953.

Centre:-Rajkot (Gujarat). Type: 'M'.

Object:—I (a) (i) To study the effect of different levels and sources of N.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

- (i) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) Medium black—clay loam—pH. 8.3. [iii) Nil. (iv) Improved variety.
- (v) N.A. (vi) October-November. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) March. 1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

O = Control.

 $N_1 = A/S$ at 20 lb./ac. of N.

 $N_2 = A/S$ at 40 lb./ac. of N.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Eleven comunity project centres, representing the entire wheat growing tract of the country, were selected. Form each community project centre, one development block was selected. Villages were selected at random from the selected block and a list of cultivators growing wheat for each selected village was prepared. From this list, two cultivators were selected at random and one field each belonging to them was taken for trial. In each selected field an unreplicated trial was laid out. (iii) N.A. (iv) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1953-1956. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

| Treatment | Av. yield in lb./ac. |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 1388 |
| N_1 | 1486 |
| N_2 | 1584 |
| G.M. | = 1446 ı |
| S.E. for control | =24.10 |
| S.E. for others | =41.72 |
| No. of experiments | 13 |

Crop :- Wheat

Ref :- Simple trials on cultivators, fields (T.C.M.), 1953.

Centre : Rajkot (Gujarat)

Type: 'M'.

Object: I (a) (iii) To study the effect of different levels and sources of N.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) Medium black-clay loam—pH.8.3. (iii) Nil. (iv) Improved variety. (v) N.A. (vi) October—November. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) March 1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

O =Control.

 N_1'' = Urea at 20 lb./ac. of N.

 N_2 " = Urea at 40 lb./ac. of N.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Eleven community project centres, representing the entire wheat growing tract of the country, were selected. From each community project centre, one development block was selected. Villages were selected at random from the selected block and a list of cultivators growing wheat for each selected village was prepared. From this list, two cultivators were selected at random and one field each belonging to them was taken for trial. In each selected field an unreplicated trial was laid out. (iii) N.A. (iv) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain Yield. (iv) (a) 1953—1956. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

| Treatment | Av. yield in lb./ac. |
|-----------|------------------------------|
| O | 1405 |
| N_1 " | 1600 |
| N_2 " | 1605 |
| G.M. | =1484 |
| S.E. | for control $=31.18$ lb./ac. |
| S.F. | for others $=55.54$ lb./ac. |
| No. | of experiments 17 |

Crop :- Wheat.

Ref: Simple trials on cultivator's fields (T.C.M.), 1953.

Centre:- Rajkot (Gujarat).

Type: 'M'.

Object: -I (b) (l) To study different levels and types of N and P2O5.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) Medium black-clay loam—pH 8.3. (iii) Nil. (iv) Improved variety. (v) N.A. (vi) October—November. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) March.

2. TREATMENTS:

O =Control.

P = Super at 20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 .

 $N_1P = A/S$ at 20 lb./ac. of N + 20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

 $N_2P = A/S$ at 40 lb./ac. of N + 20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Eleven community project centres, representing the entire wheat growing tract of the country, were selected. From each community project centre, one development block was selected. Villages were selected at random from the selected block and a list of cultivators growing wheat for each selected village was prepared. From this list, two cultivators were selected at random and one field each belonging to them was taken for trial. In each selected field an unreplicated trial was laid out. (iii) N.A. (iv) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1953-56. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

| Treatment | Av. yield | in lb./ac. |
|-----------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 0 | 1193 | 2 |
| P | 132: | 5 |
| N_1P | 142 | 3 |
| N_2P | 147 | 7 |
| G.M. | 132 | 1 |
| | S.E. for control | 32.50 lb./ac. |
| | S.E. for others | 45.99 lb./ac. |
| | No. of experiments 16 | |

Crop: Wheat. Ref: Simple trials on cultivator's fields (T.C.M.), 1953.

Centre: Rajkot (Gujarat). Type: 'M'.

Object :- I (b) (iii) To study different levels and types of N and P2O5.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) to (c) N.A. (ii) Medium black—clay loam—pH.8.3 (iii) Nil. (iv) Improved variety. (v) N.A. (vi) October-November. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) March.

2. TREATMENTS:

0 = Control.

P = 20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

 $N_1'P$ = Urea at 20 lb./ac. of N +20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

 $N_2''P$ = Urea at 40 lb./ac. of N+20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

3. DESIGN

(i) and (ii) Eleven community project centres, representing the entire wheat growing tract of the country, were selected. From each community project centre, one development block was selected. Villages were selected at random from the selected block and a list of cultivators growing wheat for each selected village was prepared. From this, list two cultivators were selected at random and one field each belonging to them was taken for trial. In each selected field an unreplicated trial was laid out. (iii) N.A. (iv) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1953-1956. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

| Treatment | Av. yield in lb./ac. |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| C) | 1543 |
| P' | 1651 |
| N ₁ "P | 1649 |
| N ₂ "P | 1697 |
| G.M. | 1617 |
| S.E. for control | 23.53 lb./ac. |
| S.E. for others | =33.32 lb./ac. |
| No. of experimen | nts = 14 |

Crop :- Wheat. Ref :- Simple trials on cultivator's fields (T.C.M.), 1953.

Centre :- Rajkot (Gujarat).

Type: 'M'.

Object: - I (b) (ii), To study different levels and types of N and P2O5

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) and (c) N.A. (ii) Medium black—clay loam—pH 8.3. (iii) Nil. (iv) Improved variety. (v) N.A. (vi) October-November. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) March.

2. TREATMENTS:

O = Control.

P = 20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

 $N_1P = A/S$ at 20 lb./ac. of N+20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

 $N_2P = A/S$ at 40 lb./ac. of N+20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

 $N_1''P$ = Urea at 20 lb./ac. of N + 20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Eleven community project centres, representing the entire wheat growing tract of the country, were selected. From each community project centre, one development clock was selected. Villages were selected at random from the selected block and a list of cultivators growing wheat for each selected village was prepared. From this list, two cultivator's were selected at random and one field each belonging to them was taken for trial. In each selected field an unreplicated trial was laid out. (iii, N.A. (iv) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1953—1956. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

| Treatment | Av. y eld in lb./ac. |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 1562 |
| P | 1638 |
| N_1P | 1595 |
| N_2P | 1720 |
| N ₁ "P | 1674 |
| G.M. | 1638 |
| S.E./mean | = 49.37 lb./ac. |
| No. of experimen | nts 12 |

Crop:- Wheat. Ref: Simple trials on cultivator's fields (T.C.M.), 1953.

Centre: Rajkot (Gujarat). Type: 'M'.

Object:—(iv) (ii), To study the effects of types and levels of P2O5 and N.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) Medium black-clay loam-pH 8.3. (iii) Nil. (iv) Improved variety. (v) N.A. (vi) October-November. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) March.

2. TREATMENTS:

O =Control

N = A/S at 40 lb./ac. of N.

 $NP_1 = A/S$ at 40 lb./ac. of N+Super at 20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 .

 $NP_2 = A/S$ at 40 lb./ac. of N+Super at 40 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 .

 $NP_1' = (A/S + Ammo. Phos.)$ at 40 lb./ac. of N+20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 .

 $NP_2' = (A/S + Ammo. Phos.)$ at 40 lb./ac. of N+40 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 .

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Eleven community project centres, representing the entire wheat growing tract of the country, were selected. Form each community project centre, one development block was selected. Villages were selected at random from the selected block and a list of cultivators growing wheat for each selected village was prepared. Form this, list two cultivator's were selected at random and one field each belonging to them was taken for trial. In each selected field an unreplicated trial was laid out. (iii) N.A. (iv) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal, (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1953-1956, (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi. and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

| Treatment | Av. yield in lb./ac. |
|---------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 1336 |
| N | 1479 |
| NP_1 | 1409 |
| NP_2 | 1498 |
| NP_1' | 1495 |
| NP2' | 1525 |
| G.M. | 1457 |
| S.E./mean | = 28.72 lb./ac. |
| No. of experi | ments 7 |

Crop:- Wheat. Ref: Simple trials on cultivator's fields(T.C.M.), 1953.

Centre: Rajkot (Gujarat). Type : 'M'.

Object: -(iv) (i), To study the effects of types and levels of P₂O₅ and N.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) Medium black-clay loam-pH 8.3. (iii) Nil. (iv) Improved variety. (vii) October-November. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (x) N.A. (x) March.

2. TREATMENTS:

O =Control.

N = A/S at 40 lb./ac. of N.

 $NP_1 = A/S$ at 40 lb./ac. of N+Super at 20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 .

 $NP_2 = A/S$ at 40 lb./ac. of N+Super at 40 lb./ac. of P_2O_3 .

 $NP_1' = (A/S + Nitro. Phos)$ at 40 lb./ac. of N+20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 .

 $NP_2' = (A/S + Nitro, Phos.)$ at 40 lb /ac. of N+40 lb., ac. of P_2O_5 .

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Eleven community project centres, representing the entire wheat growing tract of the courtry, were selected. From each community project centre, on a development block was selected. Valages were selected at random from the selected block and a list of cultivators growing wheat for each selected vill, go was prepared. From this, list two cultivator's were selected at random and one held each belonging to thera was taken for trial. In each selected field an unreplicated trial was laid out. (iii) N.A. (iv) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) a) 1953—1956. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

| Treatment | Av. yield in lb./ac. | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| О | 1479 | | | |
| N | 1597 | | | |
| NP_1 | 1622 | | | |
| NP_2 | 1802 | | | |
| NP ₁ ' | 1637 | | | |
| NP_2 | 1712 | | | |
| G.M. | 1641 | | | |
| S.E./mean | = 65.58 lb./ac. | | | |
| No. of experie | ments 13 | | | |

Crop :- Wheat-

Ref :- Simple trials on cultivator's fields (T.C.M.) 1953.

Centre :-Rajkot (Gujarat).

Type: 'M'.

Object:—IV (v), To study the different sources and levels of P₂O₅ and N.

BASAL CONDITIONS :

(i) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) Medium black—clay loam—pH 8.3. (iii) Nil. (iv) Improved variety.

(v) N.A. (vi) October-November. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) March.

2. TREATMENTS:

O = Control.

N = A/S at 40 lb./ac. of N

 $NP'_1 = (A/S + Nitro. phos.)$ at 40 lb./ac. of N+20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

 $NP'_2 = (A/S + Nitro \cdot phos.)$ at 40 lb./ac. of N+40 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

 $NP''_1 = (AS + Ammo. phos.)$ at 40 lb./ac. of N+20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

 $NP'_2 = (A/S + Ammo. phos.)$ at 40 lb./ac. of N+40 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Eleven community project centres, representing the entire wheat growing tract of the country, were selected. From each community project centre, one development block was selected. Villages were selected at random from the selected block and a list of cultivators growing wheat for each selected village was prepared. From this, list two cultivator's were selected at random and one field each belonging to them was taken for trial. In each selected field an unreplicated trial was laid out. (iii) N.A. (iv) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yeild. (iv) (a) 1953-1956. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

| Treatment | Av. yield in lb./ac. |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 1362 |
| N | 1382 |
| NP' ₁ | 1446 |
| NP'2 | 1469 |
| NP' ₁ | 1562 |
| NP" ₂ | 1558 |
| G.M. | 1453 |
| S.E./mean | =55.54 lb./ac. |
| No. of experiments | 13 |

Crop :- Wheat.

Ref:-Complex experiments (T.C.M.) 1953.

Centre :-Paliad (Gujarat).

Type : "MV".

Object:-VIII, To study the effect of N and P2O5 along with varieties.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Sandy to clay loam medium black in colour. (b) N.A. (iii) 14.11.1953. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) 80 lb./ac. (d) 9". (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) As per treatments (vii) Irrigated. (viii) One weeding. (ix) 26.06". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1), (2) and (3)

- (1) 3 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=20$ and $N_2=40$ lb./ac.
- (2) 3 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=20$ and $P_2=40$ lb./ac.
- (3) 3 varieties: V_1 =Local, V_2 =Kenphad and V_3 =N.P. 715.

N as A/S and P_2O_5 as Triple Super.

A/S braodcast at the time of sowing and P2O5 at the time of ploughing in between two sowing dates.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 38 Fact. in R.B.D. (confounded). (ii) (a) 9 plots/block; 3 blocks/replication (b) N.A. (iii) 1. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) 37'×10.5'. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Slight attack of tiny white bugs and rat pests. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1953—1956. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Kotah, Banaras, Pura and Niphad. (b) No. (vi) Nil. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 2183 lb/ac.
- (ii) 134.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only interaction PV is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N ₀ | N_1 | N ₂ | Mean | V_1 | Vz | V ₃ |
|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|--------|-------|---------------|--------------------------|
| P ₀ | 2154 | 2322 | 2217 | 2231 | 2211 | 1994 | 2489 |
| P ₁ | 2090 | 2170 | 2181 | 2147 | 2254 | 1994° | 2193 |
| P ₂ | 2126 | 2132 | 2251 | 2170 | 2155 | 2279 | 2074 |
| Mean | 2123 | 2208 | 2217 | 2183 | 2207 | 2 0 89 | 2252 |
| V ₁ | 2080 | 2272 | 2268 | | ***** | | ANT PRODUCTION ASSESSED. |
| V ₂ | 2159 | 2040 | 2069 | 1 4 | | | |
| V_3 | 2130 | 2312 | 2314 | 1 | | | |

S.E. of any marginal means =44.9 lb/ac. S.E. of body of table =77.8 lb/ac.

Crop :-Wheat.

Ref:-Complex experiments (T.C.M.),1953.

Centre :-Paliad (Gujarat).

Type: 'MV'.

Object:—VII, To study the effect of irrigation along with manures.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) to (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Sandy to clay loam in texture, medium black in colour. (b) N.A. (iii) 12.11.1953. (iv) (a) N. .. (b) Drilled. (c) 80 lb./ac. (d) 9*. (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) NP-715. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) One weeding. (ix) 23.06*. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1), (2) and (3)

- (1) 3 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=20$ and $N_2=40$ lb./ac.
- (2) 3 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=20$ and $P_2=40$ lb./ac.
- (3) 3 levels of Irrigation: $I_1=8$ days interval, $I_2=12$ days interval and $I_3=16$ days interval.

N as A/S and P_2O_5 as triple Super. A/S broadcast at tha time of sowing and P_2O_5 applied at the time of ploughing in between two sowing dates.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 33 Fact, in R.B.D. (confounded). (ii) (a) 9 plots/block and 3 blocks/replication, (b) N.A. (iii) 1. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) 37'×10.5', (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal (ii) Attack of tiny white bugs on leaves. Attack of stemborer and rat pests; no specific damage to crop. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1953—56. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Kotah, Banaras, Pura, (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 2335 lb./ac.
- (ii) 227.9 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N_0 | N_1 | N ₂ | Mean | I ₁ | I ₂ | I_3 |
|----------------|-------|-------|----------------|------|----------------|----------------|-------|
| P ₀ | 2185 | 2380 | 2236 | 2267 | 2163 | 2372 | 2264 |
| P ₁ | 2205 | 2328 | 2491 | 2342 | 2350 | 2 347 | 2329 |
| P ₂ | 2424 | 2449 | 2318 | 2397 | 2538 | 2 448 | 2207 |
| Mean | 2271 | 2386 | 2348 | 2335 | 2350 | 2389 | 2266 |
| I ₁ | 2221 | 2440 | 2390 | | | | |
| I ₂ | 2335 | 2401 | 2431 | | | | |
| I ₃ | 2258 | 2316 | 2225 | | | | |

S.E. of any marginal means

= 75.9 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=131.6 lb./ac.

Crop:-Wheat (Rabi).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Ref :-Gj. 53(32).

Type :-'C'.

Object:—To study the economic seed rate for irrigated Wheat in this tract.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Bajra—Groundnut (Kharif) and Wheat (Rabi)—Cotton. (b) Groundnut. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 5.11.1953. (iv) (a) 2 horrowings. (b) Drilled. c) As per treatments. (d) 9°. (e) —. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. in the morth of October: (vi) Kenphad R.R. (medium). (vii) Irrigaied. (viii) Weeding once. (ix) Nil. (x) 11.3.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

5 seed rates: $R_1=40$, $R_2=60$, $R_3=80$, $R_4=100$ and $R_5=120$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 26'×13.5'. (b) 21'×9.8'. (v) Yes. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL

(i) Good. (ii) Slight attack of rust. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1951—continued. (b) Yes (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 890 lb./ac.
- (ii) 146.8 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield. |
|----------------|----------------|
| R_1 | 862 |
| R_2 | 942 |
| R_3 | 870 |
| R_4 | 854 |
| R ₅ | 921 |
| S.E./mean | =65.7 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 48(37).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej.

Type: 'C'.

Object:—To find out the suitable and economic seed rate and spacing for Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Wheat. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Arnej. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) and (b) N.A. (c) and (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Gulab (medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Nil. (ix) Rabi season hence negligible. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings between rows: $S_1=12^n$, $S_2=15^n$ and $S_3=13^n$.

Sub-plot treatments:

4 seed rates: $R_1=30$, $R_2=40$, $R_3=50$ and $R_4=60$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plet. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block and 4 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $40^{\circ} \times 20^{\circ}$ for 12" and 15" spacing and $40^{\circ} \times 21^{\circ}$ for 18" spacing. (b) $35^{\circ} \times 15^{\circ}$. (v) $2^{\circ} \times 2\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ for 12" and 15" spacing and $2^{\circ} \times 3^{\circ}$ for 18" spacing. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Normal, (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1947--1949 (further modified in 1950-1951.) (b) No.
- (c) N.A. (v) (a) Bhuwa. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 233 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 54.35 lb,/ac.
 - (b) 70.59 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| , | S_1 | S_2 | S_3 | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| R ₁ | 220 | 206 | 189 | 205 |
| R_2 | 238 | 289 | 246 | 238 |
| R ₃ | 225 | 226 | 266 | 239 |
| R ₄ | 254 | 225 | 219 | 233 |
| Mean | 234 | 236 | 230 | 233 |

S.E. of difference of two

1. spacing marginal means = 15.68 lb./ac.
2. seed rate marginal means = 23.53 lb./ac.
3. seed rate means at the same level of spacing = 40.76 lb./ac.
4 spacing means at the same level of seed rate = 38.60 lb./ac.

Crop :- Wheat (Rabi)

Ref: ~ Gj. 49(64).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej.

Type : 'C'.

Object: - To find out suitable and economic seed rate and spacing for Wheat.

I. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Wheat. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Arnej. (iii) 27.10.1949. (iv) (a) and (b) N.A. (c) and (d. As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Gulab (medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Nil. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot-treatments:

3 spacings between rows: $S_1=12^{\circ}$, $S_2=15^{\circ}$ and $S_3=18^{\circ}$.

Sub-plot treatments:

4 seed rates: $R_1 = 30$, $R_2 = 40$, $R_3 = 50$ and $R_4 = 60$ lb /ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block and 4 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $40' \times 19'$ for 12", $40' \times 20'$ for 15" and $40' \times 21'$ for 18" spacing respectively. (b) $36' \times 5'$. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1947—1949. (Further modified in 1952-1953). (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Bhuwa and Jalagaon. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 644 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 41.04 lb./ac.
 - (b) 89.93 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| } | S_1 | S_2 | S ₃ | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------------|----------------|------|
| R ₁ | 591 | 614 | 605 | 603 |
| R ₂ | 698 | 645 | 671 | 671 |
| R ₃ | 666 | 619 | 636 | 640 |
| R ₄ | 681 | 64 6 | 652 | 660 |
| Mean | 659 | 631 | 641 | 644 |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. | S marginal means | =11.82 lb./ac. |
|----|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 2. | R marginal means | =29.98 lb./ac. |
| 3. | R means at the same level of S | =51.92 lb./ac. |
| 4. | S means at the same level of R | =46.72 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 52(93).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej.

Type :-'C'.

Object:-To find out suitable spacing and economic seed rate for Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Wheat. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black to deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Arnej. (iii) 24 10.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) and (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) A—206. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Weeding. (ix) Rabi season hence negligible. (x) 21.2.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 seed rates: $R_1=30$, $R_2=40$ and $R_3=50$ lb./ac.

Sub-plot treatments:

2 spacings: $S_1=9''$ and $S_2=12''$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block; 2 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) $84' \times 63'$. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) main-plot: $84' \times 21'$ and sub-plot: $42' \times 21'$. (b) $36' \times 15'$. (v) 3' all round net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The emergence of the seedlings was good and uniform in all treatments. All the plants in different plots attained maturity at the same time. (ii) Nil. (iii) Weight of grain. (iv. (a) 1952—1955. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Bhuna and Jalagaon. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 710 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 62.9 lb./ac.
 - (b) 88.7 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | R ₁ | R ₂ | R_3 | Mean |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|------------|------------|
| S ₁ S ₂ | 681 687 | 700 704 | 739 751 | 706 714 |
| Mean | 684 | 702 | 745 | 710 |

S.E. of difference of two

1. R marginal means=25.10 lb./ac.2. S marginal means=27.38 lb./ac.3. S means at the same level of R=50.82 lb./ac.4. R means at the same level of S=44.38 lb./ac.

Crop :-Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 53(51).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej.

Type : "C'.

Object:—To find out the suitable spacing and economic seed rate for Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Wheat. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black to deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis, (iii) 27.10 1953. (iv) (a) 4 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) and (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) A.—206 (medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Nil. (ix) Rabi season hence negligible. (x) 22.2.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 seed rates: $R_1=30$, $R_2=40$ and $R_3=50$ lb./ac.

Sub-plot treatments:

2 spacings between rows: $S_1=9''$ and $S_2=12''$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block and 2 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) 42 $^{\prime}$ ×21 $^{\prime}$ (main-plot: 84 $^{\prime}$ ×63 $^{\prime}$.) (b) 36 $^{\prime}$ ×15 $^{\prime}$. (v) 3 alround the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Germination was satisfactory and crop stand was good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1952—1955. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Bhuwa and Jalagaon. (b) N.A. (vi) The cloudy wheather at the time of milky stage affected the grain size and maturity. (vii) No.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 838 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 53.24 lb/ac.
 - (b) 55.66 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | R ₁ | R_2 | R ₃ | Mean |
|-----------------------|----------------|-------|----------------|-------------|
| S ₁ | 850 | 832 | 823 | 835 |
| S ₂ | 8 68 | 875 | 784 | 842 |
| Mean | 859 | 853 | 803 | 83 8 |

S E. of aifference of two

R marginal means = 21.69 lb./ac.
 S marginal means = 18.61 lb./ac.
 S means at the same level of R = 32.03 lb./ac.
 R means at the same level of S = 31.33 lb./ae.

Crop :- Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 50(61).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej.

Type :- 'C'.

Object:—To find the best preparatory tillage for Wheat crop.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black to deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Areej. (iii) 26.10.1950. (iv) (a) As per treatments. (b) Drilling. (c) 40 lb./ac. (d) 12". (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) A-206. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Nil. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) 5.3.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 2 levels of ploughing: L_0 =No ploughing and L_1 =One ploughing.
- (2) 4 levels of harrowing: $H_1=2$, $H_2=3$, $H_3=4$ and $H_4=5$ harrowings.

Date of ploughing -4.10.1950 and dates of harrowings: -4,8,12,16 and 19.10.1950.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×2 Fact, in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 8. (b) $113'\times112'$. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $113'\times14'$. (b) $109'\times10'$. (b) 2' all round net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950—1955. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 676 lb./ac.
- (ii) 61.2 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effect of ploughing alone is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | H_1 | H ₂ | H ₃ | H4 | Mean |
|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|-----|------|
| L ₀ | 703 | 736 | 710 | 701 | 713 |
| L ₁ | 641 | 623 | 650 | 643 | 639 |
| Mean | 672 | 630 | 680 | 672 | 676 |

S.E. of marginal mean of H

=21.60 lb./ac.

S.E. of marginal mean of L

=15.30 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table,

=30.60 lb./ac.

Crop: Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 52(92).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej.

Type :- 'C'.

Object:—To find the best preparatory tillage for Wheat crop.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Gram. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black to deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Arnej. (iii) 16.10.1952. (iv) (a) As per treatments. (b) Drilled. (c) 40 lb./ac. (d) 12" between rows. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) A-206. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Weeding. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) 16.2.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 2 levels of ploughing : L_0 =No ploughing and L_1 =One ploughing.
- (2) 4 levels of harrowing: $H_1=2$, $H_2=3$, $H_3=4$ and $H_4=5$ harrowings.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×2 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 8. (b) $113'\times112'$. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $113'\times14'$. (b) $109'\times10'$. (v) 2' all round. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The germination was good in plots receiving 4 and 5 harrowings; and was not good in plots receiving 2 and 3 harrowings. There was however no difference between treatments in the later phase of plant development. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield (iv) (a) 1950—1955. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) Nil. (vi) Nil. (vii) The experiment was vitiated in 1951.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 400 lb./ac.
- (ii) 59.04 lb./ac.
- (iii) The main effect of harrowings and ploughings are highly significant and interaction is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| POPPELIA CO | H ₁ | H ₂ | H ₃ | H ₄ | Mean |
|-------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| Lo | 238 | 297 | 466 | 484 | 37i |
| L_1 | 349 | 382 | 505 | 475 | 428 |
| Mean | 293 | 340 | 486 | 480 | 400 |
| | | | | | |

S.E. of marginal mean of H = 20.90 lb./ac.
S.E. of marginal mean of L = 14.80 lb./ac.
S.E. of body of table = 29.50 lb./ac.

Crop:-Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 53(49).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej.

Type :-'C'.

Object: -To find the best preparatory tillage for Wheat crop.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Gram. (c) Nil. (ii) a) Medium black to deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Arnej. (iii) 24.10.1953. (iv) (a) As per treatments. (b) N.A. (c) 40 lb./ac. (d) 12" between rows. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) A—206 (medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Weeding. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) 22.2,1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations (1) and (2)

- (1) 2 levels of ploughing: L_0 =No ploughing and L_1 =One ploughing.
- (2) 4 levels of harrowing: $H_1=2$, $H_2=3$, $H_3=4$ and $H_4=5$ harrowings. Date of ploughing—28.9.1950.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×2 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 8. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) $(a^{v-1}13'\times14', (b) - 109'\times10', (v) - 2')$ all round net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Germination satisfactory and the stand of the crop fair. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950—1955.

 (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) The cloudy wheather at the time of milky stage affected the
- (b) No. (c) N.A. (x) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) The cloudy wheather at the time of milky stage affected the grain size and maturity. (vii) Nil.

- (i) 903 lb./ac.
- (ii) 97.60 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | H ₁ | H ₂ | H ₈ | H ₄ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|------|
| L ₀ | 893 | 867 | 926 | 905 | 898 |
| L_1 | 855 | 946 | 8 6 5 | 968 | 908 |
| ean | 874 | 906 | 895 | 936 | 903 |

S.E. of marginal means of H

=34.50 lb./ac.

S.E. of marginal means of L

=24.40 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=48.90 lb./ac.

Crop:-Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 49(54).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type : "'C'.

Object: -To find out suitable spacing and sowing dates for Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Fallow. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black soils. (b) N.A. (iii) Normal sowing date 10.10.1949; other sowing dates-according to treatments. (iv) (a) Ploughing. (b) Drilling. (c) N.A. (d) Between rows—according to treatments; between plants irregular. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Niphad-4. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) One interculturing and one weeding. (ix) 0.46°. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

5 sowing dates: D₁=Two weeks before the normal sowing date (26.9.1949).

 D_2 =One week before the normal sowing date (3.10.1949).

 D_3 =Normal sowing date (10.10.1949)

 D_4 =One week after the normal sowing date (17.10.1949).

D₅=Two weeks after the normal sowing date (24.10.1949).

Sub-plot treatments:

2 spacings between rows: $S_1=24$ " and $S_2=27$ ".

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 5 main-plots/block; 2 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) 33'×18'. (v) Two rows on either side and 3' of rows on either end. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) N.A. (ii) Heavy attack of stem borer. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1949—1950. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v)
- (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 572 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 166.4 lb./ac.
 - (b) 72.9 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effect of D and interaction D×S are significant. Effect of S is not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| - | D_1 | D_2 | D_3 | D4 | D_5 | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|------|
| Sı | 543 | 543 | 453 | 627 | 753 | 584 |
| S ₂ | 562 | 533 | 516 | 481 | 714 | 561 |
| Mean | 553 | 538 | 484 | 554 | 733 | 572 |

S.E. of difference of two

1. D marginal means

=67.9 lb./ac.

2. S marginal means

=18.8 lb./ac.

3. S means at the same level of D

=42.1 lb /ac.

4. D means at the same level of S

=74.1 lb./ac.

Crop Wheat (Rabi).

Ref : Gj. 50(67).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type : "C'.

Object: - To find out suitable spacing and sowing dates for Wheet.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Lang and Gram. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black soil. (b) N.A. (iii) As per treatments. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) N.A. (d) Between rows-according to treatments; between plants-irregular. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Gulab. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 6 weedings. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) 4 to 8.3.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

5 sowing dates:

 D_1 =Two weeks before normal sowing date (10.10.1950).

D₂=One week before normal sowing date (17.10.1950).

 D_3 =Normal sowing date (24.10.1950).

 D_4 =One week after the normal sowing date (31.10.1950).

 D_5 =Two weeks after the normal sowing date (7.11.1950).

Sub-plot treatments:

2 spacings between rows: $S_1=24''$ and $S_2=27''$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 5 main-plots/block; 2 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $39' \times 26'$, $39' \times 27'$ for spacings 24" and 27" respectively. (b) $33' \times 18'$. (v) Two rows on either side and 3' of rows on either end. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The crop remained stunted for want of rains. The grains also remained spotted for want of sufficient moisture at the end. (ii) The mild attack, with very regligible damage, of ground hoppers and rats were experienced. Dusting gammaxene on 27.1:.1950. (iii) Grain and chaff yield. (iv) (a) 1949-1950. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) N il.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 410 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 57.26 ib.iac.
 - (b) 43.38 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effect of D alone is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| • | D_1 | D_2 | D_3 | D_4 | D_t | Mean |
|----------------|-------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| $\mathbf{S_1}$ | 310 | 449 | 483 | 443 | 410 | 419 |
| S ₂ | 274 | 440 | 468 | 407 | 410 | 400 |
| Mean | 292 | 445 | 476 | 425 | 410 | 410 |

S.E. of difference of two

| ŧ. | D marginal means | == 23.37 lb./ac. |
|----|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 2. | S marginal means | =11.18 lb./ac. |
| 3. | S means at the same level of D | =25.04 lb./ac. |
| 4. | D means at the same level of S | =29.3 lb./ac. |

Crop: Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 52(352).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type :- 'C'.

Object:-To find out suitable spacing and seed rate for Wheat cros.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) N.A. (lii) 15, 16.10.1952, (iv) (a) 6 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) and (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) K-25. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Nil. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) 12.2.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings between rows: $S_1=18^{\prime\prime}$, $S_2=24^{\prime\prime}$ and $S_3=27^{\prime\prime}$.

Sub-plot treatments:

3 seed rates: $R_1=30$, $R_2=40$ and $R_3=50$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block; 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) $36' \times 21'$. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Due to lack of moisture in soil and also due to grass hoppers, the growth was checked. (ii) Grass hoppers caused a little damage. Gammaxene was applied. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1952—1955. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 53 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 20 63 lb./ac.
 - (b) 18.09 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | S_1 | S ₂ | S ₃ | Mean |
|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|------|
| R ₁ | 55 | 55 | 36 | 49 |
| R ₂ | 62 | 59 | 43 | 55 |
| R ₃ | 51 | 55 | 64 | 57 |
| Mean | 56 | 56 | 48 | 53 |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. | S marginal means | = 6.87 lb./ac. |
|----|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 2. | R marginal means | = 6.02 lb./ac. |
| 3. | R means at the same level of S | =10.44 lb./ac. |
| 4. | S means at the same level of R | =10.95 lb./ac. |

Crop:- Wheat. (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 53(192).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type:- 'C'.

Object:—To find out suitable spacing and seed rate for Wheat crop.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Wheat. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 28.10.1953. (iv) (a) 6 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) and (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) 15 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. on 30.5.1953 by broadcasting. (vi) Kenphad (medium). (vii) Nil. (viii) Nil. (ix) 0.10°. (x) 4.3.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings between rows: $S_1=18$ ", $S_2=24$ " and $S_3=27$ ".

Sub-plot treatments:

 β seedrates: R₁=30, R₂=40 and R₃=50 lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block; 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $39' \times 27'$, $40' \times 27'$ and $40.5' \times 27'$ for 18", 24" and 27" spacings respectively. (b) $36' \times 21'$. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Crop growth was unsatisfactory due to insufficient moisture. (ii) Mild attack of grass hoppers. No control measures were taken. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1952—1955. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) yield very low. This may be treated as vitiated.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 94.35 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 32.89 lb./ac.
 - (b) 21.43 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only sub-plot treatments differ highly significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | S_1 | S_2 | S_3 | Mean |
|----------------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|
| R ₁ | 67.2 | 68.3 | 78.5 | 71.3 |
| R ₂ | 73.8 | 9 9. 6 | 101.9 | 91.8 |
| R ₃ | 127.7 | 109.7 | 121.6 | 119.7 |
| Mean | 89.6 | 92.5 | 100.7 | 94.3 |

S.E. of difference of two

S marginal means
 R marginal means
 R means at the same level of S
 S means at the same level of R
 S means at the same level of R
 Ib./ac.
 Ib./ac.

Crop : Wheat. (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 48(30).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Dohad.

Type : 'C'.

Object:—To find out suitable spacing and sowing dates for Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Maize. (c) 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Dark brown. (b) Refer soi. analysis, Dohad. (iii) As per treatments. (iv) (a) 4 ploughings. (b) and (c) N.A. (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Niphād-4 (medium). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) 2 weedings. (ix) Nil. (x) 3.3-1949.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments

5 sowing dates: $D_1=21.10.1948$, $D_2=28.10.1948$, $D_3=4.11.1948$, $D_4=11.11.1948$ and $D_5=18.11.1948$. Sub-plot treatments:

2 spacings between rows: $S_1 = 15''$ and $S_2 = 18''$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 5 main-plots/block; 2 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) 39'×20' for 15" spacing and 39'×21' for 18" spacing. (b) 33'×15'. (v) Two rows on either side and 3' of rows on either end. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Satisfactory. (ii) Root-rot trouble in some plots. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1950. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1079 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 163.1 lb./ac.
 - (b) 272.3 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | D_1 | D_2 | D_8 | D_4 | D_{δ} | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|------|
| S_1 | 1073 | 1118 | 1104 | 969 | 0:6 | 1064 |
| S ₂ | 1017 | 1130 | 1096 | 1073 | 1147 | 1094 |
| Mean | 1045 | 1124 | 1100 | 1021 | 1102 | 1079 |

S.E. of difference of two

1. D marginal means

= 66.6 lb./ac.

2. S marginal means

= 70.3 lb./ac.

3. S means at the same level of D

=157.4 lb./ac.

4. D means at the same level of S

=129.6 lb./ac.

Crop: Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 49(51).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Dohad.

Type :- 'C'.

Object: To find out suitable spacings and sowing dates for Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Maize. (c) 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Black soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dohad. (iii) As per treatments (iv) (a) 4 ploughings. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Niphad—4. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) One weeding. (ix) Nil. (x) 10.3.1950.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

5 sowing dates: $D_1=21.10.1949$, $D_2=28.10.1949$, $D_3=4.11.1949$, $D_4=11.11.1949$ and $D_5=18.11.1949$. Sub-plot treatments:

2 spacings between rows: $S_1 = 15''$ and $S_2 = 18''$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 5 main-plots/block; 2 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6 (iv) (a) 39'×20' for 15" spacing; 39'×21' for 18" spacing. (b) 33'×15'. (v) Two rows on either side and 3' of rows on either end. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1950. (b) ¡No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1066 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 156.9 lb./ac.
 - (b) 121.8 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only D effect is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | D_1 | D_2 | D_3 | D_4 | D_5 | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| S ₁ | 1069 | 1012 | 1010 | 1172 | 983 | 1049 |
| S_2 | 1145 | 999 | 1073 | 1201 | 998 | 1083 |
| Mean | 1108 | 1006 | 1042 | 1186 | 990 | 1066 |

S.E. of difference of two

| | ** | |
|----|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. | D marginal means | = 64.1 lb./ac. |
| 2. | S marginal means | =31.5 lb./ac. |
| 3. | S means at the same level of D | =:70.4 lb./ac. |
| 4. | D means at the same level of S | ==81.1 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 50(65).

Site: Agri. Res. Stn., Dohad.

Type: 'C'.

Object: -To find out suitable spacings and sowing dates for Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Green manuring crop. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Dark brown. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dohad. (iii) As per treatments. (lv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) 60 lb./ac. (d) As per treatments. (e. N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Niphad-4. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) Only hand weeding for a number of days to remove weeds. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) 9.4.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

5 sowing dates: $D_1=21.10.1950$, $D_2=28.10.1950$, $D_3=4.11.1950$, $D_4=11.11.1950$ and $D_5=18.11.1950$.

Sub-plot treatments:

2 spacings (rows \times plants): $S_1=15''\times4''$ and $S_2=18''\times4''$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 5 main-plots/block; 2 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) 39'×20' for 15" spacing; 39'×21' for 18" spacing. (b) 33'×15'. (v) Two rows on either side and 3' of rows on either end. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Germination and the general growth of the crop was satisfactory. Hot season started earlier due to which the maturity of the crop was hastened. (ii) Slight attack of stem porer, but damage was negligible. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1950. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 875 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 222.2 lb./ac.
 - (b) 116.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| A | D ₁ | D_2 | D_3 | D_4 | D_8 | Mean |
|-------|----------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| S_1 | 764 | 861 | 967 | 990 | 952 | 907 |
| S_2 | 676 | 930 | 920 | 945 | 747 | 844 |
| Mean | 720 | 89 5 | 943 | 968 | 849 | 875 |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. D marginal means | == 90.7 lb./ac. |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| 2. S marginal means | ≕ 30.1 lb./ac. |
| 3. S means at the same level of D | == 67.3 lb./ac. |
| 4. D means at the same level of S | == 102.5 lb./ac. |

Crop: Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 49(139).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Vijapur.

Type :-'C'.

Object:-To ascertain the optimum seed rate for Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Bajra—Wheat. (b) and (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Light sandy soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 27.11.1949. (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. (v) 80 lb./bigha of manure mixture top dressed on 18.12.1949. (vi) J.P.—52 (medium). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

3 seed rates: $R_1=38$, $R_2=59$ and $R_3=80$ lb./bigha.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 3. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) and (b) 51' × 26'. (v) Nil. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Not good. (iii) Mild attack of white ants. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1949-N.A. (b) and (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 475 lb./ac.
- (ii) 108.5 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ highly significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | • |
|----------------|----------------|
| Treatment | Av. yield |
| \mathbb{R}_1 | 318 |
| R_2 | 449 |
| R_3 | 657 |
| S.E./mean | = 44.3 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Wheat (Rabi).

Ref : Gj. 51(228).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Vijapur.

Type :- 'C'.

Object: -To ascertain the optimum seed rate for Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

- (i) (a) Bajra—Wheat. (b) and (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Light sandy soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 16.11.1951. (iv) (a) to
- (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) J.P.—52 (medium). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible.
- (x) 15.3.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

6 seed rates: $R_1=40$, $R_2=60$, $R_3=80$, $R_4=100$, $R_5=120$ and $R_6=136$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) 6. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) and (b) 40'×12'. (v) Nil. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1949—N.A. (b) and (c) No. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 670 lb./ac.
- (ii) 63.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|----------------|---------------|
| R_1 | 590 |
| R_2 | 726 |
| R_3 | 658 |
| R ₄ | 681 |
| R_{δ} | 681 |
| R_6 | 681 |
| S.E./mean | =31.8 lb./ac |

Crop:-Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 52(360).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Vijapur.

Type :- 'C',

Object:-To ascertain the optimum seed rate for Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

- (i) (a) Bajra-Wheat. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Light sandy soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 7.11.1952. (iv) (a) to
- (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Niphad-4 (medium). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible.
- (x) 10.3.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

6 seed rates: $R_1=40$, $R_2=60$, $R_5=80$, $R_6=100$, $R_5=120$ and $R_6=136$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 6. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) and (b) 40'×12'. (v) Nil. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1949—N.A. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 751 lb./ac.
- (ii) 108.2 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ highly significantly.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|---------------|
| t. | 585 |
| 2. | 594 |
| 3. | 770 |
| 4. | 805 |
| 5. | 947 |
| 6. | 804 |
| S.E /mean | =54.1 lb./ac. |

Crop:-Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 50(60).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej.

Type: CV'.

Object:-To find out optimum spacing and economic seed rate for two varieties of Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No (b) Wheat. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black to deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Arnej. (iii) 25.10.1950. (iv) (a: 5 harrowings. (b) Drilled with 2 coultered seed-drill. (c and (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v, N.A. (vi) As per treatments (vii) Unitrigated. (viii) Weeding (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) 4 and 5.3.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 2 varieties : $V_1 = A-206$ and $V_2 = A-624$
- (2) 3 spacings: $S_1=12''$, $S_2=15''$ and $S_3=18''$.

Sub-plot treatments:

4 seed rates: $R_1 = 30$, $R_2 = 40$, $R_3 = 50$ and $R_4 = 60$ lb., ac.

3. DESIGN:

- (i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 6 main-plots/block; 4 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) $160' \times 120'$. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $40 \times 19'$, $40' \times 20'$ and $40' \times 21'$ for 12'', 15'' and 18'' spacings respectively. (b) $36' \times 15'$. (v) Two rows on either side and 2' on both ends of rows of the net plot. (vi) Yes.
- 4. GENERAL:

(i) Good, (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950-1951, (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) No. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS :

- (i) 686 ib/ac.
- (ii) (a) 91.36 lb./ac.
 - (b) 75.02 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only V effect is highly significant. Others are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | S_1 | S_2 | S_3 | Mean | $R_{\mathbf{i}}$ | \mathbb{R}_2 | R_{β} | R_4 |
|----------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|-------|
| V ₁ | 655 | 648 | 656 | 653 | t.47 | G 8 | 653 | 628 |
| V ₂ | 731 | 734 | 694 | 7 20 | 7.13 | 739 | 717 | 708 |
| Mean | 693 | 691 | 675 | 686 | 680 | 709 | 687 | 668 |
| R ₁ | 685 | 677 | 680 | | | | | |
| R ₂ | 704 | 732 | 691 | | | | | |
| R ₃ | 690 | 690 | 683 | | | | | |
| R ₄ | 69 3 | 665 | 647 | | | | | |

S.E. of difference of two

| . 01 | direction of two | |
|------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. | V marginal means | =18.68 lb./ac. |
| 2. | S marginal means | $= 22.88^{-4} b /ac.$ |
| 3. | R marginal means | =21.65 lb /ac. |
| 4. | R means at the same level of V | =30.63 lb./ac. |
| 5. | V means at the same level of R | == 32.42 lb./ac. |
| 6. | R means at the same level of S | =37.51 lb /ac. |
| 7. | S means at the same level of R | =39.70 lb./ac. |
| 8. | means in the body of V×S tabe | =32.37 lb./ac. |
| | | |

Crop : Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 51(63).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej.

Type : 'CV'.

Object:—To find out optimum spacing and economic seed rate for two varieties of Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Wheat. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black to deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Arnej. (iii) 20.10.1951. (iv) (a) Harrowing 5 times. (b) Drilled with 2 coultered drill. (c) and (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) As per treatments. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Weeding. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) 16.2.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 2 varieties: $V_1 = A-206$ and $V_2 = A-624$.
- (2) 3 spacings: $S_1 = 12^n$, $S_2 = 15^n$ and $S_3 = 18^n$.

Sub-plot treatments:

4 seed rates : R_1 =30, R_2 =40, R_3 =50 and R_4 =60 lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 6 main-plots/block; 4 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) $160' \times 120'$. (iii) 4. (iv) a) $40' \times 19'$, $40' \times 20'$ and $40 \times 21'$ for 12'', 15'' and 18'' spacings respectively. (b) $36' \times 15'$. (v) Two rows on either side and 2' on both ends of row. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950-1951. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 287 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 53.30 lb./ac.
 - (b) 41.91 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | S_1 | S_2 | S_3 | Mean | R ₁ | R ₂ | R ₃ | R_4 |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|
| V ₁ | 283 | 268 | 255 | 269 | 251 | 271 | 286 | 267 |
| V ₂ | 331 | 282 | 303 | 305 | 289 | 317 | 305 | 3:0 |
| Mean | 307 | 275 | 279 | 287 | 270 | 294 | 295 | 289 |
| R ₁ | 275 | 267 | 268 | | | | | |
| R ₂ | 303 | 299 | 281 | | | | | |
| R ₃ | 329 | 265 | 292 | | | | | |
| R ₄ | 321 | 270 | 275 | | | | | |

. S.E. o difference of two

1. V marginal means =11.28 lb./ac. 2. S marginal means =13.82 lb./ac. 3. R marginal means =12.09 lb./ac. 4. R means at the same level of V = 17.12 lb./ac.5. V means at the same level of R =18.64 lb./ac.6. R means at the same level of S =20.95 lb./ac. 7. S means at the same level of R =22.82 lb./ac. 8. means in the body of V×S table =19.54 lb./ac.

Crop:-Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 48(111).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Vijapur.

Type :-1'.

Object :- To ascertain the optimum level and interval of irrigation for Wheat.

1 BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Bajra—Wheat. (b) Bajra. (c) 5 C.L./bigha of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Light sandy soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 9.11.1948. (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. v) 160 lb./bigha of Castor cakes at the time of sowing. (vi) N.A. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) 16.3.1949.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 3 levels of irrigation: $I_1 = 30,000$, $I_2 = 35,000$ and $I_3 = 40,000$ gallons/bigha.
- (2) 3 intervals of irrigation: T_1 =Once in 8 days, T_2 =Once in 10 days and T_3 =Once in 12 days.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 3×3 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 9. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) and (b) 31'×14'. (v) Nil. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1945—N.A. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 604 lb./ac.
- (ii) 145.0 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| : | T_1 | T_{2} | T3 | Mean |
|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----|------|
| I ₁ : | 582 | 617 | 542 | 580 |
| Ig | 708 | 672 | 622 | 667 |
| 13 | 642 | 547 | 507 | 565 |
| Mean | 644 | 612 | 557 | 604 |

S.E. of any marginal mean = 37.45 lb/ac. S.E. of body of table = 64.33 lb/ac.

Crop :- Wheat (Rabi).

Ref : Gj. 49(138).

Site: Agri. Res. Stn., Vijapur.

Type :-T'.

Object:-To ascertain the optimum level and interval of irrigation for Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Baira—Wheat. (b) Baira. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Light sandy soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 20.11.194). (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. (v) 80 lb Ibigha of manure mixture, top dressed on 8.12.1949. (vi) C--13 (medium). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 3 levels of irrigation: $I_1=51,000, I_2=59,500$ and $I_4=68,000$ gallons/bigha.
- (2) 3 intervals of irrigation: T_1 =Once in 8 days, T_2 =Once in 10 days and T_3 =Once in 12days.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 3×3 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 9. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) and (b) 33'×15'. (v) Nil. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) White-ant attack observed. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1945—N.A. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 723 lb./ac.
- (ii) 149.2 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | T_1 | T ₂ | T ₃ | Mean | _ |
|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|------|---|
| I ₁ | 739 | 766 | 783 | 763 | |
| $\mathbf{I_2}$ | 801 | 774 | 642 | 739 | |
| I_3 | 713 | 695 | 598 | 669 | |
| Mean | 751 | 745 | 674 | 729 | _ |

S.E. of any marginal mean

=38.5 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=66.7 lb./ac.

Crop :- Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 51(227).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Vijapur.

Type :-'I.'

Object :- To ascertain the optimum level and interval of irrigation for Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Bajra—Wheat. (b) Bajra. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Light sardy soil. (b) N.A. iii) 9.11.1951. (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) J.P.—52 (medium). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) 21.3.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 3 levels of irrigation : $I_1 = 51,000$, $I_2 = 57,800$ and $I_3 = 68,000$ gallons/ac.
- (2) 3 intervals of irrigation: $T_1 = \text{once in 8 days}$, $T_2 = \text{cnce in 10 days}$ and $T_3 = \text{once in 12 days}$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 3×3 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 9. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) 9'×40'. (b) 7'×38'. (v) 1' alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Very good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1945—N.A. (b) and (c) No. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 2115 lb./ac.
- (ii) 240.7 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only main effect of interval of irrigation is highly significant. Others are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| 1 | T ₁ | T ₂ | T ₃ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| I ₁ | 2497 | 2 292 | 1719 | 2169 |
| $\mathbf{I_2}$ | 2210 | 2333 | 1760 | 2101 |
| I ₃ | 2210 | 2128 | 1883 | 2074 |
| Mean | 2306 | 2251 | 1787 | 2115 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

= 69.5 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=120.4 lb./ac.

Crop:- Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 52(361).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Vijapur.

Type:- 'I'.

Object:—To ascertain the optimum level and interval of irrigation for Wheat.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Bajra—Wheat. (b) Bajra. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Light sandy soil. (b) N.A. (ii) (c.12.1952. (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) J.P.—52 (medium). (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) 15.3.1953.

2. TREATMENTS

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 3 levels of irrigation: $I_1=51,000$, $I_2=57,800$ and $I_3=6^\circ,000$ gallons/ac.
- (2) 3 intervals of irrigation: T₁=once in 8 days, T₂=once in 10 days and T=once in 12 days

3. DESIGN:

(i) 3×3 Fact, in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 9. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $30' \times 12'$. (b) $24' \times 10'$. (v) $3' \times 1'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Very good, (ii) Nil, (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1945—N.A. (b) and (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vi) Nil.

5. RESULTS

- (i) 1514 lb./ac.
- (ii) 225.3 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only main effect of interval of irrigation is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Programme of the state of the s | T_1 | Ϋ́ | T ₃ | Mean |
|--|---------------|------|----------------|------|
| I, | 1706 | 1404 | 1483 | 1533 |
| I ₂ | 1606 | 1576 | 1511 | 1564 |
| I ₃ | 1 6 61 | 1461 | 1216 | 1446 |
| Mean | 1658 | 1480 | 1405 | 1514 |

S.E. of marginal means = 65.0 lb /ac. S.E. of body of table = 112.6 lb /ac.

Crop :- Wheat (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 53(48).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej.

Type :- 'D'.

Object:-To study the effect of hormone on the yield of Wheat,

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Wheat. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black to deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Arnej. (iii) 26.10.1953. (iv) (a) 4 harrowings. (b) to (e) N.A. (v Nil. (vi) A-206 (medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Weeding. (ix) Rabi season hence negligible. (x) 22.2 1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)+a control (untreated dry seed)

- (1) 3 concentrations of 2-4-D in p.p m. : $C_1 = 0.01$, $C_2 = 0.10$ and $C_3 = 1.00$ p.p.m.
- (2) 2 intervals for which the seeds were soaked in the above solution: $T_1=30$ minutes and $T_2=20$ hours.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 7. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $36' \times 18'$.. (b) $30' \times 12'$. (v) 3' all round net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Germination was satisfactory and the stand was good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Nil. (iv) (a) 1953—1955. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) The cloudy weather at the time of milky stage, affected the grain size and maturity. Emergence of seeds treated for 20 hours was earlier by a day. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 712 lb./ac
- (ii) 51.67 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

Control=685 lb./ac.

| | C ₁ | C_2 | C ₃ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|------|
| T ₁ | 687 | 729 | 706 | 707 |
| T ₂ | 708 | 698 | 769 | 725 |
| Mean | 697 | 713 | 737 | 716 |

| S.E. of marginal mean of C | =18.27 lb./ac. |
|----------------------------|-----------------|
| S.E. of marginal mean of T | =14.92 lb./ac. |
| S.E. of body of table | =25.88 lb./ac. |

Crop: Jowar (Kharif).

Site:- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Ref :- Gj. 50(78).

Type :- 'M'.

Object: -To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Jowar (without basal manuring of F.Y.M).

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton-Jowar-Groundnut (b) Cotton. (c) 7 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. and 280 lb./ac. G.N.C. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 11.7.1950. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 14 lb./ac. (d) Between rows—18"; between plants.—irregular. (e) —. (v) Nil. (vi) Jowar (early). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Weeding—8.8.1950; Interculturing—28.7.1950. (ix) 21.90". (x) 24 and 25.10.1950.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=15$, $N_2=30$ and $N_3=45$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of $P_2O_5: P_0=0$, $P_1=15$, $P_2=30$ and $P_3=45$ lb./ac.

N as G.N.C. and P2O5 as super. Manures applied at sowing by spacing.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $42'\times24'$. (b) $30'\times12'$. (v) 6' alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Withering was seen during the draught period. Grain setting was poor in some plots. 'ii) Plants were severely attacked by stem borer and swarmy caterpiller. These troubles were in patches only. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1950—1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Surat. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 833 lb./ac.
- (ii) 142.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only main effect of N is significant.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N ₀ | N_1 | N_2 | N_3 | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|-------------|-------|-------------|------|
| Po | 643 | 907 | 915 | 809 | 818 |
| P ₁ | 828 | 321 | 945 | 836 | 858 |
| P_2 | 790 | 832 | 669 | 8 66 | 782 |
| P_3 | 730 | 87 7 | 855 | 1036 | 874 |
| Mean | 748 | 852 | 846 | 887 | 833 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

S.E. of body of table

=35.7 lb./ac.

=71.3 lb., ac.

Crop:- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(237).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type :- 'M'.

Object: - To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Jowar (without basal manuring of F.Y.M.).

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton-Jowar-Groundaut. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 27.6.1952. (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) One interculturing, one thining and one weeding. (ix) 12.72°. (x) 24 to 27.10.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0 = 0$, $N_1 = 15$, $N_2 = 30$ and $N_3 = 45$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=15$, $P_2=30$ and $P_3=45$ lb./ac.

N as G.N.C. and P₂O₅ as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $19.5'\times35'$. (b) $13.5'\times29'$. (v) 3' alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950-1952. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) Surat. (b) N.A. (vi) Yields are very poor due to insufficient rains. (vii) The expt. was vitiated in 1951.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 20) lb/ac.
- (ii) 134 3 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| 1 | N_0 | N ₁ | N_2 | N_3 | Mean |
|----------------|-------|----------------|-------|-------|------|
| P ₀ | 146 | 220 | 217 | 195 | 194 |
| P ₁ | 172 | 221 | 352 | 172 | 229 |
| P ₂ | 191 | 174 | 288 | 224 | 219 |
| P ₈ | 186 | 203 | 120 | 277 | 196 |
| Mean | 173 | 204 | 244 | 217 | 209 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

S.E. of body of table

=33.6 lb./ac.

=67.2 lb./ac.

Crop: Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 50(77).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type:-'M'.

Object:—To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Jowar (with basal manuring of F.Y.M.).

1. BASAL CONDITIONS.

(i) (a) Cotton-Jowar-Groundnut. (b) Cotton. (c) 7 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. and 280 lb./ac. of G.N.C. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 17.7.1950. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 14 lb./ac. (d) Between rows 18". (e) N.A. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. was spread on 18.5.1950. (vi) Local (early). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Weeding on 8.8.1950; interculturing on 1.8.1950 to 7.8.1950. (ix) 21.90". (x) 27.10.1950.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of $N: N_0=0$, $N_1=15$, $N_2=30$ and $N_3=45$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=15$, $P_2=30$ and $P_3=45$ lb./ac.

N as G.N.C. and P2O5 as Super. Manures applied at the time of sowing by spreading.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $42' \times 24'$. (b) $30' \times 12'$. (v) 6 all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Withering of crop was seen during the draught period. Grain setting was poor in some plots. (ii) Plants were severely attacked by stem borers and swarmy caterpiller. These troubles were in patches only. (iii) Grain and fodder yield (iv) (a) 1950—1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Surat. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 493 lb./ac.
- (ii) 207.2 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N_0 | N_1 | N_2 | N ₃ | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|------|
| P ₀ | 503 | 442 | 492 | 466 | 476 |
| P ₁ | 745 | 435 | 405 | 378 | 491 |
| P ₂ | 416 | 548 | 541 | 579 | 521 |
| P ₃ | 446 | 412 | 548 | 533 | 485 |
| Mean | 527 | 459 | 496 | 489 | 493 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

= 51.8 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=103.6 lb,/ac.

Crop:-Jowar (Kharif).

Ref:-Gj. 52(238).

Site:-Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type :-'M'.

Object:—To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Jowar (with basal manuring of F.Y.M.).

1. BASAL CONDITIONS

(i) (a) Cotton-Jowar-Groundnut. (b) Cotton. (e) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 27.6.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 10 lb./ac. (d) 18° between rows. (e) —. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) N.A. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) One interculturing, one weeding and two thinings. (ix) 12.72". (x) N.A

2. REATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=15$, $N_2=30$ and $N_3=45$.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=15$, $P_2=30$ and $P_3=45$ lb./ac.

N as G.N.C. and P2O5 as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $19.5'\times35'$. (b) $13.5'\times29'$. (v) 3' alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950 to 1952. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) Surat. (b) N.A. (vi) The rains in the 3rd week of August, 1952 were insufficient. Irrigations were given but they were given late and as such yields were very poor. (vii) The experiment was vitiated in 1951.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 386 15./ac.
- (ii) 229.4 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N ₀ | N_1 | N_2 | N_3 | Mean |
|----------------|-----------------|------------|-------|-------------|------|
| P ₀ | 387 | 356 | 442 | 446 | 408 |
| P_1 | 314 | 385 | 410 | 361 | 367 |
| P_2 | 599 | 420 | 309 | 475 | 451 |
| P_3 | 468 | 189 | 271 | 345 | 318 |
| Mean | 442 | 338 | 358 | 407 | 386 |
| | S.E. of any mar | ginal mean | | ·=57.4 lb./ | ac. |

S.E. of body of table

=114.7 lb./ac.

Crop :- Jowar (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 53(258).

Site:-Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the usefulness of burying tender leaves of Sann on succeeding Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Sann. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 29.9.1953. (iv (a) 6 Harrowings (b) Drilling. (c) 6 lb./ac. (d) Between rows 24". (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Jowar No. 8. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Thinning on 16.10.1953; Interculturing on 20.10.1953. (ix) Negligible because of Rabi season. (x) 28.1.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Sann grown for green manuring and buried in situ.
- 2. Sann grown for green manuring and was cut for burying in treatment(3).
- 3. Buried stripped leaves and tender tops from treatment(2).
- 4. No green manuring.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 4. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) 90.75'×12' (b) 84.75'×12'. (v) 3' along length. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Crop growth was vigorous. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1953-1955. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Nil.

- (i) 1334 lb./ac.
- (ii) 146.7 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 1322 |
| 2. | 1167 |
| 3. | 1503 |
| 4. | 1344 |
| S.E /mean | =103.7 lb./ac. |

Crop:-Jowar (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 53(257).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type: -'M'.

Object:—To study the usefulness of chinamug as a green manure on succeeding Rabi Jowar (Feeler trial).

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black cotton soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 22.9.1953. (iv) (a) 6 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) 6 lb./ac. (d) Between rows—24" and between plants—irregular. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Jowar No. 8 (medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Thinning on 10.10.1953 and interculturing on 20.10.1953. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) 28.1.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Chinamug grown in Kharif and buried in situ.
- 2. Chinamug grown in Kharif, cut and buried in plot receiving treatment (3).
- 3. No chinamug grown in Kharif but G.M. from treatment (2) buried.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 3. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) $90.75' \times 12'$. (b) $84.75' \times 12'$. (v) 3' along length, (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Crop growth was vigerous. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1953—1955. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1346 lb./ac.
- (ii) 41.76 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield | | |
|-----------|----------------|--|--|
| 1. | 1376 | | |
| 2. | 1360 | | |
| 3. | 1301 | | |
| S.E./mean | =29.53 lb./ac. | | |

Crop:-Jowar (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 49(53).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type :-'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of leguminous crop (Chinamug) grown with and without Super on the succeeding cereal crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Chinamug—Jowar. (b) Chinamug. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) 6.9.1949. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 6 lb./ac. (d) Between rows—24* and between plants—irregular. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Jowar No. 8. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Gap filling on 2.10.1949; thinning on 18.10.1949 and interculturing on 18 and 29.10.1949. (ix) Negligible. (x) 21 to 27.2.1950.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (No P₂O₅).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super applied to previous crop Chinamug.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super applied to previous crop Chinamug,
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super applied to previous crop Chinamug.
- 5. Fallow in Kharif but Sann in Rabi with manuring 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $51' \times 34'$. (b) $47' \times 30'$. (v) 2'all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) Kharif 1948—49 to Rabi 1954—55. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS

- (i) 756 15./ac.
- (ii) 113.8 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield | | |
|-----------|---------------|--|--|
| 1. | 754 | | |
| 2. | 803 | | |
| 3. | 828 | | |
| 4. | 779 | | |
| 5, | 618 | | |
| S.E./mean | =50.9 lb./ac. | | |

Crop :- Jowar (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 53(64).

Site : Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of leguminous crop (Chinamug) grown with and without $P_2O_{\tilde{t}}$ on the succeeding cereal crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Chiramug—Jowar—Chiramug. (b) Chiramug in Kharif. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Medium black cotton soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 27.9.1953. (iv) (a) 3 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) 6 lb./ac. (d) 24". (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) No.8 (medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) One thinning only. (ix) Rabi season, hence negligible. (x) 12.2.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control no P_2O_5).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super to Chinamug in Kharif.
- 3. 100 lb /ac. of P_9O_5 as Super to Chinamug in Kharif.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super to Chinamug in Kharif.
- 5. Fallow in Kharif and sown in Rabi with 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $48' \times 30'$. (b) $36' \times 18'$ (v) 6' all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(ii) Not satisfactory. (ii) No. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) No. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 343 lb./ac.
- (ii) 89.37 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 279 |
| 2. | 2 82 |
| 3. | 395 |
| 4. | 355 |
| 5. | 405 |
| S.E./mean | = 39.99 lb./ac. |

Crop: Jowar (Rabi).

Ref : Gj. 53(63).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type:-'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of Lang (legume) grown with and without P2O5 on the succeeding Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Lang—Jowar. (b) Lang. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 22.9.1953. (iv) (a) 6 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) 8 lb./ac, (d) 24°. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Jowar No. 8 (medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Thinning on 16.10.1953 and interculturing on 20.10.1953. (ix) 10 cents. (x) 14.2.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no P₂O₅).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super applied to Lang.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super applied to Lang.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super applied to Lang.
- 5. Fallow in Kharif and sown in Rabi.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $48' \times 24'$. (b) $44' \times 20'$. (v) 2' all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Mild attack of grass hoppers. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1952 –1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 814 lb./ac.
- (ii) 322.7 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 810 |
| 2. | 721 |
| 3. | 981 |
| 4. | 809 |
| 5. | 749 |
| S.E./mean | = 144.5 lb./ac. |

Crop:- Jowar, (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 53(363).

Site: Agri. Res. Stn., Harij.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To determine the optimum dose of Gypsum for Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) No. (c) 4 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Saline soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 3.7.1953. (iv) (a) 2 harrowings and 2 ploughings. (b) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Saundhia fodder variety. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Nil. (ix) 25.70°. (x) 13.10.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no gypsum).
- 2. 0.5 ton/ac. of gypsum applied on 15.5.1953.
- 3. 1.0 ton/ac. of gypsum applied on 15.5.1953.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 3. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) and (b) $16.5' \times 16.5'$. (v) Nil. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Not good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Fodder and grain yield: (iv) (a) 1951—Contd (b) No: (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

| Fodder | | Grain | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|--|
| (i) 402 lb./ac. | | (i) 49.73 lb./ac. | | |
| (ii) 141.3 lb./ac. | | (ii 9,82 lb./ac. | | |
| (iii) Treatment difference | are not significant. | (iii Treatment diff | erence are not significant | |
| (iv) Av. yield of fodder in | lb./ac. | (iv) Av. yield of gr | ·= | |
| Treatment | Av. yield | Treatment | Av. yield | |
| 1. | 378 | 1. | 47.20 | |
| 2. | 428 | 2. | 57.20 | |
| 3. | 400 | 3. | 44.80 | |
| S.E./mean | = 70.6 b./ac | S.E./mean | = 4.41 lb./ac. | |

Crop:- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 53(364).

Type : 'M'.

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Harij.

Object:—To study the effect of Sulphur on yield and in impro ing the soil.

I. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Banti (millets) and Motu. (c) 4 C.L., ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Saline soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 3.7.1953. (iv) (a) 2 harrowings and 2 ploughings. (b) N.A. (c) 40 lb./ac. (d) 15°. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Saundhia-fodder variety. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Nil. (ix) 25.70°. (x) 13.19.1953

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no Sulphur)
- 2. ½ ton/ac. of Sulphur applied on 15.5.1953.
- 3. ½ ton/ac. of Sulphur applied on 15.5-1953.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D: (ii)-(a) 3. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $33' \times (6.5', [b)) 27' \times 10.5'$, (v) 3' alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1951—Contd (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1440 lb./ac.
- (ii) 305.5 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of fodder in ib./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|------------------|
| 1. | 1570 |
| 2. | 1246 |
| 3. | 1503 |
| S.E./mean | = 152.7 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 49(9).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of Tur grown with and without P₄C₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Jowan.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Tur—Jowar. (b) Tur. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil annlysis, Surat. (iii) 24.7.1949. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) 8 to 10 lb./ac. (d) $3' \times 1'$. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) B.P. -53. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 interculturings on 14.8.1949 and 25.8.1949; thinning on 24.8.1949. (ix) 43.42°. (x) 3.2.1950.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no P₂O₅).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super to Tur in Rabi.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super to Tur in Rabi.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super to Tur in Rabi.
- 5. Cotton Suyog in Rabi.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N,A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $42'\times30'$. (b) $30'\times18'$. (v) 6' all round the rest plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1954. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1412 lb./ac.
- (ii) 162.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 1391 |
| 2. | 1452 |
| 3. | 1323 |
| 4. | 1412 |
| 5. | 1484 |
| S.E./mean | = 72.6 lb./ac. |

Crop:- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref: - Gj. 50(16).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of Tur grown with and without P2O5 on the succeeding crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Tur-Jowar. (b) Tur. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 3.8.1950. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) 8-10 lb./ac. (d) 3'×1'. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) B.P.-53. (vii) Unirrigated. (vlii) 4 intercuturings and one thinning. (ix) 29.40". (x) 27.1.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no P₂O₅).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super to Tur in Rabi.
- 3. 100 lb /ac. of P₂O₅ as Super to Tur in Rabi.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super to Tur in Rabi.
- 5. Cotton Suyog in Rabi.

3. DESIGN:

(i) L. Sq. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. iv) (a) $42' \times 30'$. (b) $30' \times 18'$. (v) 6' all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Growth poor in the begining. Improved later. (ii) Attack of borer and also of striga observed. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) 1948-1954. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 1122 lb./ac.
- (ii) 273.5 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|------------------|
| 1. | 1182 |
| 2. | 1178 |
| 3. | 958 |
| 4. | 1353 |
| 5. | 942 |
| S.E./mean | = 122.4 lb./ac. |

Crop:- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 52(38).

Site: Agri. Res. Stn., Surat. Type: 'M'.

Object: - To study the effect of Tur grown with and without P2O5 on the succeeding crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Tur-Jowor. (b) Tur. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Black cotton soils. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 23.7.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) 8 to 10 lb./ac. (d) $3' \times 1'$. (e) —. (v) Nil. (vi) B.P.—53. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Thinning on 22.8.1952; weeding on 2.9.1952; interculturing on 27.8.1952; 30.9.1952; 10.10.1952. (ix) 20.18″. (x) 20.1.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no P₂O₅).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super to Tur in Rabi.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super to Tur in Rabi.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super to Tur in Rabi.
- 5. Cotton Suyog in Rabi.

3. DESIGN:

(i) L. Sq. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A, (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $42'\times30'$. (b) $30'\times18'$. (v) 6' all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1954. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Experiment failed in the year 1951.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 852 lb./ac.
- (ii) 173.4 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av, yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|---------------|
| 1. | 86 6 |
| 2. | 823 |
| 3. | 845 |
| 4. | 931 |
| 5. | 797 |
| S.E./mean | =77.6 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 53(43),

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of Tur grown with and without P2O5 on the succeeding crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS :

(i) (a) Jowar-Tur. (b) Cotton and Tur. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 21.7.1953. (iv) (a) 2 harrowings. (b) D-illing. (c) 10 lb./ac. (d) 3'×1'. (e) N.A. (v) Nil (vi) B.P.—53 (late). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Once thinning, twice weeding and thrice interculturings. (ix) 58". (x) 3.2.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no P2O5).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super to Tur in Rabi.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super to Tur in Rabi.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super to Tur in Rabi.
- 5. Cotton Suyog in Rabi.

3. DESIGN:

(i) L. Sq. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $42' \times 30'$. (b) $30' \times 18'$. (v) 6' all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Jowar in rotation with Tur was taller than Jowar after cotton. Jowar after cotton was late by about 15 days. (ii) Attack of Stemborer to Jowar to the extent of about 50%. (iii) Periodical height and weight of kadbi were taken. (iv) (a) 1948-1954. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) Season was abnormal. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1347 lb./ac.
- (ii) 112.1 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 1539 |
| 2. | 1303 |
| 3. | 1375 |
| 4. | 1541 |
| 5. | 976 |
| S.E./mean | =50.0 lb./ac. |

Crop: Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 48(86).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type : 'M'.

Object:-To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Jowar without a basal dose of F.Y.M.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a), (b) and (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) B.P.—53. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N as A/S: $N_0=0$, $N_1=20$, $N_2=40$ and $N_3=60$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0=0$, $P_1=20$, $P_2=40$ and $P_3=60$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $27'\times42'$. (b) $15'\times30'$. (v) 6' all round. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1951. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1710 lb./ac.
- (ii) 266.4 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only main effect of N is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N ₀ | N ₁ | N_2 | N_3 | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|-------|------|
| P ₀ | 1670 | 1718 | 1525 | 1682 | 1649 |
| P_1 | 1452 | 1658 | 1730 | 1888 | 1682 |
| P_2 | 1694 | 1930 | 1748 | 1888 | 1815 |
| P ₃ | 1779 | 1519 | 1730 | 1742 | 1693 |
| Mean | 1649 | 1706 | 1683 | 1800 | 1710 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

S.E. of body of table

= 66.6 lb./ac.

=133.2 lb./ac.

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 49(115).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :- 'M'.

Object: -To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Jowar without a basal dose of F.Y.M.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a), (b) and (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 7.8.1949/2.9.1949. (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) B.P.—53. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 4 interculturings on 25, 27.8.1949; 3,9 and 17.10.1949. Thinning on 2.9.1949. Weeding on 27.8.1949. (ix) 12.50°. (x) 5.2.1950.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N as A/S: $N_0=0$, $N_1=20$, $N_2=40$ and $N_3=60$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0=0$, $P_1=20$, $P_2=40$ and $P_3=60$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $27'\times42'$. (b) $15'\times30'$. (v) 6' alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Plots receiving higher dose of N showed vigorous growth. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1951. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1332 lb./ac.
- (ii) 213.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only main effect of N is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N_0 | N_1 | N_2 | N_3 | Mean |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| P_0 | 1182 | 1276 | 1352 | 1606 | 1354 |
| P_1 | 883 | 1303 | 1528 | 1745 | 1365 |
| P_2 | 1004 | 1334 | 1382 | 1615 | 1334 |
| P_3 | 1031 | 1113 | 1392 | 1561 | 1274 |
| Mean . | 1025 | 1257 | 1414 | 1632 | 1332 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

= 53.4 ib./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=106.8 lb./ac.

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 50(137).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type: 'M'.

Object:-To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Jowar without a basal dose of F.Y.M.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 7.8.1950. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 8 to 10 lb./ac. (d) 3'×1', (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) B.P.--53. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 3 interculturings on 24.8.1950, 25.9.1950 and 10.10.1950; weeding on 29.8.1950 and thinning on 31.8.1950. (ix) 29.40". (x) 23.1.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N as A/S: $N_0=0$, $N_1=20$, $N_2=40$ and $N_3=60$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0=0$, $P_1=20$, $P_2=40$ and $P_3=60$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) 27'×42'. (b) 15'×40'. (v) 6' all round. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Vigorous growth in plots receiving higher doses of N. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (1) 1948—1951. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1190 lb./ac.
- (ii) 210.5 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only the main effect of N is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N_0 | N ₁ | N ₂ | N ₃ | Mean |
|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| Po | 923 | 1155 | 1137 | 1234 | 1112 |
| P ₁ | 916 | 1089 | 1161 | 1564 | 1182 |
| P2 | 983 | 1192 | 1255 | 1422 | 1213 |
| P ₃ | 974 | 1041 | 1428 | 1573 | 1254 |
| Mean | 949 | 1119 | 1245 | 1448 | 1190 |

S.E. of marginal means

= 52.6 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=105.3 lb./ac.

Crop:-Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 51(18).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type : -'M'.

Object: -To study the N and P₂O₅ requirements of Jowar without a basal dose of F.Y.M.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Jowar—Cotton. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analyris, Suit. (iii) 14.8.1951. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 8 to 10 lb./ac. (d) 3'×1' (e) —. (v) Nil. (vi) B.P.—53. (vii) Unirigated. (viii) Thioning on 7.9.1951; interculturing on 8.9 1951, 21.8.1951 and 11.10.1951. and weeding on 31.8.1951. (ix) 23.22°. (x) 2 and 3.2.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=20$, $N_3=40$ and $N_3=60$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=20$, $P_2=40$ and $P_3=60$ lb./ac.

N as G.N.C. and P₂O₅ as Super. Manures applied on 18.8.1951.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16, (b) N.A. (iii) 3. (iv) (a) $27'\times42'$. (b) $15'\times30'$. (x) 6' ring all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Attack of stem borer in the earlier stage and attack of shoot borer at earing time observed. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1951. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Amreli and Surat. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Originally 4 replications were laid out. But replication No. 1 was dropped as majority of the plot yields were low due to attack of stem borer.

- (i) 1556 lb./ac.
- (ii) 284.5 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N ₀ | N_1 | N_3 | N_3 | | Mean |
|-------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|---|------|
| Po | 1223 | 1618 | 1543 | 1555 | | 1485 |
| P_1 | 1412 | 1533 | 1901 | 1510 | | 1589 |
| P_2 | 1422 | 1569 | 1678 | 1506 | | 1544 |
| P_3 | 1365 | 1628 | 1973 | 1452 | | 1605 |
| Mean | 1356 | 1587 | 1774 | 1506 | - | 1556 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

= 82.1 b./ac.

S.E. of body of table

= 164.2 lb /ac.

Crop : Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 48(6).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type : 'M'.

Object: - To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Jowar with a basal dose of F.Y.M.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton—Jowar. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) 10 lb./ac. (d) $3' \times 1'$. (e) N.A. (v) 5 C L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) B.P.—53. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 1 thinning, 3 interculturings and 1 weeding. (ix) 16.70". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N as A/S: $N_0=0$, $N_1=20$, $N_2=40$ and $N_3=60$ lb /ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0=0$, $P_1=20$, $P_2=40$ and $P_3=60$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. ..iv) (a) $27'\times42'$. (b) $15'\times30'$. (v) 6' ring all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1913—195°. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Two sites are maintained for the experiment and the experiment is brought to same site every alternate year.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1858 lb./ac.
- (ii) 270.0 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| : 1 | N_0 | N_1 | N_2 | N_3 | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|---------------|-------|------|
| Po | 1748 | 1809 | 1597 | 2136 | 1823 |
| P_1 | 1791 | 1803 | 1785 | 1791 | 1793 |
| \mathbf{P}_2 | 1821 | 2051 | 1930 | 1863 | 1916 |
| P ₃ | 1634 | 1845 | 2 0 09 | 2118 | 1902 |
| Mean | 1749 | 1877 | 1830 | 1977 | 1858 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

== 67 5 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

= 135.0 lb./ac.

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref: Gj. 49(8).

Site : Agri. Res . Stn., Surat.

Type : 'M'.

Object: - To find out the N and P2O5 requirements of Jowar with a basal dose of F.Y.M.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton—Jowar. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 7.8.1949. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) 10 lb./ac. (d) $3' \times 1'$. (e) —. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) B.P.—53. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Thinning on 2.9.1949 and interculturings on 26 and 27.8.1949, 3.9.1949 and 17.10.1949 and weeding on 27.8.1949. (ix) 45.42". (x) 7.2.1950.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=20$, $N_2=40$ and $N_3=60$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=20$, $P_2=40$ and $P_3=60$ lb./ac.

N as G.N.C. and P₂O₅ as Super. Manuring done on 30.7.1949 by broadcast.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $42'\times27'$. (b) $30'\times15'$. (v) 6' ring all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Amreli and Surat. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1493 lb /ac.
- (ii) 150.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effect of N alone is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| ı | N_0 | N_1 | N_2 | N ₃ | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|------|
| P ₀ | 1219 | 1316 | 1691 | 1860 | 1522 |
| $\mathbf{P_1}$ | 1188 | 1297 | 1703 | 1830 | 1505 |
| P ₂ | 1007 | 1213 | 1524 | 1872 | 1404 |
| P ₃ | 1186 | 1373 | 1682 | 1927 | 1542 |
| Mean | 1150 | 1300 | 1650 | 1872 | 1493 |

S.E. of any marginal mean =37.6 lb./ac. S.E. of body of table =75.3 lb./ac.

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 50(17).

Site : Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :- 'M'.

Object :- To study the N and P₂O₅ requirements of Jowar with a basal dose of F.Y.M.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Jowar—Cotton. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 7.8.1950. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 8 to 10 lb./ac. (d) 3'×1'. (e) —. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) B.P.-53. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Thinning once, weeding once and interculturing thrice. (ix) 25.40". (x) 23.1.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of $N: N_0=0$, $N_1=20$, $N_2=40$ and $N_3=60$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=20$, $P_2=40$ and $P_3=60$ lb./ac.

N as A/S and P_2O_5 as Super. Manures applied on 6.8.1950.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $27'\times42'$. (b) $15'\times30'$. (7) 6' ring all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1948-1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Amreli. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1384 lb./ac.
- (ii) 200.2 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effect of N alone is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| 1 | N ₀ | N_1 | N _a | N_3 | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|-------|------|
| P ₀ | 1195 | 1261 | 1173 | 1818 | 1362 |
| P ₁ | 1110 | 1192 | 1403 | 1591 | 1324 |
| P ₂ | 922 | 1440 | 1597 | 1430 | 1347 |
| P_3 | 934 | 1403 | 1682 | 1984 | 1501 |
| Mean | 1040 | 1324 | 1464 | 1706 | 1384 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

= 50.5 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

= 101.0 lb /ac.

Crop:-Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 51(17).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type : 'M'.

Object: - To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Jowar with a basa I dose of F.Y.M.,

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Jowar-Cotton. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b, Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 23.7.1951. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 10 lb./ac. (d; 3'×1. (e) --. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of P.Y.M. (vi) B.P.-53. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Thinning once, weeding twice and interculturing thrice. (ix) 23.22". (x) 2, 3 2.1957.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0 = 0$, $N_1 = 20$, $N_2 = 40$ and $N_3 = 60$ lb., ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=20$, $P_2=40$ and $P_3=60$ lb /: c.

N as G.N.C. and P2O5 as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact, in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $27'\times42'$. (b) $15'\times30'$. (v) 6' ring round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Severe attack of Stem-borer in the earlier stages and attack of shoot borer at the earing time observed. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) 1948-1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Amreli. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 1729 lb./ac.
- (ii) 273.2 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N ₀ | N ₁ | N ₂ | N _a | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| P ₀ | 1575 | 1652 | 2166 | 1824 | 1804 |
| P ₁ | 1593 | 1815 | 1621 | 1754 | 1696 |
| P ₂ | 1752 | 1815 | 1912 | 1962 | 1860 |
| $\mathbf{P_3}$ | 1559 | 1488 | 1630 | 1552 | 1557 |
| Mean | 1620 | 1693 | 1832 | 1773 | 1729 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

= 68.3 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=136.6 lb./ac.

Crop: Jowar (Kharif).

Ref: Gj. 52(358).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Jowar with a basal dose of F.Y.M.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Deep black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 23.7.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 10 lb./ac. (d) 3'×1'. (e)—. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) B.P.—53. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) One interculturing and one weeding. (ix) 20.18". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=20$, $N_2=40$ and $N_3=60$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=20$, $P_2=40$ and $P_3=60$ lb./ac.

N as G.N C. and P₂O₅ as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $42'\times27'$. (b) $30'\times15'$. (v) 6' ring alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1948-1952. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 779 lb./ac.
- (ii) 174.0 lb /ac.
- (iii) Main effect of N alone is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N ₀ | N ₁ | N_2 | N ₃ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|------|
| P ₀ | 813 | 656 | 784 | 786 | 760 |
| P_1 | 888 | 811 | 624 | 653 | 744 |
| P_2 | 891 | 840 | 6 9 9 | 736 | 792 |
| P_3 | 944 | 825 | 694 | 811 | 819 |
| Mean | | 783 | 700 | 747 | 779 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

=43.5 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=87.0 lb./ac.

Crop: Jowar (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 52(359).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type : 'M'.

Object:—To study the N, P2O5 and F.Y.M. requirements of Jowar,

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Deep black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 3 8.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 8-10 lb./ac. (d) 3'×1'. (e - . (v) Nil. vi) B.P.-53. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) One interculturing, one weeding and one thinning. (ix) 20.18". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1), (2) and (3)

- (1) 3 levels of N: $N_1=40$, $N_2=60$ and $N_3=80$ lb./ac
- (2) 2 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_1=20$ and $P_2=40$ lb./ac.
- (3) 2 levels of F.Y.M.: $F_1 = 5$ and $F_2 = 10$ C.L./ac.

N as A/S and G N.C. in 1:1 ratio and P₂O₅ as Super. Manures applied on 2.7.1952.

3. DESIGN:

(i) $3\times2\times2$ Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 12. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $42'\times (8', -4b)/3''\times (12, -(\sqrt{3})/5'\times3')$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain and fodder yield, (iv) (a) 1952- N.A. (b) N.A. (c) Nil. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS

- (i) 1290 lb./ac.
- (ii) 722.1 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only the interaction N×F is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| ! | N_1 | N_2 | N_3 | Mean | F_{k} | F_2 |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|------|---------|-------|
| P_1 | 903 | 1406 | 1081 | 1130 | 1071 | 1189 |
| P_2 | 1209 | 1629 | 1512 | 1450 | 1517 | 1383 |
| Mean | 1056 | 1518 | 1297 | 1290 | 1294 | 1286 |
| F ₁ | 1341 | 1633 | 907 | | - | |
| F_2 | 771 | 1402 | 1686 | | | |

| S E, of marginal mean of N | =180.5 lb /ac. |
|--|------------------|
| S.E. of marginal mean of P or F | == 147.4 lb./ac. |
| S.E. of body of $N \times P$ or $N \times F$ table | = 255 lb./ac. |
| S.E. of body of table | = 2.8.5 ib./ac. |

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 53(45).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat .

Type: 'M'.

Object :- To study the N, P2O5 and F.Y.M. requirements of Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Jowar - Cotton. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat, (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) 2 to 3 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) 10 lb./ac. (d) 3'×1', (e) --. (v) Nil. (vi) B.P.—

53 (late). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 weedings, 2 thinnings and 3 interculturings. (ix) 58". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1), (2) and (3)

- (1) 3 levels of N: $N_1=40$, $N_2=60$ and $N_3=80$ lb./ac.
- (2) 2 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_1=20$ and $P_2=40$ lb./ac.
- (3) 2 levels of F.Y.M.: $F_1=5$ and $F_2=10$ C.L./ac.

N as A/S and P₂O₅ as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) $3\times2\times2$ Fact in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 12. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $42'\times18'$. (b) $30'\times12'$. (v $6'\times3'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) In the early stages of Jowar growth, some of the plots were gappy due to Stem-borer attack and in most of the plots 3 to 4 shoots sprouted per hill and remaining were stunted and unraised due to lack of moisture in later part of the season. (ii) There was attack of Stem-borer of intensity 85%. (iii) Height of Jowar plant, n., of plants per plot and weight of Ka |bi | plot was taken. (iv) (a) 1948—1954 (modified in 1952-53). (b) Two different plots for experiment were kept. The same treatments were being followed to the same sub-plot in every alternate year. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) 46" of rainfall in July and August in place of 42" average for every year. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 579 lb./ac.
- (ii) 207.3 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only the interaction N×F is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N ₁ | N ₂ | N ₃ | Mean | F ₁ | F ₂ | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|----------------|----------------|---|
| P ₁ | 646 | 546 | 610 | 601 | 575 | 626 | |
| P ₂ | 530 | 580 | 563 | 558 | 539 | 576 | |
| Mean | 588 | 563 | 586 | 579 | 557 | 601 | |
| F ₁ | 557 | 459 | 655 | | | | l |
| F ₂ | 619 | 667 | 517 | | | | |

| S.E. of marginal mean of N | =52.0 lb /ac. |
|--|----------------|
| S.E. of marginal mean of P or F | =42.4 lb./ac. |
| S.E. of body of $N \times P$ or $N \times F$ table | =73.4 lb./ac. |
| S.E. of body of $P \times F$ table $P \times F$ | =59.8 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref: Gj. 52(235).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :- 'M'

Object: - To study the suitability of using Di-calcium phosphate in place of Super.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton-Jowar. (b) Cotton. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 3.8.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 8 to 10 lb./ac. (d) 3'×1'. (e) N.A. (v) C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.+60 lb./ac. of N as A/S. (vi) B.P.-53. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 4 interculturings, weedings and 1 thinning. (ix) 19.98". (x) 23.1.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Di-calcium phosphate at 20 lb./ac. of P2O5.
- 2. Super at 20 lb./ac. of P₂O₅.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 2. (b) N.A. (iii) 12. (iv) (a) $21' \times 42'$. (b) $9' \times 30'$. (v) 6' ring round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Vigorous growth in the beginning. Later affected adversely due to lack of sufficient moisture. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1952—N.A. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.
- 5. RESULTS:
 - (i) 569 lb./ac.
 - (ii) 297.6 lb./ac.
 - (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
 - (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

Treatment Av. yield

1. 611

2. 527

S.E./mean = 85.9 lb./ac.

Crop: Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 53 (286).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:-To study the suitability of using Di-calcium phosphate in place of Super.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Jowar—Cotton. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 13,8.1953. (iv) (a) 2 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) 10 lb./ac. (d) 3'×1'. (e) N.A. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.+60 lb./ac. of N as A/S. (vi) B.P.-53 (late). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 weedings, 2 thinnings and 4 interculturings. (ix) 58°. (x) 12.2.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Dicalcium phosphate at 20 lb./ac. of P2O5.
- 2. Super at 20 lb./ac. of P2O5.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 2. (b) N.A. (iii) 12, (iv) (a) 42'×21', (b) 30'×9'. (v) 6' round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Stem-borer attack—85 to 90%. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1952-53. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) No rains in the later part of the season. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 855 lb./ac.
- (ii) 218.2 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

Treatment Av. yield
1. 807
2. 903
S.E./mean = 62.9 lb./ac.

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(234).

Site : - Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :- 'M'.

Object: -To study the effect of calcium cynamide on growth and yield of Jowar.

1. PASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton—Jowar. (b) Cotton. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 9.8.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling (c) 8 to 10 lb./ac. (d) 3'×1'. (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) B.P.—53. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 3 interculturings, 2 weedings and 1 thinning. (ix) 19.98'. (x) 21.1.1953.

- 1. 60 lb./ac. of N as A/S.
- 2. 60 lb./ac. of N as G.N.C. and A/S in 1:1 ratio.
- 3. 60 lb./ac. of N as Calcium cynamide.
- 4. 60 lb./ac, of N as G.N.C. and Calcium cynamide in 1:1 ratio.

3.2 DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 4. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) 74'×30'. (b) 62'×18'. (v) 6' alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Poor. (ii) Severe attack of Stem-borer. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1952-N.A. (b) No.
- (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 156 lb./ac.
- (ii) N.A.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield | |
|-----------|-----------|--|
| 1. | 210 | |
| 2. | 99 | |
| 3. | 98 | |
| 4. | 217 | |
| S.E./mean | = N.A. | |

Crop :- Jowar. (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 53(308).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :- 'M'.

Object: - To study the effect of calcium cynamide on growth and yield of Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

- (i) (a) Jowar-Cotton. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat.
- (i i) 21.7.1953. (iv) (a) 2 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) 10 lb./ac. (d) 3'×1'. (e)—. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.
- (vi) B.P.—53 (late). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 weedings, 4 interculturings and 1 thinning. (ix) 58". (x) 8.2.1954.

TREATMENTS:

- 1. 60 lb./ac. of N as A/S.
- 2. 60 lb./ac. of N as A/S and G.N.C. in 1: 1. ratio.
- 3. 60 lb./ac. of N as Calcium cynamide.
- 4. 60 lb./ac. of N as Calcium cynamide and G.N.C. in 1:1 ratio.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 4. (b) N.A. (iii) 3. (iv) (a) $74'\times30'$. (b) $62'\times18'$. (v) 6' all round the plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Growth was stunted and 2 to 3 shoots sprouted per hill due to attack of Stem-borer. (ii) Severe attack of Stem-borer-85 to 90%. No control measures taken. (iii) Grain and *Kadbi* yield. (iv) (a) 1952—1954. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) Nil. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 668 lb./ac.
- (ii) 111.7 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield | | |
|-----------|-----------------|--|--|
| 1. | 734 | | |
| 2. | 854 | | |
| 3. | 790 | | |
| 4. | 293 | | |
| S.E./mean | = 79.0 lb./ac. | | |

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif and fodder crop).

Ref :- Gj. 53(170).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Viramgaum.

Type :- 'M'.

Object: - To study the effect of Calcium cynamide on the yield of Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton—Jowar. (b) Cotton. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Alluvial, medium black. (b) Refersoil analysis, Viramgaum. (iii) 10.7.1950. (iv) (a) 3 harrowings and no ploughings. (b) Drilling. (c) 30 lb./ac. (d) Between rows—18" and between plants—irregular. (e) N.A. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M in May 1953, broadcast. (vi) C-10-2 (fodder mid-late). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 1 weeding on 15.7.1952 interculturings on 23.7.1953 and 8.8.1953. (ix) 37.85". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no manure).
- 2. 60 lb./ac. of N as A/S.
- 3. 60 lb./ac. of N as A/S and G.N.C. in 1:1 ratio.
- 4. 60 lb./ac. of N as Calcium cyanamide.
- 5. 60 lb /ac. of N as Calcium cynamide and G.N.C. in 1: 1 ratio.

N applied one month after sowing.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) $72' \times 12'$. (v) 2 rows round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Due to unusual rains, flooding occurred in the plots affecting the coop considerably. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1953–1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Jowan cropwas a fodder crop and the yield data for fodder was also analysed.

5. RESULTS:

| 141 | JDID. | | | | |
|---------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Grain | | | Fodcer | |
| (i) | 541 lb./ac. 54.75 lb./ac. | | (ii) | 6453 lb./ac. 936,7 lb./ac. | |
| (ii) (iii) | Treatments do not | differ significantly. | (11) | | not differ significantly. |
| (iv) | Av. yield of grain ir | lb./ac. | (iv) | Av. yield of f | odder in 1b./ac. |
| | Treatment | Av. yield | | Treat nent | Av. yield |
| | 1. | 481 | | 1. | 6050 |
| | 2. | 5 53 | | 2. | 7336 |
| | 3. | 512 | | 3. | 6203 |
| | A. | 554 | | 4. | 6957 |
| | 5. | 604 | | 5. | 5722 |

Crop :- Iowar (Kharif).

S.E./mean = 38.71 lb./ac.

Ref :- Gj. 52(248).

S.E./mean == 658.2 lb./ac.

Centre :- Chorasi.

Type : 'M'.

Object -To study the response of Jowar to N applied singly and in combination with P2O5.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Cotton at Variz.; Cotton and Jowar at Lajpur. (c) 15 to 20 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. at Variz No manure at Lajpur. (ii) Black in Variz and loamy in Lajpur. (iii) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (iv) N.A. (v) (a), (b) and (c) N.A. (d) Between rows—38". (e) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) 30 1.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no manure).
- 2. 60 lb./ac. of N.
- 3. 60 lb./ac. of N+20 lb./ac. of P₂O₅.

N applied as a mixture of A/S and G.N.C.; P2O5 applied as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a *taluka* and a list was prepared. From this list, few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. In each village, two fields were selected. (iii) (a) $72' \times 30'$. (b) $60' \times 18'$. (iv) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) No. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) No. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1392 lb./ac.
- (ii) 411.0 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield. |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 1336 |
| 2. | 1275 |
| 3. | 156 5 |
| S.E./mean | =205.5 lb./ac. |

Crop: Jowar (Kharif).

Ref:-Gj. 52(247).

Centre :- Mandis.

Type :-'M'.

Object:—To study the response of Jowar to N applied singly and in combination with P.Os.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Cotton. (c) No manuring except in one village at one site where 5 C L./ac. of F.Y.M. was given. (ii) Alluvial with medium level for one trial in each village, Murum with zinc-stone at remaining site. (iii) 5 to 7 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (iv) Local variety. (Late) (v) (a), (b) and (c) N.A. (d) Between rows—2'; between plants ½', to ¾'. (e) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) 34.62". (x) 24.12.1952 to 21.1.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no manure).
- 2. 60 lb /ac. of N.
- 3. 60 lb /ac. of N+20 lb./ac. of P2O5.

N as A/S+G.N.C. in 1:1 ratio and P₂O₅ as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a taluka and a list was prepared. From this list, few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. In each village, two fields were selected (iii) (a) $72' \times 30'$. (b) $60' \times 18'$. (iv) Yes

4. GENERAL:

(i) Due to lack of rain, growth was not normal in some plots. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) No. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 1311 lb./ac.
- (ii) 311.4 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 1100 |
| 2. | 1249 |
| 3. | 1585 |
| S.E./mean | =155.70 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 52(246).

Centre :- Mangrol.

Type :-'M'.

Object: -To study the response of Jowar to N applied singly and in combination with P₂O₁.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Cotton, (c) F.Y.M. and compost manure 1800 b./ac. (ii) Medium black. (iii) 250 b./ac. of F.Y.M. (5 C.L./ac.), (iv) Local (medium-late). (v) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) Between rows—24". (e) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) Unirrigated, (viiii) N.A. (ix) 26.69." (x) 24.1.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control.
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of N.
- 3. 60 lb./ac. of N+20 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 .

N as A/S+G.N.C. in 1:1 ratio and P₂O₅ as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a raluka and a list was prepared. From this list, few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. In each village, two fields were selected. (iii) (a) 72'×30'. (b) 60'×18'. (iv) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Stunted growth. (ii) No. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv, (a) No. (b) and (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 412.5 lb./ac.
- (ii) 93.97 lb /ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 508.0 |
| 2. | 419.2 |
| 3. | 310.3 |
| S.E./mean | =48.98 lb./ac. |

Crop:-Jowar (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 52(245).

Centre :- Navsari.

Type :-'M'.

Object:—To study the response of Jowar to Napplied singly and in combination with P2O5.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. (ii) Loamy soil. (iii) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (iv) Local. (v) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) Between rows—72" and between plants—18". (e) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated (viii) N.A. (ix) 31.80". (x) 7 to 17.1.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no manure).
- 2. 60 lb./ac of N.
- 3. 60 lb./ac. of N+20 lb./ac. of P₂O₅

N as A/S+G.N.C. in 1:1 ratio and P_2O_5 as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a taluka and a list was prepared. From this list, few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. In each village, two fields were selected. (iii) (a) $72' \times 30'$ (b) $60' \times 18'$. (iv) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) No. (b) and (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1623 lb./ac.
- (ii) 75.42 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| reatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 1864 |
| 2. | 1583 |
| 3. | 1422 |
| S.E./mean | =53.34 lb./ac. |

Crop: Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(244).

Centre: Olpad.

Type :- 'M'.

Object: -To study the response of Jowar to N applied singly and in combination with P2O5.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Cotton. (c) 12 to 20 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. at Sonasak and no F.Y.M. at Umpara. (ii) Medium black. iii) N.A. (iv) Mid-late variety at Umpara; B.P.—53 at Sonasak. (v) (a), (b) and (c) N.A. (d) Between rows 4'; between plants 1½'. (e) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) 14.62". (x) 15.1.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no manure)
- 2. 60 lb./ac. of N.
- 3. 60 lb./ac of N+20 lb./ac. of P2O5.

N as A/S+G.N.C. in 1:1 ratio and P2O5 as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a taluka and a list was prepared. From this list few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. In each village two fields were selected. (iii) (a) $72' \times 30'$. (b) $60' \times 18'$. (iv) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Stunted growth. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) No. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 153.6 lb./ac.
- (ii) 60.50 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 145.6 |
| 2. | 117 .7 |
| 3. | 197.6 |
| S.E./mean | =15.12 lb./ac. |

Crop: Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(241).

Centre:- Palsana.

Type: 'M'.

Object: - To study the response of Jowar to N applied singly and in combination with P2O5.

BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. except at one site in Tundi where 5 C.L. of F.Y.M./bigha was applied. (ii) Medium black. (iii) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (iv) Local (mid-late). (v) (a), (b) and (c) N.A. d) Between rows 3' to 8'; between plants—12". (e) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) 14.1.1953 to 22.1.1953.

- 1. Control (no manure).
- 2. 60 lb./ac. of N.
- 3. 60 lb./ac. of N+20 lb./ac. of P₂O₅.

N as A/S+G.N.C. in 1:1 ratio and P₂O₅ as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a taluka and a list was prepared. From this list few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. In each village, two fields were selected. (iii) (a) 72' > 30'. (b) 60' × 18. (iv) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Sturted growth. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and straw yield. [iv) (a) No. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 669.60 lb./ac.
- (ii) 83.48 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ec.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| 1. | 564.0 |
| 2. | 68 9 .2 |
| 3. | 755.5 |
| S.E./mean | =41.74 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 52(242).

Centre:- Songadh.

Type :- 'M'.

Object: To study the response of Jowar to N applied singly and in combination with P2O5.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) Loamy. (iii) No basal manure except (at one site with 3 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (iv) Local (late). (v) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) Between rows—21^k and between plants—9ⁿ. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigate J. (viii) N.A. (ix) 39.27ⁿ. (x) 18 to 19.12.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no manure).
- 2. 60 lb./ac. of N.
- 3. 60 Ph/ac, of N+20 lb/ac, of P₂O₅. N as A/S+G.N.C. in 1:1 ratio, P₂O₅ as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a *taluka* and a list was prepared. From this list few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. In each village two fields were selected. (iii) a $72^{\circ} \times 30^{\circ}$. (b) $60^{\circ} \times [8^{\circ}, (vi)]$ Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Stunted growth. (ii) Attack of black rust. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) No. (b) and (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) In village Bedra, only one trial was conducted.

- (i) 60.88 lb./ac.
- (ii) 39.12 lb/ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|------------------|
| 1. | 78.22 |
| 2. | 103.35 |
| 3. | 94.08 |
| S.E./mean | = 22.59 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(243).

Centre :- Valod.

Type :-'M'.

Object: - To study the response of Jowar to N applied singly and in combination with P2O5.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Cotton. (c) No manure. (ii) Medium black. (iii) 5 to 8 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (v) Local (late). (v) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) Between rows—3' and between plants—1.5'. (e) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) 37.57". (x) 14 to 18.1.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no manure).
- 2. 60 lb./ac. of N.
- 3. 60 lb./ac. of N+20 lb./ac. of P2O5.

N as A/S+G.N.C. in 1:1 ratio and P₂O₅ at Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a taluka and a list was prepared From this list few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. In each village, two fields were selected. (ii) (a) 72'×30'. (b) 60'×18'. (iv) N A.

4 GENERAL:

(i) Stunted growth. (ii) No. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) No. (b) and (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 221.8 lb./ac.
- (ii) 21.78 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significant!y.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|------------------|
| 1. | 262.1 |
| 2. | 211.7 |
| 3. | 191.6 |
| S.E./mean | = 15.40 lb./ac. |

Crop: Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 52(240).

Centre :- Vyara.

Type :-'M'.

Object:-To study the response of Jowar to N applied singly in combination with P2O5.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Cotton. (c) No manure. (ii) Medium black soil. (iii) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (iv) Local (v) (a) to (c) N.A. (d) Between rows—2'—6" and plants—1'. (e) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) 18, 19.12.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no manure).
- 2. 60 lb./ac. of N.
- 3. 60 lb./ac. of N+20 lb./ac. of P2O5.

N applied as a mixture of G.N.C. and A/S and P_2O_5 as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) and (ii) Villages were selected at random from a *taluka* and a list was prepared. From his list few villages were chosen retaining the serial order. The site in a village was located by a randomly selected survey number. In each village two fields were selected. (iii) (a) 72'×30'. (b) 60'×18'. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Stunted growth. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) No. (b) and (c) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 186.5 lb./ac.
- (ii) 17.34 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 143.6 |
| 2 | 196.6 |
| 3. | 219.2 |
| S.E./mean | = 8.67 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Jowar (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 52(106).

Site -Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type : "C'.

Object:—To find out the optimum spacing and seedrate for Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Fallow—Wheat—Jowar. (b) Fallow. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black soil. (b, N.A. (iii) 9, 10.9.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) and (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) No 8 (medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Gap filling on 24, 25.9.1952; interculturing on 7, 21.10.1952 and 2.11 1952 and weeding on 23.10.1952. (ix) 0.27". (x) 9 to 11.2.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings between rows: $S_1=2'$, $S_2=3'$ and $S_3=2'$ and 3' alternate spacing.

Sub-plot treatments:

3 seed rates: $R_1=6$, $R_2=8$ and $R_3=10$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block and 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) ϵ . (iv. (a) 27' × 38' for 2', 27' × 42' for 3' and 27' × 40' for 2' and 3' alternate spacings respectively (v) Two rows oneither side and 5' at each end. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The general growth was quite normal. However grains did not develop fully for want of sufficient moisture in the soil. (ii) Only a mild attack of grass hopper was observed in the beginning. (iii) Grain and chaff yie'd. (iv) (a) 1952—1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. vi) and(vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 803 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 198,6 lb./ac.
 - (b) 159.8 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only R effect is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| : | $\mathbf{S_1}$ | S_2 | S_3 | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------------|
| | 959 | 823 | 945 | 909 |
| R_2 | 825 | 875 | 814 | 838 |
| R ₃ | 663 | 662 | 657 | 6 61 |
| Mean | 816 | 787 | 805 | 803 |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. | S marginal means | == 66.2 lb./ac. |
|----|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 2. | R marginal means | == 53.3 lb./ac. |
| 3. | R means at the same level of S | == 92 3 lb./ac. |
| 4. | S means at the same level of R | = 100.4 lb./ac. |

Crop:-Jowar (Rabi).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Ref: Gj. 53(62).

Type: "C'.

Object -To find out optimum spacing and seed-rate for Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS

(i) (a) No. (b) Wheat. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 29.9.1953. (iv) (a) 6 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) and (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. applied on 3.6.1953. by troadcasting. (vi) Rabi Jowar No. 8 (medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Nil. (ix) N.A. (x) 8.2.1954.

2. TREATMENTS

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings between rows: $S_1=2'$, $S_2=3'$ and $S_3=2'$ and 3' alternate spacing.

Sub-plot treatments:

3 seed rates: $R_1=6$, $R_2=8$ and $R_3=10$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block; 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) For 2' spacing, 27'×38'; for 3' spacing 27'×42'; for 2' and 3' spacing 27'×40'. (b) 17'×30'. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Mild attack of grass hopper. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1952-1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 820 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 3008 lb./ac.
 - (b) 151.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only R effect is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in 1b./ac.

| | S ₁ | S ₂ | S ₈ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| R ₁ | 807 | 1081 | 943 | 944 |
| R ₂ | 731 | 701 | 749 | 727 |
| Ra | 767 | 832 | 766 | 788 |
| Mean | 768 | 871 | 820 | 820 |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. | S marginal means | =100.6 lb./ac. |
|----|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 2. | R marginal means | = 50.7 lb./ac. |
| 3. | R means at the same level of S | = 87.2 lb./ac. |
| 4. | S means at the same level af R | =123.2 lb./ac. |

Crop:-Jowar (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 53(233).

Site : Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type:-'C'.

Object —To study the effect of growing Lang between Jowar strips (in Laria system) and to study its res dual effect on succeeding cotton crop.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton Lang and Rabi Jowar, (b) Rabi Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) N.A. (iii) Jowar-24,9.1953 and Lang 10.10.1953. (iv) (a) 6 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) Jowar-8 lb./ac.; Lang-40 lb./ac. (d) Jowar-3, Lang-3; Larias-12. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Lang-Indore T-2.12 (medium); Rabi Jowar No. 8. (medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Thinning on 15.10.1953. in Jowar plcts. (ix) 0.10°. (x) Jowar-7.2.1954; Lang-7.2.1954.

- 1. No Lang between Jowar strips (Laria system).
- 2. Lang grown between Jowar strips (Laria system).

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 2. (b) N.A. (iii) 3. (iv) (a) $50^{\circ} \times 46.5^{\circ}$. (b) $46^{\circ} \times 18^{\circ}$. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Jowar crop quite vigorous due to Laria system. Larg stunted due to shade effect of Jowar. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield, (iv) (a) 1953-1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Lang crop failed.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1983 lb./ac.
- (ii) 169.1 lb/ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ highly significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of Jowar grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|------------------|
| 1. | 1773 |
| 2. | 2193 |
| S.E./mean | = 84.53 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 50(82).

Sie :- Agri. Res. Stn., Viramgaum.

Type :- 'C'.

Object:-To find out optimum spacing and seed rate for Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

- (i) (a) Cotton-Jowar-Cotton. (b) Cotton. (c) 5 C L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) [(a) Alluvial, medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Viramgaum. (iii. 21.7.1950. (iv. (a) No ploughings but 3 to 4 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) As per treatments. (d) As per treatments. (e) NA. (v) Nil. (vi) C-10-2 (fodder crop, mid-late). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) One weeding on 13.8 1950; 2 interculturings on 15.8.1950 and 29.8.1950. (ix) 24.37°. (x) 12.10.1950.
- 2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings between rows : $S_1 = 12^{\prime\prime}$, $S_2 = 15^{\prime\prime}$ and $S_3 = 18^{\prime\prime}$.

Sub-plot treatments:

4 seed rates: $R_1=5$, $R_2=10$, $R_3=15$ and $R_4=10$ lb./.c.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) 'a) 3 main-plots/block; 4 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) 114'×64.5'. (di) 6. (iv) (a) Sub-plot size: 36'×21' for 12" and 18" spacing and 36'×22.5' for 15" spacing, main-plot size: 144'×21' for 12" and 18" spacing and 144'×22.5' for 15" spacing. (b) Sub-plot: 30'×15'. (v) 3' all cound the net plot for 12" and 18" spacing and for the plot with 15" spacing, 3 rows on either side and 3' row at both the ends of net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Germination and the general growth of the crop is fairly good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Weight of grain and fodder. (iv) (a) 1950—1951. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Journ crop was a fodder crop and the yield data for fodder was also analysed.

- (i) 679 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 122.5 lb./ac.
 - (b) 139.6 lb./ac.
- (ii) Only R effect is significant.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in 1b./ac.

| | R ₁ | R ₂ | R ₃ | R ₄ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| S ₁ | 644 | 785 | 716 | 617 | 691 |
| S ₂ | 731 | 729 | 676 | 597 | 683 |
| Sa | 813 | 650 | 647 | 543 | 663 |
| Mean | 729 | 721 | 680 | 586 | 679 |

S.E. of difference of two

1. S marginal means = 35.4 lb./ac.
2. R marginal means = 46.5 lb./ac.
3. R means at the same level of S = 80.6 lb./ac.

4. S means at the same level of R =78.0 lb./ac.

Crop: Jowar (Kharif).

Ref: - Gj. 51(90).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Viramgaum.

Type : 'C'.

Object: - To find out the optimum spacing and seed-rate for Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton-Jowar-Cotton. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Alluvial, medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Viramgaum. (iii) 4.8.1951. (iv) (a) No ploughing, 3 to 4 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) As per treatments. (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) C-10-2 (fodder crop, mid-late). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) One weeding and interculturing on 1.9.1951. (ix) 9.71*. (x) 15.10.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings between rows; $S_1 = 12^{\circ}$, $S_2 = 15^{\circ}$ and $S_3 = 18^{\circ}$.

Sub-plot treatments:

4 seed rates: $R_1=5$, $R_2=10$, $R_3=15$ and $R_4=20$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block; 4 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $36' \times 21'$ for 12" and 18" spacing; $36' \times 22.5'$ for 15" spacing. (b) $30' \times 15'$. (v) 3' round the net plot for 12" and 18" spacing. 3 rows on either side and 3' of rows at both ends for 15" spacing. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The monsoon started about a month later. The general growth of the crep was below normal on account of scarcity of rains. There was no grain formation and hence the crop was a total failure. (ii) Nil. (iii) Weight of fodder. (iv) (a) 1950-1951. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Jowar crop was a fodder crop. As there was no grain formation, the yield data for fodder was analysed and presented in results.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 2253 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 500.3 lb./ac.
 - (b) 417.5 lb /ac.
- (iii) Only R effect is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of fodder in lb./ac.

| | R_1 | R_2 | R ₃ | R ₄ | Mean |
|----------------|-------|--------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| S ₁ | 2033 | 2 291 | 2307 | 2452 | 2271 |
| S_2 | 1807 | 2388 | 2243 | 2097 | 2134 |
| S_3 | 1710 | 2 452 | 2904 | 2355 | 2355 |
| Mean | 1850 | 2377 | 2484 | 2301 | 2253 |

S.E. of difference of two

S marginal means = 144.8 lb./ac.
 R marginal means = 139.2 lb./ac.
 R means at the same level of S = 241.1 lb./ac.

4. S means at the same level of R = 252.4 lb./ac.

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 49(136).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :- 'CM'.

Object:—To study the residual effect of cotton intercropped with Chinamug on the yield of succeeding Jowan crop.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton and Chinamug-Jowar. (b) Cotton and Chinamug. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Deep black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 24.7 194). (iv) (a) 3 harro vings. (b) Drahing. (c) 10 ib./ac. (d) 3'×1'. (e) -. (v) Nil. (vi) B.P. 53 (late). (vii) Un-trigated (viii) I weeding; 3 thinning and 2 interculturings. (ix) 45.42". (x) 4.2.1950.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Cotton alone to be followed by kharif Jowar.
- 2. Cotton with inter cropping of chinamug to be followed by kharif Jowar.
- 3. Cotton with inter cropping of chinamug with 50 lb./c. of PaO₅ to be followed by kharif Jowar.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 3. (b) N.A. (iii) 8. (iv) (a) 36' x 62', (b) 24' x 50', (v) 6' ring alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Slight attack of Stem-borer. (iii) Grain and fooder yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1951 residual effect from 1949—1950). (b) Yes (Two different plots for the experiment were kept. Hence the treatments were being administered to the same plots in every alternate year). (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1275 lb./ac.
- (ii) 84.37 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 1293 |
| 2, | 1225 |
| 3. | 1308 |
| S.E./mean | =29.83 lb/ac. |

Crop :- Jowat (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 50(162).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :- 'CM'.

Object:—To study the residual effect of cotton intercropped with chinamug on the yield of succeeding Jowar crop.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a Cotton and chinamug-Jowar (b) Cotton and chinamug, (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Deep black cotton soil (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 4.3.1950. (iv) (a) N s. (b) Drilling. (c) ii) lb./ac. (d) $3' \times 1'$. (e) —. (v) Nil. (vi) B.P. 55 (late). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 3 interculturings and I thinning. (ix) 29.49%. (x) 24.1.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Cotton only to be followed by kharif Jowar.
- 2. Cotton with inter cropping of chinamug to be followed by kharif Jowar.
- 3. Cotton with inter cropping of chinamug with 50 lb./ac of P₂O₅ to be followed by kharif Jouan-5 C.L./ac. of F.Y M. applied to cotton.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R,B D. (ii) (a) 3. (b) N,A. (iii) 8. (iv) (a) $36^{\circ} \times 62^{\circ}$. (b) $24^{\circ} \times 50^{\circ}$. (v) 6' ring alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Attack of Stem-borer. (iii) Grain a d fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1948-1951 (Residual effect from 1949-1950. (b) Yes. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 938 lb./ac.
- (ii) 59.97 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| reatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 945 |
| 2. | 921 |
| 3. | 949 |
| S.E./mean | =21.21 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Jowar (Khartf).

Ref: - Gj. 51(226).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type:-'CM'.

Object:—To study the residual effect of Cotton intercropped with Chinamug on the yield of succeeding Jowar crop.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton and Chinamug-Jowar. (b) Cotton and Chinamug. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Deep black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 22.7.1951. (iv) (a) 3 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) 10 lb./ac. (d) 3'×1'. (e) —. (v) Nil. (vi) B.P.—53 (late). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 1 weeding, 1 thinning and 3 interculturings. (ix) 23.22". (x) 16.2.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Cotton only to be followed by kharif Jowar.
- 2. Cotton with intercropping of chinamug to be followed by kharif Jowar.
- 3. Cotton with intercropping of chinamug with 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ to chinamug to be followed by kharif Jowar.
- 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. applied to Cotton.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 3. (b) N.A. (iii) 8. (iv) (a) 36'×62'. (b) 24'×50'. (v) 6' ring alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Heavy attack of stem borer. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1951 (residual effect from 1949-50). (b) Yes. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 937 lb./ac.
- (ii) 115.4 lb./ac. ·
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | • |
|------------|----------------|
| Treatment | Av. yield |
| 1. | 994 |
| 2. | 885 |
| 3. | 932 |
| S.E. Imean | = 40.8 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Jowar (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 53(259).

Site: Agri. Res. Stn., Dabhoi.

Type: 'D'.

Object:—To see the effect of seeds treated with 2-4-D solutions with different conditions on growth and yield of Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton—Jowar. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dabhoi. (iii) 16.10.1953. (iv) (a) 3 ploughings and 3 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) 5 lb./ac. (d) Between rows—18° and between plants irregular. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Bhatpuri. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) Interculturing on 4.12.1953, weeding and thinning on 4.12.1953. (ix) Nil. (x) 9.3.1954.

- 1. Seed soaked in water for 30 minutes.
- 2. Seed soaked in solution of 2-4-D of concentration 0.03 P.P.M. for 30 minutes.
- 3. Seed soaked in solution of 2-4-D of concentration 0.10 P.P.M. for 30 minutes.
- 4. Seed soaked in solution of 2-4-D of concentration 0.00 P.P.M. for 30 minutes.
- 5. Seed soaked in water for 5 hours.
- 6. Seed soaked in solution of 2-4-D of concentration 0.01 P.P.M. for 5 hours.
- 7. Seed spaked in solution of 2-4-D of concentration 0.11 P.P.M. for 5 hours.
- 8. Control.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 8. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $42' \times i8'$. (b) $36' \times 12'$. (v) 3' ring round the ner plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) In replications II and III, the growth was poor. In the II and III replications the crop was heavily attacked by grass hopper during germination time hence the growth was poor. (ii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1952-1954. (b) No (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nii.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 572 lb./ac.
- (ii) 16⁻¹.6 lb /ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in 1b./ac.

| reatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 586 |
| 2. | 624 |
| 3. | 523 |
| 4. | 479 |
| 5. | 567 |
| 6. | 611 |
| 7. | 454 |
| 8. | 731 |
| S.E./mean | = 84.8 lb./ac. |
| | |

Crop :-Jowar (Kharif). Site :-Agri Res. Stn., Surat.

Ref : Gj. 52(37).
Type : 'D'

Object:-To see the effect of the seeds treated with hormones on the growth and yield of Imar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton—Jowar, (b) Cotton (Sayog), (c) Nil. (ti) (1) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 9.8.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling (c) 8 to 1) lb/Ad. (d) Distance between rows -3'. (e)—. (v) Nil. (vi) B.P. -53. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) One thinning, two weedings and four interculturings. (ix) 19.98". (x/ 20.1/953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Seeds soaked in water for 30 minutes.
- 2. Seeds soaked in water for 5 hours.
- 3. Seeds soaked in solution of 2-4-D in 0 1 concentration for 30 minutes.
- 4. Seeds soaked in solution of 2-4-D in 0.4 concentration for 5 hours.
- 5. Seeds spaked in solution of 2-4-D in 1.0 concentration for 30 minutes
- 6. Seeds soaked in solution of 2-4-D in 10 concentration for 5 hours.
- 7. Seeds spaked in solution of 2-4-D in 10.0 concentration for 30 minutes.
 8. Seeds spaked in solution of 2-4-D in 10.0 concentration for 5 hours.
- 9. Seeds soaked in solution of I.A.A in 1.0 concentration for 30 minutes.
- 10. Seeds soaked in solution of I.A.A in 1.0 concentration for 5 hours.
- 11. Seeds soaked in solution of LA A in 10.0 concentration for 30 minutes.
- 12. Seeds soaked in solution of I.A.A in 10.0 concentration for 5 hours.
- 13. Seeds soaked in solution of I.A A in 100,0 concentration for 30 minutes.
- 14. Seeds soaked in solution of I.A.A in 100.0 concentration for 5 hours.
- 15. Control.

3. TDESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 15. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) 42'×18'. (b) 36'×12'. (v) 3' ring all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good germination and good growth. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1952-1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 896 lb./ac.
- (ii) 108.1 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield | Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. | 826 | 9. | 949 |
| 2. | 750 | 10. | 942 |
| 3. | 892 | 11. | 838 . |
| 4. | 854 | 12. | 911 |
| 5. | 958 | 13. | 952 |
| 6. | 967 | 14. | 870 |
| 7. | 907 | 15. | 949 |
| 8. | 873 | | |

S.E./mean =54.1 lb./ac.

Crop :- Jowar (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 53(42).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :-'D'.

Object: - To study the effect of seeds treated with hormones on the growth and yield of Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Jowar—Cotton. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 13.3.1953 and resown on 25.8.1953. (iv) (a) 2-3 harrowings. (b) Drilled, by hand plough. (c) 10 lb./ac. (d) 3' distance and thinned out keeping 1' distance between plants. (e) -. (v) Nil, (vii) Budh perio-53 (improved, late). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 weedings; 2 thinnings and 5 inter-culturings. (ix) 58". (x) 13.2.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Seeds soaked in water for 30 minutes.
- 2. Seeds soaked in water for 5 hours.
- 3. Seeds soaked in solution of 2-4-D in 0.1 concentration for 30 minutes.
- 4. Seeds soaked in solution of 2-4-D in 0.1 concentration for 5 hours.
- 5. Seeds soaked in solution of 2-4-D in 1.0 concentration for 30 minutes.
- 6. Seeds soaked in solution of 2-4-D in
- 1.0 concentration for 5 hours.
- 7. Seeds soaked in solution of 2-4-D in 10.0 concentration for 30 minutes. 8. Seeds soaked in solution of 2-4-D in 10.0 concentration for 5 hours.
- 9. Seeds soaked in solution of I.A.A. in 1.0 concentration for 30 minutes.
- 10. Seeds soaked in solution of I.A.A. in 1.0 concentration for 5 hours.
- 11. Seeds soaked in solution of I.A.A. in 10.0 concentration for 30 minutes.
- 12. Seeds soaked in solution of I.A.A. in 10.0 concentration for 5 hours. 13. Seeds soaked in solution of I.A.A. in 100.0 concentration for 30 minutes.
- 14. Seeds soaked in solution of I.A.A. in 100.0 concentration for 5 hours.
- 15. Control.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 15. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) 42'×18'. (b) 36'×12'. (v) 3' ring round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Germination was satisfactory. Jowar growth was checked due to heavy attack of stem-borer. Many shoots were sprouted but the earing was not satisfactory, which may be due to lack of moisture in later part of the season. (ii) There was about 80% attack of stemborer to Jowar. No control measures taken. (iii) Periodical height, and weight of Kadbi were taken. (iv) (a) 1952-1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) Out of 58" of rain against an average of 42" and 46" occurred in July and August. respectively. (vi) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 805 lb./ac.
- (ii) 139.2 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield | Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| 1. | 781 | 9. | 731 |
| 2. | 7!8 | 10. | 821 |
| 3. | 766 | 11. | 873 |
| 4. | 895 | 12. | 807 |
| 5. | 848 | 13. | 794 |
| 6. | 863 | 14. | 712 |
| 7. | 7 7 8 | 15. | 8 3 .5 |
| 8. | 837 | | |

S.E./mean = 69.6 lb./ac.

Crop: Bajra (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 51(196).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type : " 'M'.

Object:—To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Bajra (with a basal dose of F.Y.M).

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Bajra-Groundnut-Wheat-Cotton. (b) Lucerne and Vegetables. (c) 24 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 3:.7.1951. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 5 lb./ac. (d) 18" between rows. (e) N.A. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. on 27.6.1951. (vi) Bajra-IV. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 interculturings 1 weeding and 2 thinnings. (ix) 9.90". (x) 23 and 24.10.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2.

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=15$, $N_2=30$ and $N_3=45$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=15$, $P_2=30$ and $P_3=45$ lb./ac.

N as G.N.C. and P2O5 as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a $21'\times22'$. (b) $18'\times16'$. (v) $1.5'\times3'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL

(i) Satisfactory. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1951—1954. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 627 lb./ac.
- (ii) 172.4 lb/ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| T AMOUNT | N_0 | N ₁ | N_2 | N ₃ | Mean |
|----------------|-------|----------------|-------|----------------|------|
| P_0 | 681 | 770 | 580 | 601 | 658 |
| P ₁ | 747 | 602 | 619 | 502 | 618 |
| P ₂ | 707 | 74 2 | 591 | 593 | 658 |
| Pa | 562 | 542 | 689 | 500 | 573 |
| Mean | 674 | 664 | 620 | 549 | 627 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

S.E. of body of table

=43.1 lb./ac.

=86.2 lb./ac.

Crop : Bajra (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 52(113).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type : 'M'.

Object:—To study the N and P₂O₅ requirements of Bajra (with a basal dose of F.Y.M.).

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Bajra-Groundnut (Kharif) and Wheat (Rabi)-Cotton. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 29.6.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 5 ib./ac. (d) Between rows—18"; between plants—irregular. (e) —. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. spread one month before sowing. (vi) Bajra-E.M S. (local) (early; mass selection). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) One thinning on 23.7.1952; 1 weeding and 2 interculturings and gap filling. (ix) 11.71". (x) 24 to 27.10.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=15$, $N_2=30$ and $N_3=45$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=15$, $P_2=30$ and $P_3=45$ lb./ac.

N as G.N.C. and P₂O₅ as Super. Manures spread on 29.6.1952.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (ili) 4. (iv) (a) $39' \times 21'$. (b) $30' \times 12'$. (v) $4\frac{1}{2}'$ ring round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The germination was quite satisfactory and the growth was even. At the harvesting time, practically half of the plants had fallen down on account of wind. Yield was quite satisfactory. (ii) Continuous cloudy weather lead to an intense growth of insects, exact nature of insects and pests not specified. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1951—1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Baroda. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 344 lb./ac.
- (ii) 103.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only main effect of P is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N ₀ | N ₁ | N ₂ | N_3 | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|------|
| Po | 219 | 304 | 234 | 239 | 249 |
| P ₁ | 290 | 352 | 271 | 305 | 305 |
| P2 | 496 | 370 | 384 | 411 | 415 |
| P ₃ | 389 | 405 | 471 | 369 | 409 |
| Mean | 348 | 358 | 340 | 331 | 344 |

S.E. of any marginal mean =25.9 lb./ac. S.E. of body of table =51.8 lb./ac.

Crop:-Bajra (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 53(30)

Site:-Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type: 'M'.

Object:-To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Bajra (with a basal dose of F.Y.M.).

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Bajra-Groundnut (Kharif) and Wheat (Rabi)—cotton. (b) Cotton. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 26.6.1953. (iv) (a) 3 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) 5 lb./ac. (d) 18". (e) —. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. in the month of May. (vi) Mass selected Bajra. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Weeding and interculturing thrice. (ix) 34.25". (x) 25.10.1953.

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=15$, $N_2=30$ and $N_3=45$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=15$, $P_2=30$ and $P_3=45$ lb./ac.

N as A/S broadcast in single dose. P₂O₅ as Super drilled in furrows.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $39'\times21'$. (b) $33'\times15'$. (v) 3' all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) 1951-19⁴4. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Baroda. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1516 lb/ac.
- (ii) 184.8 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N ₀ | N_1 | N_2 | N ₈ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|-------|-------|----------------|------|
| Po | 1495 | 1506 | 1652 | 1328 | 1495 |
| $\mathbf{P_1}$ | 1526 | 1389 | 1470 | 1426 | 1453 |
| Ps | 1489 | 1623 | 1535 | 1495 | 1535 |
| Pa | 1478 | 1581 | 1603 | 1667 | 1582 |
| Mean | 1497 | 1525 | 1565 | 1479 | 1516 |

S.E. of any marginal mean =46.2 lb./ac. S.E. of body of table =92.4 lb./ac.

Crop:-Bajra (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 48(65).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type :-'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of Super applied to crops (Groundaut, *Ud.d* and *Bajra*) on the succeeding crop

Cotton

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 14 to 21.8.1948. (iv) (a) 1 ploughing and 3 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) 5 C L./ac. (d Between rows-36"; between plants irregular. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Bajra (local). (vii) Unirrigate 1. (viii) 1 to 2 weedings and 2 to 3 interculturings. (ix) 12.73". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS

- 1. Bajra without Super.
- 2. Bajra with Super applied at 30 lb./ac. of P2Os.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 2. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $44' \times 30'$. (b) $40' \times 24'$. (v) $2' \times 3'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The crop germinated well. For want of rains, withering was noticed. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1946—1949. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Raw data N.A. Groundnut and *Udid* crops are given separately.

5 RESULTS:

- (i) 1205 lb./ac.
- (ii) N.A.
- (iii) N.A.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------|
| 1. | 1168 |
| 2. | 1242 |
| S.E./mean | =N.A. |

Crop: Bajra (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 49(82).

Site :-Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type :-'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of Super applied to the crops (Groundnut, *Udid* and *Bajra*) on the succeeding crop Cotton.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Cotton. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 19.7.1949. (iv) (a) 1 ploughing and 3 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) 5 lb./ac. (d) Between rows—36" between plants-irregular. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Bajra (Local). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 4 weedings and 3 interculturings. (ix) 13.75". (x) 26.11.1949.; 27.12.1949.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Bajra without Super.
- 2. Bajra with Super applied at 30 lb /ac. of P2O5.

3. DESIGN;

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 2. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $44'\times30'$. (b) $40'\times24'$. (v) $2'\times3'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Due to insufficient rains in the month of August, the tillering in *Bajra* was affected. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1946—1949. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Groundnut and *Udid* crops are given separately.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1135 lb/ac.
- (ii) 45.38 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Freatment | Av. yield |
|------------------|----------------|
| 1. | 1112 |
| 2. | 1157 |
| S.E./mean | =22.69 lb./ac. |

Crop: Bajra (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 50(69).

Site: -Agri. Res. Stn., Baroda.

Type: 'M'.

Object: - To find out the N and P₂O₅ requirements of Bajra (with a basal dose of F.Y.M.).

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Sandy loam. (b) Refer soil analysis, Baroda. (iii) 4.8.1950. (iv) (a) 1 harrowing. (b) N.A. (c) 8 lb./ac. (d) Between rows-18". (e) —. (v) 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) B-207. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0=0$, $N_1=20$, $N_2=40$ and $N_3=60$ lb./ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=20$, $P_2=40$ and $P_3=60$ lb./ac.

Other details N.A.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) $160'\times12$. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $40'\times30'$. (b) $30'\times15'$. (v) 5 rows on either side and 5' of row at each end of net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950--1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) No. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1028 lb./ac.
- (ii) 135.5 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only main effect of N is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | N ₀ | N ₁ | $N_{\rm g}$ | N ₃ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|------|
| P ₀ | 780 | 912 | 1092 | 1270 | 1013 |
| P_1 | 796 | 983 | 1132 | 1247 | 1039 |
| P ₂ | 832 | 900 | 1176 | 1126 | 1008 |
| P ₃ | 847 | 963 | 1124 | 1269 | 1052 |
| Mean | 814 | 941 | 1:31 | 1228 | 1028 |

S.E. of any marginal mean 38.9 b./ac. S.E. of body of table 67.8 b./ac.

Crop :- Bajra (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(107).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Baroda.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:—To find out the N and P2O5 requirements of Bajra (with a basal dose of F.Y.M.).

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Kodra, (c) 160 lb./ac, of G.N.C. (ii) (a) Sandy loam. (b) Refer soil analysis, Baroda. (iii) 28.6,1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 8 lb./ac. (d) Fetween rows—18". (e)—. (v) F.Y.M. at 5 C.L./ac. (vi) B-107. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Hocing on 19.7,1952. (ix, N.A. (x) 23.9.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 4 levels of N: $N_0 = 0$, $N_1 = 20$, $N_2 = 40$ and $N_3 = 60$ lb /ac.
- (2) 4 levels of P_2O_5 : $P_0=0$, $P_1=20$, $P_2=40$ and $P_3=60$ lb./ac.

Other details N.A.

3. DESIGN

(i) 4×4 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 16. (b) $168' \times 168'$. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $42' \times 27'$. (b) $30' \times 15'$. (v) 6' all round net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950 to 1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) The experiment failed in 1951.

- (i) 1298 lb./ac.
- (ii) 271.8 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only main effect of N is highly significant.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| ! | N ₀ | N_1 | N ₂ | N_3 | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|-------|------|
| P ₀ | 1119 | 1289 | 1222 | 1573 | 1301 |
| P ₁ | 1174 | 1077 | 1301 | 1482 | 1259 |
| P ₂ | 871 | 1271 | 1467 | 1736 | 1336 |
| P ₃ | 1074 | 1398 | 1216 | 1497 | 1296 |
| Mean | 1060 | 1259 | 1302 | 1572 | 1298 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

= 67.9 lb /ac.

S.E. of body of table

=135.9 lb./ac.

Crop :- Bajra (Kharif). Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Vijapur. Ref : Gj. 53(369).

Type : 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of P₂O₅ on the yield of Bajra.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Bajra-Wheat-Cotton. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Light sandy soil. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) 33.46". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Bajra unmanurėd.
- 2. Bajra manured with 50 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super at sowing.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Paired-plot. (ii) (a) 2. (b) $42'\times36'$. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) $42'\times18'$. (b) $30'\times15'$. (v) $6'\times1.5'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1953—N.A. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 735 lb./ac.
- (ii) 242.0 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac,

Treatment

Av. yield

ı.

690

2. 779

S.E /mean = 171.1 lb./ac.

Crop :-Bajra (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 53(31).

Site :-Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type:-'C'.

Object:—To find out the economic and suitable combination of seed rate and spacing for maximum yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a Bajra—Groundout (Kharif) and Wheat (Rabi)—Cotton. (b) Cotton. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 25.6,1953. (iv) (a) 3 harrowings. (b) Sowing by hand in furrows opened by axe. (c) and (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) 5 C L./ac. of F Y.M. in the month of May (vi) Mass selected Bajra. (vii) Unirr.gated. (viii) 3 weedings and 3 interculturings. (ix) 34.25°. (x) 23.10.1953.

Main-plot treatments:

4 spacings: $S_1=18''$, $S_2=24''$, $S_3=30''$ and $S_4=36''$.

Sub-plot treatments:

4 seed rates: $R_1=5$, $R_2=10$, $R_3=15$ and $R_4=20$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 4 main-plots/block and 4 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $36' \times 19'$, $34' \times 19'$, $35' \times 19'$ and $36' \times 19'$ for 18", 24", 30" and 36" spacings respectively. (b) $30' \times 15'$. (c) and (d) as per treatments (e) N.A. (v) 2 rows on either side of each plot for 18" spacing and one row on either side for 24'', 30" and 36" spacings respectively (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Fair. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and straw yield. (iv) (a) 1952--1954. (b) and (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) The growth of the plants and earheads was rather stunted in plots with single seed rate and spacings. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1209 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 382.3 lb./ac.
 - (b) 173.9 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | S ₁ | Sı | S_3 | 34 | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|------|---------------|------|------|
| R ₁ | 1156 | 1192 | 1100 | 1 87 | 1159 |
| R ₂ | 1167 | 1201 | 1269 | 1132 | 1192 |
| R_3 | 107 7 | 1398 | 1195 | 1331 | 1250 |
| R ₄ | 1090 | 1264 | 1318 | 1259 | 1235 |
| Mean | 1123 | 1264 | 12 2 0 | 1230 | 1209 |

S E. of difference of two

| 1. | S marginal means | =135.2 lb./ac. |
|----|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 2. | R marginal means | = 61.5 lb./ac. |
| 3. | R means at the same level of S | = 123.0 lb./ac. |
| 4. | S means at the same level of R | == 172.1 lb./ac. |

Crop :-Bajra (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 53(158).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Deesa.

Type :-'C'.

Object:—To find out the suitable spacing and seed rate for getting maximum yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) and (b) N.A. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) N.A. (b) Refer soil analysis, Deesa. (iii) 25.6.1953. (iv) (a) Ordinary tillage. (b) Drilling. (c) and (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Bajra—207. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Interculturing on 20.7.1953. (ix) N.A. (x) 22, 23.9.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

4 spacings between rows: $S_1=9''$, $S_2=12''$, $S_3=15''$ and $S_4=18'$.

Sub-plot treatments:

3 seed rates: $R_1 = 5$, $R_2 = 10$ and $R_3 = 15$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 4 main-plots/block and 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $36' \times 21'$ for 9", 12" and 18" spacings and $36' \times 22.5'$ for 15" spacing. (b) $30' \times 15'$. (v) 3' at either ends and 4, 3, 2, 1 rows on either sides for 9", 12", 18" and 15" spacings respectively. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The germination was good and the growth was accelerated by timely rainfall followed by good tillering After one month the crop was affected to a great extent by heavy and continuous rainfall. Hence less yield. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1953-N.A. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Amrela. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1864 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 346.6 lb./ac.
 - (b) 348.7 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only R effect is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | S_1 | S_2 | S_3 | S ₄ | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|------|
| R ₁ | 1407 | 1633 | 1483 | 1653 | 1544 |
| R ₂ | 1883 | 2008 | 1984 | 1891 | 1941 |
| R ₃ | 1968 | 2319 | 2036 | 2101 | 2106 |
| Mean | 1753 | 1987 | 1834 | 1882 | 1864 |

S.E. of difference of two

| ı. | S marginal means | =113.3 10./ac. |
|----|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 2. | R marginal means | =100.7 lb./ac. |
| 3. | R means at the same level of S | =201.3 lb./ac. |
| 4. | S means at the same level of R | =200.9 lb./ac. |
| | | |

Crop :- Maize. (Kharif).

Ref. :- Gj 51(77)

Site : Agri. Res. Stn., Dohad

Type: 'M'.

Object: - To study the effect of the leguminous crop (Gram) grown with and without super on the succeeding cereal crop (Maize).

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Gram Maize. (b) Gram. (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Dark brown. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dohad. (iii) 16.6.1951. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling (c) 20 lb./ac. (d) 24"×12". (e) N.A. (v) 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 4 interculturings and one weeding. (ix) 17.49". (x) 24, 25.9.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no P₂O₅).
- 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super to Gram Crop.
 100 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super to Gram Crop.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super to Gram Crop.
- 5. Fallow in Rabi and sown in Kharif. Manured with 10 C.L./ac. F.Y.M. in Kharif season.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $50' \times 21'$; (b) $30' \times 15'$. (v) $10' \times 3'$. (vi) Yes,

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain & fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1950-1951. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 966 lb./ac.
- (ii) 208.6 lb/ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|---------------|
| 1. | 947 |
| 2. | 1275 |
| 3. | 902 |
| 4, | £ 3 2 |
| 5. | 87 6 |
| S.E./mean | = 85.215./ac. |

Crop :-Gram (Rabi).

Ref : Gj. 53(50).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej.

Type : 'M'.

Object :-- To study the N, P and K requirements of Gram.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i (a) Gram-Jowar. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Mediumblack to deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Arnej. (iii) 18.10.1953. (iv) (a) 5 harrowings prior to sowing. (b) N.A. (c) 20 lb/ac, (d) 12" row spacing (e) N.A. (v) 5 C.L./ac, of F.Y.M. on 14.10.1951. (vii) Chafa (medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Weeding. (ix) Nil. (x) 18.2.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

O = Control.

N = 20 lb./ac. of N as A/S. and G.N.C. in 1 · 1 radio.

 $P = 20 \text{ lb./ac. of } P_2O_5 \text{ as Super.}$

K = 40 lb./ac. of K_2O as Pot. Sul.

The treatments were applied on 17.10.1953.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 4. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (4) $99' \times 6'$ (b) $81.5' \times 4'$. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Germination was satisfactory and crop stand was good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1953-Contd. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) & (b) N.A. (vi) & (vi) & (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 409 lb./ac.
- (ii) 58.79 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac,

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 0 | 379 |
| N | 458 |
| P | 404 |
| K | 3 > 7 |
| S.E./mean | = 24.05 lb./ac. |

Crop: - Gram (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 49(101).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type : 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of a leguminous crop Gram grown with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy Gram. (b) Paddy. (c) 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Broadcasting. (c) 60 lb./ac. (d) N.A. (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) Nil. (x) N.A.

- 1. Control (no P2O5).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 4. 150 lb /ac. of P2O5 as Super.
- 5. Fallow (sown in kharif and fallow in rabi).

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 24'×18'. (b) 15'×9'. (v) 4½' ring round the net plot. (vi) Yet.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1949 (kharif)—1952 (rabi). (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) No reason given in records for low yields. (vi) Nil.
- 5. RESULTS:
 - (i) 232 lb./ac.
 - (ii) 42.8 lb./ac.
 - (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
 - (iv) Av. yield of gram in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 245 |
| 2. | 248 |
| 3. | 221 |
| 4. | 213 |
| 5. | Fallow |
| S.E./mean | =19.12 lb./ac. |

Crop:- Gram (Rabi).

Ref: Gj. 50(127).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of leguminous crop Gram grown with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Gram. (b) Paddy. (c) 10 C.L./ac. of compost marure. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Broadcasting. (c) 60 lb./ac. (d) N.A. (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) Rabi season hence negligible. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no P2O5).
- 2. 50 lb /ac. of P2O5 as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of p_2O_5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 5. Fallow (sown in kharif and fallow in rabi).

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 24'×18', (b) 15'×9', (v) 4½' ring round the net plot, (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) Kharif 1949—1950 to rabi 1952—1953. (b) No. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 711 lb./ac.
- (ii) 154.3 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.

(iv) Av. yield of gram in lb./ac.

| reatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 761 |
| 2. | 748 |
| 3. | 615 |
| 4. | 720 |
| 5. | Fallow |
| S.E./mean | =68.97 lb /ac. |

Crop:-Gram (Rabi).

Ref: Gj. 51(172).

Site : Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type :-'M'.

Object :- To study the effect of leguminous crop Gram grown with and without P2O5 on the succeeding cereal crop Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Gram. (b) Paddy. (c) 10 C.L./ac c? compost manure. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Broadcasting. (c) 60 lb./30. (d, and (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) Rabi season hence negligible. (x. N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no P2O5).
- 50 lb /ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
 100 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 5. Sown in kharif and fallow in rabi.

3. DESIGN;

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 24°×18′. (b) 15°×9′. [v] 4½° ring round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield, (iv) (a) 1949 (kharif; -1952 (rabi). (b) No (c) N.A. (v) (a N.A.
- (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 514 lb./ac.
- (ii) 160.9 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of gram in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|---------------|
| 1. | 5 2 8 |
| 2. | 28 |
| 3. | 4 84 |
| 4. | 516 |
| 5. | Fallow |
| S.E./mean | =71.9 lb./ac. |

Crop:-Gram (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 50(66).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Dohad.

Type :-'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of leguminous crop Gram grown with and without P2O5 on the succeeding cereal crop Maize.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

- (i) (a) Gram-Maize. (b) Maize. (c) 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Donad.
- (iii) 24.10.1950. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Sowing with a plough to which a draw tube is attached. (c) 60 lb./ac.
- (d) 15"×12". (e) N.A. (v) 10 C.L./ac, of F.Y.M. (vi) Yellow gram. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Nil. (ix) Nil.
- (x) 14.3.1951.

- 1. Control (no P2Ob).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P_2O_{δ} as Super.
- Fallow in rabi, manured with 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. in kharif.
 Manures were applied in rows and then mixed up with the soil by hand digging.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $50' \times 21'$. (b) $30' \times 15'$. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL

(i) The germination was good but later crop suffered due to lack of moisture. (ii) There was a slight attack of frost, damage to the extent of 15 to 20%. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1950-1951. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 187 lb./ac.
- (ii) 86.7 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | | Av. yield |
|-----------|---|----------------|
| 1. | | 209 |
| 2. | | 184 |
| 3. | | 184 |
| 4. | | 172 |
| 5. | 1 | Fallow |
| S.E./mean | | =35.4 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Gram (Rabi).

Ref: Gj. 53(52).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej.

Type :- 'C'.

Object: - To find out the suitable spacing and economic seed rate for Gram.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Gram—Wheat. (b) Wheat. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black to deep black. (b) Refer soil analysis. Arnej. (iii) 23.10.1953. (iv) (a) 4 to 5 harrowings prior to sowing. (b) Drilling. (c) and (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Chafa (medium). (vii) Un irrigated. (viii) Nil. (ix) Rabi season hence negligible. (x) 18.2.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings: $S_1 = 12^n$, $S_2 = 15^n$ and $S_2 = 18^n$.

Sub-plot treatments:

3 seed rates: $R_1=20$, $R_2=30$ and $R_3=40$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block and 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $33\frac{1}{2}' \times 18'$ for 12" and 15" spacing and 33'×18' for 18" spacing. (b) $30' \times 16'$. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Germination was satisfactory and stand of crop was good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1953—continued. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

- (i) 510.2 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 57.17 lb./ac.
 - (b) 59.90 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| | S_1 | S_2 | S ³ | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|-----------------------|-------|
| R ₁ | 467.8 | 514.6 | 506 2 | 496.2 |
| R ₂ | 547.1 | 514.6 | 507.0 | 522,9 |
| R ₃ | 474.5 | 528.9 | 531.5 | 511,6 |
| Mean | 496.5 | 519.4 | 514.9 | 510 2 |

S.E. of difference of two

S marginal means = 18.92 lb./ac.
 R marginal means = 19.00 lb./ac.
 R means at the same level of S = 34.08 lb./ac.
 S means at the same level of R = 34.06 lb./ac.

Crop :- Chinamug (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 58(31).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of leguminous crop Chinamus 4 rown with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Jowan.

-

1 BASAL CONDITIONS:

- (i) (a) Nil. (b) Lang in rabi. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton. (b) N.A. (iii) 4.8,1948. (iv) (a) N.A.
- (b) Drilling. (c) 18 lb./ac. (d) Between rows 34" and between plants irregular. (e) N.A. (v) NiL
- (vi) Chinamug (early). (xii) Unirrigated. (viii) 1 weeding only. (ix) 5.90°. (x) 20.10.1948.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. No P2O5 (centrol).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 5. Fallow in kharif, manured with 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. in rabi.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $51' \times 34'$. (b) $47' \times 30'$. (v) 2^9 alround the net plot. (v) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The crop failed. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield and not of plants. (iv) (a) 1948—1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) No. (vi) The experiment failed. Accordingly the succeeding cereal crop Rabi Jowar could not be sown. (vii) Nil.

- (i) 20 lb./ac.
- (ii) 12.77 lb./ac.
- (iii) The treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|---------------|
| 1. | 21 |
| 2. | 22 |
| 3. | 18 |
| 4. | 20 |
| 5. | |
| S.F./mean | = 5.71 lb./ac |

Crop: Chinamug (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 49(52).

Site : Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of leguminous crop (Chinamug) grown with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Cotton. (c) F.Y.M. details N.A. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 19.7.1949 and 21.7.1949. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 18 lb./ac. (d) Between rows -24° and between plants - irregular. (e) N.A. (v) Nil (vi) Chinamug (early). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 gap fillings 27, 28.7.1949, 3 thinnings, 7 weedings and 1 interculturing. (ix) 13.87°. (x) 12 and 19.9.1949.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. No P₂O₅ (control).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 3. 150 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 5. Fallow in Kharif and manured with 10 C.L /ac. of F.Y.M. in Rabi.

Manuring on 19.7.1949, 23 and 24.7.1949 was done by hand.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 51'×34'. (b) 47'×30'. (v) 2' all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The general growth of the crop was normal. (ii) Attack of hairy caterpillar, negligible damage. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 263 lb./ac.
- (ii) 97.51 lb./ac.
- (iii) The treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yie'd of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 233 |
| 2. | 245 |
| 3. | 271 |
| 4. | 305 |
| 5. | |
| S.E./mean | = 43.59 lb./ac. |

Crop: Chinamug (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 51(222).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa. Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of leguminous crop (Chinamug) with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 26.6 1951. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 18 lb./ac. (d) 24" between rows. (e)—. (v) Nil. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 1 weeding and 1 interculturing. (ix) 6.92". (x) 18.9.1951 and 27.9.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. No P₂O₅ (control).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 5. Fallow in Kharif and manured with 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. in Rabi.

Super applied on 24.6.1251.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 4. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 48'×30'. (b) 36'×18'. (v) 6' alread the net plot, (vi) Yes,

4. GENERAL:

(i) Growth stunted for want of sufficient moisture. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fooder yield. (iv) (a) 1948 – 1954. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 24 lb./ac.
- (ii) 14.79 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 26 |
| 2. | 26 |
| 3. | 23 |
| 4. | 23 |
| 5. | |
| S.E./mean | == 6.61 lb /ac |

Crop: Chinamug (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 52(108).

Site :- Agri. Res. Sin., Bhuwa.

Type :- 'M'.

Object: —To study the effect of leguminous crop Chinamag arown with and without P_2O_5 on the succeeding cereal crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Fallow. (c) Nil. (ii) Black cotton soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 18.6.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 18 lb./ac. (d) Between rows 24"; between plants irregular. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Chinamug (early). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 gap fillings, 2 interculturings and 1 weeding. (ix) N.A. (x) 28.8.1952 and 1.9.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. No P_2O_5 (control).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 5. Fallow in kharif and manure with 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. in rabi

Manures applied on 18.6.1952.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 48' × 30'. (b) 36' × 18'. (v) 6' alround the aet p.ot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Due to constant rain the growth was held up and decreased the yield to a considerable extent. (ii) Rabbits and monkeys together damaged—the crop. (iii) Grain and fodder yield, (iv, (a) 1948—1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nii.

- (i) 297 lb./ac.
- (ii) 79.70 lb./ac.
- (iii) The treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 233 |
| 2. | 328 |
| 3. | 361 |
| 4. | 266 |
| 5. | _ |
| S.E /mean | =35.63 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Chinamug (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 53(65).

Site :- Agri: Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of leguminous crop Chinamug grown with and without P₃O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 16.5.1953. (iv) (a) 3 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) 18 lb./ac. (d) 24°. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Chinamug (early). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Gap filling, interculturing and 3 weedings. (ix) 36.23°. (x) 23, 24.9.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. No P₂O₅ (control).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 5. Fallow in kharif and manured with 10 C.L./ac. of P.Y.M. in rabi.

Super applied on 12.6.1953.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 48'×30'. (b) 36'×18'. (v) 6' alround the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Uneven growth. Rains at the time of flowering affected the yield. (ii) No. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 68.97 lb./ac.
- (ii) 24,20 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 65.58 |
| 2. | 65.72 |
| 3. | 68.94 |
| 4. | 75.67 |
| 5. | - |
| S.E./mean | = 10.9 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Udid (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 49(81).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of P₂O₅ applied to *Udid* on the succeeding cotton crop grown with and without N.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Cotton. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 19.7.1949. (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) *Udid* (local). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 4 weedings and 2 interculturings. (ix) 13.75". (x) 27.12.1949.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Udid grown without P2O5.
- 2. Udid grown with P2O5 at 30 lb./ac. as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 2. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $44' \times 30'$. (b) $40' \times 24'$. (v) $2' \times 3'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1946—1949. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) No reasons given for low yield. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 318 lb./ac.
- (ii) 50,73 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Freatment | Av. yield |
|------------|----------------|
| 1. | 318 |
| 2. | 318 |
| S.E./means | =25.36 lb./ac. |

Crop : Tur (Rabi).

Ref :-Gj. 48(5).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :-'M'.

Object: - To study the effect of the leguminous crop Tur grown with and without P2O5 on the succeeding cereal crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Tur-Jowar. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 30.9.1948. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 15 to 20 lb./sc. (d) 3' between rows; $1\frac{1}{2}$ between plants. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Local. (vii) Unirrigated, (viii) 2 thinnings and 2 interculturings. (ix) 4.88°. (x) 23,3.1949.

2. TREATMENTS.

- 1. No P₂O₅ (control).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
 5. Fallow.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $42' \times 30'$. (b) $30' \times 18'$. (v) 6' ring alround the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Below normal. (ii) Nit. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1948-1954. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 223 lb./ac.
- (ii) 94.27 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 226 |
| 2. | 210 |
| 3, | 222 |
| 4. | 234 |
| 5. | |
| S.E./mean | =42.03 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Tur (Rabi).

Ref : Gj. 49(10)/48(5).

Site:- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type := 'M'.

Object:-To study the effect of the leguminous crop Tur grown with and without P2O5 on the succeeding cereal crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Jowar. (c) Nii. (ii) (a) Black cotton soils. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) Tur 14.10.1949; Cotton 22.7.1949. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 10 lb./ac. to 15 lb./ac. (d) 8 1/2 (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Local. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Weeding, thinning, interculturing and 2 gap filling. (ix) Nil. (x) 6.4.1950.

- 1. No P2O5 (control).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P₂O₅.
- 4. 150 lb /ac. of P8Os.
- 5. Cotton Suyog.

P₂O₅ as Super applied on 21.9.1949.

3. DESIGN:

(i) L. Sq. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 42' × 30'. (b) 30' × 18'. (v) 6' alround the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) Slight attack of Jassids on tur, no damage. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1954. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) Nii. (vii) The expt. is analysed with treatment, no. 5 missing. The yield of cotton is given separately.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 393 lb./ac.
- (ii) 100.8 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield | |
|--------------------|-----------|---------|
| 1. | 433 | |
| 2. | 382 | |
| 3. | 398 | |
| 4. | 359 | |
| S.E /mean | = 45.14 | lb./ac. |
| Av. yield of kapas | =379 | lb./ac. |

Crop :- Tur (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 50(15)/49(10)/48(5).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of the leguminous crop *Tur* grown with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop *Jowar*.

I. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) Tur-Jowar. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) Tur 25.8.1950. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 15 to 20 lb./ac—1 plant at final stand. (d) $3' \times 1\frac{1}{2}'$. (e)—. (v) N₁l. (vi) Local. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) One thinning, 2 interculturings and weeding. (ix) Nil. (x) 18.3.1951.

2. TREATMENTS.

- 1. No P₂O₅ (control).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P2O5.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P2O5.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P2O2.
- 5. Cotton Suyog.

P₂O₅ as Super applied on 23.8.1950.

3. DESIGN:

(i) L. Sq. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 42'×30'. (b) 30'×18'. (v) 6' alround the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Borer attack. (iii) Grain yield, (iv) (a) 1948-1954. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No (b) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) The experiment analysed with treatment no. 5 missing. The yield of cotton is given separately.

- (i) 484 lb./ac.
- (ii) 37.11 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|--------------|----------------------|
| 1. | 484 |
| 2. | 458 |
| 3. | 498 |
| 4. | 496 |
| S.E./mean | == 16.61 lb./ac. |
| Av. yield of | kapas = 599 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Tur (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 51(21)/50(15)/49(10)/48(5).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type : "M'.

Object:—To study the effect of the leguminous crep Tur raised with and without P_2O_5 on the succeeding cereal crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Tur—Jowar. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 4.9.1951. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 10 to 15 lb./ac. (d) 9" to 1' between plants and 1½' between rows. (e) —. (v) Nil. (vi) Local. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii Thinring, 3 interculturings and weeding. (ix) Nil. (x) 7.3.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. No P2O5 (control).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac of P2O5 as Super.
- 5. Cotton.

3. DESIGN:

(i) L. Sq. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 42' × 30'. (b) 30' × 18'. (v) 6' alround the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Slight attack of pod borer. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1954. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Experiment analysed with one mising plot. Mean yield of cotton is given separately.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 826 lb./ac.
- (ii) 61.71 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|--------------|------------------------|
| 1. | 819 |
| 2. | 807 |
| 3. | 799 |
| 4. | 879 |
| 5. | ***** |
| S.E./mean | =27.62 lb./ac. |
| Av. yield of | kapas = 76.15 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Tur (Rabi).

Ref: G_{j} . 52(35)/51(21)/50(15)/49(10)/48(10).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of the leguminous crop Tur grown with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Jowar—Tur. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotten soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Strat. (iii) 25.9.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 15 to 20 lb./ac. (d) 3' between rows and 1½' between plants. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Local. (vii) Unirrigated. (vii) Thinning and 3 interculturings. (ix) Nil. (x) 9.3.1952.

- 1. No P₂O₅ (control).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P₂O₅.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P₂O₅.
- 5. Cotton Suyog.

P₂O₅ as Super applied on 7.9.1952.

3. DESIGN:

(i) L. Sq. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $42' \times \times 30'$. (b) $30' \times 15'$. (v) 6' alround the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1954. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) The experiment was analysed with one treatment missing. The mean yield of treatment 5 is given separately.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 430 lb./ac.
- (ii) 34.69 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Freatment | Av. yield |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. | 426 |
| 2. | 430 |
| 3. | 438 |
| 4. | 426 |
| 5. | _ |
| S.E./mean | = 15.52 lb./ac. |

Av. yield of kapas=235 lb./ac.

Crop :-Tur (Rabi).

Ref: G_j . 53(44)/52(35)/51(21)/50(15)/49(10/48(5).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type:-'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of leguminous crop *Tur* grown with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop *Jowar*.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Jowar—Tur. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 26 8 1953. (iv) (a) 3 harrowings. (b) Drilling. (c) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Local. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 1 thinning, 2 weedings and 3 interculturings. (ix) Nil. (x) 5.4.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. No P₂O₅ (control).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 5. Cotton Suyog.

3. DESIGN:

(i) L. Sq. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 42'×30'. (b) 30'×18'. (v) 6' alround the net plot.(vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Below normal. (ii) Attack of top borer and yield was affected to about 50%. (iii) Height, stand and grain yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1954. (b) Yes. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) The expt. was analysed with one treatment missing.

- (i) 397 lb./ac.
- (ii) 47.58 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ significantly.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 426 |
| 2. | 426 |
| 3. | 407 |
| 4. | 331 |
| 5. | |
| S.E./mean | =20.97 lb./ac. |

Crop :-Wal (Rabi).

Ref :- Gi. 49(100).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type : 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of the leguminous crop Wal grown with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy—Wal. (b) Paddy. (c) 10 C.L./ac. of P.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Broadcasting. (c) 80 lb./ac. (d) and (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) Nil. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. No P2O5 (control).
- 2 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 4. 100 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super.
- 3. 150 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 5. Fallow in rabi and sown in kharif.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 24'×18'. (b) 15'×9'. (v) 42" alround the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1949—1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 802 lb./ac.
- (ii) 126.5 lb./ac.
- (iii) The treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 713 |
| 2. | 807 |
| 3. | 855 |
| 4. | 833 |
| 5. | - |
| S.E./mean | = 56.54 lb./ac. |

Crop : Wal (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 50(126).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of the leguminous crop Wal grown with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Wal. (b) Paddy in kharif and [wal in rabi, (c) C.L./ac. of compost to paddy. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Broadcasting. (c) 80 lb./ac. (d) N.A. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) Nil. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. No P₂O₅ (Control).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P₂O₅ as Super.
- 5. Fallow in rabi and sown in kharif.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 24'×15'. (b) 15'×9'. (v) 4½' alround the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1949—1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 760 lb./ac.
- (ii) 97.0 lb/ac.
- (iii) The treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 750 |
| 2. | 776 |
| 3. | 730 |
| 4. | 784 |
| 5. | |
| S.E./mean | =43.36 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Wal (Rabi).

Ref: Gj. 51(171).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bulsar.

Type : 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of leguminous crop Wal grown with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Wal—Gram. (b) Paddy in Kharif, Wal and Gram in rabi. (c) 10 C.L./ac. of compost given to paddy. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) N.A. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Broadcasting. (c) 80 lb./ac. (d) N.A. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) N.A. (vii) N.A. (viii) N.A. (ix) Nil. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. No P₂O₅ (Control).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P2O5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 5. Fallow in rabi and sown in kharif.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 24'×18'. (b) 15'×9'. (v) 4½' alround the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1949—1952. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 432 lb./ac.
- (ii) 182.9 lb./ac.
- (iii) The treatments do not differ significantly.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 472 |
| 2. | 379 |
| 3. | 460 |
| 4. | 419 |
| 5. | |
| S.E./mean | = 81.7 lb./ac. |

Crop :-Lang (Rabi).

Ref: Gj. 52(353)

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of leguminous crop Lang raised with and without P₂O₅ on the succeeding cereal crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Lang-Jowar. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 29.9.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 40 lb./ac. (d) 24" spacing. (e) —. (v) Nil. (vi) T-2-12. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) Nil. (x) 31.1.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. No P2O5 (control).
- 2. 50 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 3. 100 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 4. 150 lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.
- 5. Fallow.

P₂O₅ applied on 26.8.1952.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 5. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) 48' × 24', (b) 44' × 20', (v) 2' alround the net plot (vi Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Crop growth stunted due to severe heat and want of moisture. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c) Nil. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 16 lb./ac.
- (ii) 7.33 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield | |
|-----------|---------------|--|
| 1. | 19 | |
| 2. | 10 | |
| 3. | 14 | |
| 4. | 23 | |
| 5. | | |
| S.E./mean | =3.28 lb./ac. | |

Crop :-Sugarcane.

Ref : Gj. 50(24).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Vyara.

Type :-'M.

Object :-- To study the effect of A/S and G.N.C. along with P.Y.M. on Sugarcane yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Sugarcane. (b) Paddy. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Vyara. (iii) 16, 17.2.1950. (iv) (a), (b) and (c) N.A. (d) 3½'. (e) 36000 three budded setts/ac. (v) Nil. (vi) Co-527'. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Weeding and earthing up thrice. (ix) 74.20". (x) End of Feb. 1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

2 levels of F.Y.M.: $F_1 = 10$ and $F_2 = 20$ C.L./ac.

Sub-plot treatments:

3 ratios of N (applied at 120 lb./ac.). $R_1=A/S$: G.N.C. in 1:1, $R_2=A/S$: G.N.C. in 1:2, $R_3=G$.N.C. alone.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 2 main-plots/block; 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) 55.3' × 31.5'. (b) 44.8' × 24.5'. (v) one row at either side and 5.3' at either end. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Attack of borer. Control measures taken N.A. (iii) Germination counts, height, girth, no. of internodes and cane yield. (iv) (a) 1956—1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 28.81 ton/ac.
- (ii) (a) 2.89 ton/ac.
 - (b) 3.31 ton/ac.
- (iii) Only the interaction $F \times R$ is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of sugarcane in ton/ac.

| | F ₁ | F ₂ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|
| R ₁ | 27.50 | 29.57 | 28.53 |
| R ₂ | 29.76 | 28.45 | 29.10 |
| R ₃ | 29.40 | 28.32 | 28.81 |
| Mean | 28.89 | 28.75 | 28.81 |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. | F marginal means | =0.96 | ton/ac. |
|----|--------------------------------|-------|---------|
| 2. | R marginal means | =1.35 | ton/ac. |
| 3. | R means at the same level of F | =1.91 | ton/ac. |
| 4. | F means at the same level of R | =1.83 | ton/ac. |
| | | | |

Crop :-Sugarcane.

Ref :-Gj. 51(27).

Site: Agri. Res. Stn., Vyara.

Type: 'M'.

Object: -To study the effect of A/S and G.N.C. along with F.Y.M. on Sugarcane yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy—Sugarcane. (b) Paddy. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Black soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Vyara. (iii) 26.1.1951 and 27.1.1951. (iv) (a) and (b) N.A. (c) 36,000 three budded setts/ac. (d) Between rows—3.5'. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) CO—527. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) Weeding twice and earthing up thrice. (ix) 32.7". (x) February 1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

2 levels of F.Y.M.: $F_1=10$ and $F_2=20$ C.L./ac.

Sub-plot treatments:

3 ratios of N (applied at 120 lb./ac.): $R_1=A/S$: G.N.C. in 1:1, $R_2=A/S$: G.N.C. in 1:2 and $R_3=G$.N.C. alone.

DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 2 main-plots/block; 3 sub-plot/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) 31.5'×55.3'. (b) 24.5'×44.5'. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Stem borer attack 1% and shoot boxer attack 2%. (iii) Germination count, girth weight of sugarcane, No. of inter nodes. (iv) (a) 1950—1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 34.88 ten/ac.
- (ii) (a) 5.50 ton/ac.
 - (b) 2.55 ton/ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of sugarcane in lb./ac.

| | F ₁ | F, | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|-------|
| Rı | 33.51 | 3 7.46 | 35.48 |
| R_2 | 33.58 | 35.88 | 34.73 |
| R ₃ | 33.18 | 35.71 | 34:44 |
| Mean | 33.42 | 36.35 | 34,88 |

S.E. of differ nce of two

| i. | F marginal means | 1.80 ton/ac. |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------|
| 2. | R marginal means | =:1.04 ton/ac, |
| 3. | R means at the same level of F | =:1.47 ten/ac. |
| 4. | F means at the same level of R | =2.16 ton/ac |

Crop :- Sugarcane.

Ref :-Gj. 52(54).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Vyara.

Type :-'M'.

Object: - To study the effect of A/S and G.N.C. along with F.Y.M. on Sugarcane yield

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy-Sugarcane. (b) Paddy. (c) N.A. (ii) a) Black soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Vyara, (iii) January 19.2 and 4.2.1952. (iii) (a) and (b) N.A. (c) 12.000 three buded setts ac. (d) 3½ between rows and 9 rows in a plot. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) CO-527. (vii) Irrigated. (viii, Weedings tarice and earthing up thrice. (ix) 40.947. (x) 17 and 25.1.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

2 levels of F.Y.M.: $F_1 = 10$ and $F_2 = 20$ C.L./ac.

Sub-plot treatments:

3 ratios of N (applied at 120 lb./ac.): $R_1 = A/S : G.N.C.$ in 1:1, $R_2 = A/S : G.N.C.$ in 1:2 and $R_3 = G.N.C.$ alone.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 2 main-plots/block and 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $55.3' \times \times 31.5'$. (b) $44.5' \times 24.5'$. (v) 1 row on either side and 5.4' on either end. (vi) Yes.

4. CENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Attack of stem borer; D.D.T. and Pyrilla. (iii) Germination count, height, girth, internode and sugarcane yield. (iv) (a) 1950–1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 24.65 ton/ac.
- (ii) (a) 1.50 ton/ac.
 - (b) 2.06 ton/ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.

(iv) Av. yield of sugarcane in ton/ac.

| | $\mathbf{F_{I}}$ | F_2 | Mean |
|----------------|------------------|-------|-------|
| R ₁ | 23.60 | 25.40 | 24.50 |
| R_2 | 23.70 | 25.29 | 24.45 |
| R ₃ | 25.00 | 25.00 | 25.00 |
| Mean | 24.10 | 25.20 | 24.65 |

S.E. of difference of two

1. F marginal means =0.50 ton/ac.2. R marginal means =0.84 ton/ac. 3. R means at the same level of F =1.19 ton/ac. 4. F means at the same level of R =1.09 ton/ac.

Crop: Sugarcane.

Ref :- Gj. 53(100).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Vyara.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of A/S and G.N.C. along with F.Y.M. on Sugarcane yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Sugarcane—Paddy—Sugarcane. (b) Paddy. (c) 5 C.L./ac, of F.Y.M.+100 lb./ac, of A/S+300 lb./ac. of G.N.C.. (ii) (a) Black soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Vyara. [(iii) 31.1.1953. (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) CO.419. vii) Irrigated. (viii) Weeding five times. (ix) 727. (x) 12.1.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

2 levels of F.Y.M.: $F_1=10$ and $F_2=20$ C.L./ac.

Sub-plot treatments:

3 ratios of N (applied at 120 lb./ac.) : $R_1 = A/S$: G.N.C. in 1:1, $R_2 = A/S$: G.N.C. in 1:2 and $R_3=G.N.C.$ alone.

3. DESIGN:

- (i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 2 main-plots/block and 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) 31.5'×55.3'.
- (b) 24.5'×44.5'. (v) Two rows on either side along the length. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Mild attack of pyrilla-5% D.D.T.; mealy bugs-1% fish oil rasin soap. (iii) Germination counts, tillering counts, no. of internodes and sugarcane yield. (iv) (a) 1950-1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 32.75 ton/ac.
- (ii) (a) 5.94 ton/ac.
 - (b) 5.44 ton/ac.
- (iii) Only main effect of R is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of cane in ton/ac.

| | F, | F_2 | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|
| R ₁ | 34.34 | 34.18 | 34.26 |
| R ₂ | 26.63 | 32.33 | 29.48 |
| R ₃ | 33.83 | 35.21 | 34.52 |
| Mean | 31.60 | 33.90 | 32.75 |

S.E. of difference of two

1. F marginal means =1.98 ton/ac. 2. R marginal means =2.22 ton/ac. 3. R means at the same level of F =3.14 ton/ac.

4. F means at the same level of R

=3.24 ton/ac.

Crop :- Sugarcane.

Ref : Gj. 53(101).

Site: Agri. Res. Stn., Vyara.

Type : "M'.

Object: -To study the N and P2O5 requirements of Sugarcane.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Sugarcane—Paddy—Sugarcane. (b) Paddy. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.+100 lb./ac. of A/S+300 lb./ac. of G.N.C. (ii) (a) Black soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Vyara. (ii) 31.1.1953. (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. (v) 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) CO.419 (me fium. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Weeding five times, top dressing thrice and interculturing twice. (ix) 72°. (x) 23.1.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 2 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0=0$ and $P_1=100$ 15./ac.
- (2) 3 levels of N as A/S: $N_1 = 120$, $N_2 = 170$ and $N_3 = 220$ lb /ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 3×2 Fact, in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 6. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $24.5'\times55.5'$. (b) $17.5'\times46.5'$. (v) $3\frac{1}{2}'\times4\frac{1}{2}'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Mild attack of pyrilla—5% B.H.C. dusted. (iii) Germination count, tillering count, no. of internodes and sugarcane yield. (iv) (a) 1953—1955. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 28.35 ton/ac.
- (ii) 2.48 ten/ac.
- (iii) Main effect of N is significant while main effect of P₂O₅ and interactions are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of cane in ton/ac.

| : | P_0 | F ₁ | Меал |
|----------------|-------|----------------|-------|
| N ₁ | 26.48 | 27.08 | 26.78 |
| N_2 | 27,67 | 26 78 | 27,22 |
| N_3 | 32.32 | 29,82 | 31.07 |
| Mean | 28.82 | 27.89 | 28.35 |

S.E. of marginal mean of N = 0.87 ton/ac. S.E. of marginal mean of P_2O_5 = 0.72 ton/ac. S.E. of body of table = 1.24 ton/ac.

Crop :-Sugarcane.

Ref :-Gj. 52(53).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Vyara.

Type:-'IM'.

Object:-To study the intensity of irrigation required for Sugarcane.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Paddy—Sugarcane. (b) Paddy. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Vyara (iii) 3.2.1952. (iv) (a) & (b) N.A. (c) 36,000 three-budded setts /ac. (d) 3½′ between rows. (e) N.A. (v) 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.+127 lb./ac. of N as A./S & G.N.C. in the ratio 1:2. (vi) CO.419. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) 4 weedings and 2 earthing up. (ix) 43.92″. (x) 1.1.1953 & 31 1.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1), (2) and (3)

- (1) 2 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0=0$ and $P_1=100$ lb./ac.
- (2) 2 levels of Irrigation: $I_1=30$ "A and $I_2=50$ "A.
- (3) 2 intervals of Irrigation: T_1 =once in 15 days and T_2 =once in 30 days.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 2^8 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 8. (b) N.A. (iii) 3. (iv) (a) $44.5' \times 24.5'$. b) $38.8' \times 17.5'$. (v) 1 row on either side and 2.9' at either end. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Attack of Stem-borer. (iii) Germination ccunt, no. of tillers, height, girth and cane yield. (iv) (a) No. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) & (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 31.46 ton./ac.
- (ii) 1.94 ton./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of cane in ton./ac.

| | T ₁ | T ₂ | Mean | P_0 | P ₁ . |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|-------|------------------|
| I ₁ | 32.66 | 30.92 | 31.79 | 31.04 | 32.54 |
| l ₂ | 31.23 | 31.06 | 31.14 | 31.62 | 30.67 |
| Mean | 31.94 | 30.99 | 31.46 | 31.33 | 31.60 |
| P ₀ | 31.52 | 31.14 | | | |
| P ₁ | 32,37 | 30.84 | | | |

S.E. of any marginal mean = 0.56 ton/ac. S.E. of body of table = 0.79 ton/ac.

Crop :- Cotton.

Ref :- Gj. 48(75).

Site: Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type: 'M'.

Object: To study the effect of Super applied to the leguminous crops (Groundnut, *Udid*, *Bajra*) on the succeeding cereal crop Cotton grown with & without N.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton—legumes. (b) Bajra, Groundnut & Udid in Rabi. (c) As per treatment:. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 14 to 21.8.1948. (iv) (a) 3 harrowings and 1 ploughing. (b) Drilling. (c) 15 lb./ac. (d) 3' between rows. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Pratap. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 3 weedings & 3 interculturings. (ix) 12.73". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments: All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 3 previous crops: C_1 =Groundnut, C_2 =Udid and C_3 =Bojra.
- (2) 2 levels of P_2O_5 as Super (applied to above crops): $P_0=0$ and $P_1=30$ lb./ac.

Sub-plot treatments:

2 levels of N (applied to cotton): $N_0=0$ and $N_1=30$ lb./ac. A/S drilled in furrows at the time of sowing of cotton.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 6 main-plots/block; 2 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $45' \times 15'$. (b) $40' \times 9'$. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Kapas yield. (iv) (a) 1947-1949. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) & (b) Nil. (vii) Plot wise yield data N.A.; hence not analysed.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 763 lb /ac.
- (ii) N.A.
- (iii) N.A.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in 15./ac.

| | C_1 | C_2 | C ₃ | Viean | N_{θ} | N | ì |
|----------------|-------|-------|----------------|-------|--------------|------------------------|---------|
| Po | 713 | 806 | 779 | 766 | 759 | 773 | 1 |
| Pi | 754 | 724 | 800 | 759 | 794 | 725 | 1 |
| Mean | 734 | 765 | 790 | *63 | 776 | 749 | *** = 1 |
| N ₀ | 737 | 783 | 810 | - | | er entreen - car c may | |
| N ₁ | 730 | 747 | 770 | : | | | |

S.E.'s-N.A.

Crop :- Cotton (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 49(80).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of Super applied to the Leguminous crops (Groundnut, *Udid* and *Bajra*) on the succeeding crop Cotton grown with and without N.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton-legumes. (b) Legumes. (c) As per treatments, (ii) (a) Medium black. (o) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 19.7.1949. (iv) (a) One ploughing and 3 harrowings. (b) Drilling (c) 15 lb./ac. (d) Between rows -36" and between plants—irregular. (e) 15 A. v) Nil. (vi) Pratap. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 3 weedings and 3 interculturings. (ix) 13.75". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 3 previous crops: C_1 =Groundnut, C_2 =Udid and C_3 =Bojra.
- (3) Alivels of P_2O_5 as Super (applied to above crops, : $P_0=0$ and $P_1=30$ lb /ac.

Sub-plot treatments:

2 levels of N (applied to cotton): $N_0=0$ and $N_1=30$ lb./ac.

A/S drilled in furrows at the time of sowing cotton.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 6 main-plots/block; 2 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $45' \times 15'$. (b) $40' \times 9'$. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Due to scanty rainfall the growth was not good. The crop dried earlier than the normal ones. (ii) N.A. iii) Yield of kapas. (iv) (a) 1946—1949. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 645 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 79.89 lb ac.
 - (b) 58 02 lb ac.
- (iii) Main effects of C, N and interactions C×P and C×N are significant. Others are not significant.

(iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| | C ₁ | C ₂ | C_3 | Mean | N ₀ | N_1 |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|------|----------------|-------|
| P ₀ | 514 | 650 | 706 | 623 | 607 | 639 |
| P ₁ | 562 | 725 | 721 | 669 | 636 | 702 |
| Mean | 538 | 688 | 714 | 646 | | |
| No | 505 | 662 | 700 | 622 | | |
| N ₁ | 571 | 714 | 727 | 671 | | |

S.E. of difference of two

C marginal means = 28.24 lb./ac.
 P marginal means = 23.07 lb./ac.
 N marginal means = 16.74 lb./ac.
 N means at the same level of P = 23 60 lb./ac.
 P means at the same level of N = 28.50 lb./ac.
 N means at the same level of C = 29.00 lb./ac.
 C means at the same level of N = 34.90 lb./ac.

Crop : Cotton (Kharif).

Ref: Gj. 52(114).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type : 'M'.

Object: - To study the optimum requirements of N for Cotton.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i' (a) Cotton-Jowar or Bajra-Groundnut. (b) Groundnut. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 26.6.1952. (iv) (a) 1 ploughing and 3 harrowings. (b) Seeds were sown with local wooden drill and covered with rapta. (c) 15 lb./ac. (d) Between rows 12" and between plants—irregular. (e)—. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. was spread one month before sowing. (vi) Pratap (early). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 3 interculturings, 1 weeding and 1 thinning. (ix) 11.71". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 3 levels of A/S: $N_0=0$, $N_1=2$ and $N_2=4$ cwts/ac. of A/S.
- (2) 3 levels of Cellulose: $C_0=0$, $C_1=2$ and $C_2=5$ ton/ac.

A/S was spread and was covered with cellulose material.

3. DESIGN

(i) 3×3 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 9. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $27'\times52'$. (b) $15'\times40'$. (v) 6' [all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The germination was poor. There were scanty rains after the middle of August which very much affected the yield. (ii) Picking of larvae was done between 16.8.1952 to 25.8.1952. (iii) Seed yield and stubble yield (iv) (a) 1952—1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Surat. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 60 lb./ac.
- (ii) 21.20 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| | N ₀ | N_1 | N ₂ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|--------|
| Co | 54 | 63 | 51 | 56 |
| Cı | 69 | 59 | 48 | 59 |
| C ₂ | 64 | 72 | 62 | 66 |
| Mean | 62 | 65 | 54 | 60 |
| , | | • | • • | 0.15 1 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

=5.00 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=8.65 lb./ac.

Crop :- Cotton (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 53(164)

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type: 'M'.

Object: - To study the optimum requirements of N for Cotton.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a. Cotton—Jowar or Bajra—Groundnut. (b) Groundnut. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 23.6.1953. (iv) (a) One (Dughing and three harrowings. (b) Sown with wooden drill and covered with rapta. (c) 15 Ib./ac. (d) Between rows 15"; between plants—ir egular. (c) N.A. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y. M. spread one month before s wing. (d) Pratap rearly. (vii) Unitrigated. (viii) 7 interculturings, a weeding and I thinning. (ix) 34.25". (x) 17.41.1953, 4.12.1953, 26.12.1953 and 4.1.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 3 levels of A/S: $N_0 = 0$, $N_1 = 2$ and $N_2 = 4$ cwts /c.c. of A/S.
- (2) 3 levels of Collulose: $C_0 = 0$, $C_1 = 2$ and $C_2 = 5$ tonjat.

A/S was spread and was covered with cellulose materials.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 3×3 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a, 9. (b) N.A. (iii 6. (i) ,a) $27'\times52'$ (b) $15'\times40'$, (v) 6' all round the net plot. (vi) 3 es.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The germination was poor. Due to heavy rains in the month of August and September, the crop was heavily damaged. (ii) Nil. (iii) Kapas yield. (iv) (a) 552--:954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Surat. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 102 lb/ac.
- (ii) 40.1 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only the main effect of N is significant.
- (iv) Av, yield of kapas in 1b./ac.

| | N ₀ | Nt | N ₂ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|-----|----------------|------|
| Co | 71 | 92 | 123 | 95 |
| C_1 | 89 | 156 | 115 | 103 |
| C ₂ | 89 | 110 | 122 | 107 |
| Mean | 83 | 103 | 120 | 102 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

= 4.5 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

== 16,4 lb./ac.

Crop :- Cotton (Kharif).

Rei :- Gj. 48(87).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Dabhoi.

Type :- 'M'.

Object: To compare the effects of A/S and G.N.C. on Cotton.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton-Wheat and Jowar. (b) Wheat and Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dabhoi. (iii) 14 6.1948. (iv) (a) 1 ploughing and 1 harrowing. (b) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Deshi. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 1 weeding. (ix) 14.717. (c) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)+a control (no manure)

- (1) 3 levels of N: $N_1=20$, $N_2=30$ and $N_3=40$ lb./ac
- (2) 2 sources of N: $S_1 = A/S$ and $S_2 = G.N.C$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 7. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) 175' × 225'. (b) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Seed cotton yield. (iv) (a) 1947—N.A. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Plot wise yield data N.A., hence analysis could not be carried out.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 634 lb./ac.
- (ii) and (iii) N.A.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| | Control | =692 I | b./a c. | 1 |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| | N ₁ | N ₂ | N_3 | Mean |
| S ₁ | 626 | 537 | 704 | 622 |
| S_2 | 669 | 681 | 526 | 625 |
| Mean | 648 | 609 | 615 | 623 |

S.E.'s-N.A.

Crop :- Cotton (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 48(88).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Dabhoi.

Type: 'M'.

Object:-To study the residual effect of previous crops (manured and unmanured) on the yield of Cotton.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Leguminous crops with and without manures. (c) 30 lb./ac. of P₂O₅. (ii) (a) Black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dabhoi. (iii) 14.6.1948. (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. (v) 30 lb./ac. of N as A/S. (vi) Deshi cotton. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) 14.71°. (x) 10, 26.1.1949. and 11.2.1949.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 6 previous crops: $C_1 = Jowar$ (Control), $C_2 = Tur$, $C_3 = Groundnut$, $C_4 = Udid$, $C_5 = Gur$ and $C_6 = Gram$.
- (2) 2 levels of P_2O_5 (applied to previous crops): $P_0 = No$ manuring and $P_1 = 30$ lb./ac. of P_2O_5 as Super.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 6×2 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 12. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $60' \times 40'$. (b) $55' \times 20'$. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Seed cotton yield. (iv) (a) 1947—N.A. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Plot wise yield data is N.A., hence analysis could not be carried out.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 425 lb./ac.
- (ii) N.A.
- (iii) N.A.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in 1b./ac.

| | C ₁ | Cż | C ₃ | C4 | C ₅ | C ₆ | Mean |
|----------------|----------------|-----|----------------|-----|----------------|----------------|------|
| Po | 308 | 295 | 771 | 310 | 317 | 358 | 393 |
| P ₁ | 388 | 315 | 985 | 342 | 394 | 317 | 457 |
| Mean | 348 | 305 | 878 | 326 | 356 | 338 | 425 |

S.E.'s-N.A

Crop : Cotton (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 52(36).

Site : Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :'M'.

Object:—To study the optimum requirements of N for Cotton.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton-Jowar. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 25.6.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Dibbled. (c) 2½ to 3 lb./ac. (d) 6"×2". (e 1-2 steds/c5bble. (v) Nil. (vi) Suyog. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 7 interculturings, 1 thinning and 3 weedings. (ix) 19.98". (x) 5, 21.3.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 3 levels of A/S: $N_0=0$, $N_1=2$ and $N_2=4$ cv.4./ac. of A/S.
- (2) 3 levels of cellulose matter: $C_0=0$, $C_1=2$ and $C_2=5$ ton/ac. Manuring on 6.6.1950.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 3×3 Pact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 9. (b) N.A. (iii) 5. (iv) (a) $42'\times30'$. (b) $30'\times18'$. (v) 6' all round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Good. (ii) Slight attack of boll-worm; 10% damage found. (iii) Seed cotton yield. (iv) (a) 1952-1955.
- (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Amreli, and Surat. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Originally it was faid out with 6 replications but replication No. 4 was omitted because of very low yield, hence only 5 replications.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 245 lb/ac.
- (ii) 56.63 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effect of N alone is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of hapas in lb./ac.

| | N_0 | N_1 | N_{v} | Mea: |
|--------------------|-------|-------|---------|------|
| Cn | 353 | 189 | 191 | 244 |
| \boldsymbol{c}_1 | 345 | 253 | 143 | 247 |
| C ₂ | 343 | 259 | 132 | 244 |
| Mean | 347 | 233 | 175 | 245 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

=15.00 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

= 25.28 /b./ac.

Crop: Cotton (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 53(46).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type : 'M'.

Object : – To study the optimum requirements of N for Cotton.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton—Jowar. (b. Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surar. (iii) 24.6.1953. (iv) 2-3 harrowings. (b) Dibbling. (c) N.A. (d) 6*×2". (c) 1 seed/dibble. (v) Nil.

.....

(vi) Vijay 2087 (In proved—early). (vii) Unirrigated. (vii.) 1 thinning, 1 weeding and 6 interculturings. (ix) 58". (x) 7 to 49.3.1954.

2. TREATMENTS

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 3 levels of A/S: $N_0=0$, $N_1=2$ and $N_2=4$ cwt/ac. of A/S.
- (2.3 levels of cellulose matter: $C_0=0$, $C_1=2$ and $C_2=5$ ton/ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 3×3 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 9. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $42'\times30'$. (b) $30'\times13'$. (v) 6' round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. Stand was good without lodging. (ii) Nil. (iii) Kapas yield. (iv) (a) 1952—1955. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Amreli. (b) N.A. (vi) 46" out of 58" rainfall occured in July and August against the average of 42". (vii) N.A.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 640 lb./ac.
- (ii) 49.19 lb./ac.
- (iii) All effects are significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| | N_0 | N_1 | N_2 | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| C ₀ | 557 | 687 | 845 | 696 |
| C_1 | 519 | 636 | 731 | 629 |
| C_2 | 532 | 603 | 651 | 595 |
| Mean | 536 | 642 | 742 | 640 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

=11.60 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

== 20.14 lb./ac.

Crop:-Cotton (Kharif).

Ref.:-Gj. 51(30).

Site : Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :- 'M'.

Object: - To find the optimum dose of N to Cotton crop.

BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Jowar—Cotton. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 28.6.1951. (iv) (a) 2 harrowings. (b) Dibbling. (c) N.A. (d) 5"×3". (e) 1 seed/dibble. (v) Nil. (vi) 170-CO.2 Desi Raj. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 1 interculturing, 1 weeding and 1 thinning. (ix) 20.18". (x) 5, 28.1.1952 and 10.2.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no manure).
- 2. 20 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.
- 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.+5 lb./ac. of N as A/S (coating to seed)+20 lb./ac. of N as manure mixture topdressed.
- 4. 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.+5 lb./ac. of N as A/S (coating to surface) +20 lb./ac. of N as manure mixture top dressed.
- 5. 50 lb./ac. of N as manure mixture.
- 6. 10 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.+2J lb./ac. of N as manure mixture top dressed.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 6. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $72' \times 15'$. (b) $69' \times 5'$. (v) $1\frac{1}{2}' \times 5'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Below normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Cotton seed yield. (iv) (a) 1951—1955 (modified in 1952). (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) Unfavourable season with low rains, (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 368.4 lb./ac.
- (ii) 76.71 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.

(iv. Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| reatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|------------------|
| 1. | 348.8 |
| 2. | 359.0 |
| 3. | 375.6 |
| 4. | 341.9 |
| 5. | 416.9 |
| 6. | 368.3 |
| S.E./mean | = 38.35 lb./ac. |

Crop:-Cotton (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 52(236).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type: 'CM'.

Object: - To study the optimum dose of N and P2O3 along with spacings on the yield of Cotton.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Groundnut (Kharif)-Wheat (Rabi). (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) N.A. (d) As per treatments. (e) 2 seeds/ dibble. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) Nil. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) 12.72°. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 3 levels of N as A/S: $N_0=0$, $N_1=30$ and $N_2=60$ lb./ac.
- (2) 3 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0=0$, $P_1=30$ and $P_2=60$ lb./ac.

Sub-plot treatments:

3 spacings: $S_1 = 12'' \times 9''$, $S_2 = 18'' \times 9''$ and $S_3 = 24'' \times 9''$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 9 main-plots/block; 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) 63'×15' for 12" and 24" spacing and 63'×15' for 18" spacing. (b) 60'×12'. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

(i) N.A. (ii) Nil. (iii) Kapas yield, (iv) (a) 1952-1954, (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 275 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 73.81 lb./ac.
 - (b) 52.18 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| i : | N_0 | N_1 | N ₂ | Mean | Sį | S_2 | S_3 |
|-----------------|-------|-------|----------------|--------|-----|-------------|-------------|
| ,2 ₀ | 271 | 290 | 294 | 285 | 279 | 307 | 268 |
| Pı | 261 | 298 | 275 | 278 | 279 | 278 | 278 |
| F2 | 248 | 269 | 271 | 263 | 237 | 27 2 | 2 58 |
| Mean | 260 | 286 | 280 | 275 | 271 | 286 | 763 |
| S, | 239 | 296 | 279 | | | | |
| Sa | 279 | 285 | 293 | | | | |
| S ₂ | 261 | 276 | 267 | , i C. | | | |

S.E. of difference of two

| i. | N or P marginal means |
|----|-------------------------------------|
| 2 | S marginal ir eans |
| 3. | S means at the same level of N or P |

=17.39 lb./ac. =12.30 lb /ac.

=21.30 lb./ac.

4. N or P means at the same level of S

=24.60 lb /ac.

Crop:-Cotton (Kharif).

Ref: Gj. 53(77).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type : CM'.

Object: -To study the optimum dose of N and P2Os along with spacings on the yield of Cotton.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Groundnut and Wheat. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black cotton. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 26 to 29.6.1953. (iv) (a) Harrowing twice, ploughing once and levelling once. (b) Dibbing. (c) 15 to 20 lb./ac. (d) As per treatments. (e) 3 to 5 seeds/hole. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. before preparatory tillage. (vi) Pratap (medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 3-4 interculturings and we dings. (ix) 34.25". (x) 20.10.1953; 9.11.1953; 15.12.1953; 7, 25.1.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 3 levels of N as A/S: $N_0=0$, $N_1=30$ and $N_2=60$ lb./ac.
- (2) 3 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0=0$, $P_1=30$ and $P_2=60$ lb./ac.

Sub-plot treatments:

3 spacings: $S_1=12"\times9"$, $S_2=18"\times9"$ and $S_3=24"\times9"$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 9 main-plots/block and 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) 63'×16' for 12" and 24" spacing; 63'×15' for 18" spacing. (b) 60'×12'. (v) One row on either side and 1.5' at each end to be left for 18" and 24" treatments and two rows on either side and 1.5' at each end for 12" spacing to be left as non-experimental areas. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Nil. (iii) Kapas yield. (iv) (a) 1952—1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 211 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 104.9 lb./ac.
 - (b) 58.8 lb./ac.
- (iii None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| | N_0 | N ₁ | N ₂ | Mean | S_1 | Sz | Sı |
|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|------|-------|-------------|-----|
| P ₀ | 173 | 225 | 198 | 198 | 211 | 208 | 177 |
| P ₁ | 212 | 207 | 231 | 214 | 222 | 224 | 195 |
| P ₂ | 193 | 201 | 273 | 222 | 212 | 2 29 | 225 |
| Mean | 192 | 211 | 231 | 211 | 215 | 220 | 199 |
| Sı | 195 | 221 | 228 | | | | |
| S ₂ | 189 | 221 | 251 | | | | |
| S ₃ | 192 | 191 | 213 | _ | | | |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. | N cr P marginal means | =24.7 lb./ac. |
|----|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| 2. | S marginal means | =13.9 lb./ac. |
| 3. | S means at the same level of N or P | =24.0 lb./ac. |
| 4. | N or P means at the same level of S | =31.5 lb./ac. |

Crop : Cotton (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 48(109).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type: 'CM'.

Object:—To study the residual effect of Cotton grown with chinamug on succeeding crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton, Chinamug-Jowar. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Deep black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 22.7.1948. (iv) (a) to (e) N.A. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) 12.4.1949.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Cotton to be followed by Jowar next year.
- 2. Cotton with intercropping of Chinamug to be followed by Jowar.
- 3. Cotton with intercropping of Chinamug (super at 50 ib./ac. of P₂O₅ applied to Chinamug) to be followed by Jowar.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 3. (b) N.A. (iii) 8. (iv) (a) 36'×62'. (b) 24'×50'. (v) 6' alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Seed cotton yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1951. (b) N.A. (c) Nil. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) The intercrop *chinamug* did not thrive for want of rain and hence the yield of *chinamug* not recorded.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 234 lb./ac.
- (ii) 23.28 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 234 |
| 2. | 226 |
| 3. | 243 |
| S.E./mean | = 8.23 lb./ac. |

Crop: Cotton (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 49(137)

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type: - 'CM'.

Object:—To study the residual effect of Cotton grown with Chinamug on succeeding crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton, Chinamug-Jowar. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Deep black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 9.7.1949. (iv) a) N.A. (b) Dibbling. (c) N.A. (d) N.A. (e) N.A. (v) 5 C L./ac. of F.Y.M (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 interculturings, I thinning and I weeding. (ix) 45.42%. (x) by 9.4.1950.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Cotton to be followed by Jowar next year.
- 2. Cetton with intercropping of Chinamue to be followed by Jowar.
- 5. Cotton with intercropping of Chinamug (super at 50 lb./ac, of P₂O₅ applied to Chinamug) to be followed Jowar.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 3. (b) N.A. (iii) 8. (iv) (a) $36' \times 62'$. (b) $24' \times 50'$. (v) 3' alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Due to heavy rains, crop growth was stunted. (ii) Heavy attack of leaf eating cater pillers and pod borers in Chinamug due to which crop failed. (iii) Seed cotton yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1951. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) The inter crop Chinamug completely failed.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 615 lb./ac.
- (ii) 79.13 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| reatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 662 |
| 2. | 581 |
| 3. | 603 |
| S.E./mean | =27.98 lb./ac. |

Crop:-Cotton. (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 50(161).

Site: Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :- 'CM'.

Object:—To study the residual effect of Cotton grown with Chinamug on succeeding crop Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton, Chinamug-Jowar. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Deep black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 6.7.1950. (iv) (a) 3 harrowings. (b) Dibbled. (c) N.A. (d) 6'×2'. (e) N.A. (v) 5 C L./ac. of F.Y.M. spread on 29.5.1950. (vi) Suyog (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 weedings, 2 thinnings & 3 interculturings (ix) 29.40" (x) 10.3.1951 & 26.3.1951.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Cotton to be followed by Jowar next year.
- 2. Cotton with intercropping of Chinamug to be followed by Jowar.
- 3. Cotton with intercropping of *Chinamug* (super applied to *Chinamug* at 50 lb./ac. of P₂O₅) to be followed by *Jowar*.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 3. (b) N.A. (iii) 8. (iv) (a) $36' \times 62'$. (b) $24' \times 50'$. (v) 6'. alround (vi) Yes.

4 GENERAL:

(i) Normal growth for cotton. (ii) Chinamug was heavily attacked by insects and also at the time of pod formation, attack of rats spoiled most of the pods. (iii) Seed cotton yield. (iv) (a) 1948—1951. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Chinamug crop failed.

RESULTS:

- (i) 530 lb./ac.
- (ii) 38.50 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|------------------|
| 1 | 544 |
| 2. | 530 |
| 3. | 516 |
| S.E./mean | = 13.77 lb./ac. |

Crop:- Cotton. (Kharif.).

Ref :- Gj. 52(58).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :- 'CM'.

Object: - To find the optimum dose of manures to Cotton crop with suitable spacing.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Jowar—Cotton. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 26.6.1952. (iv) (a) 2 harrowings. (b) Dibbling. (c) N.A. (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) 170 CO-2 Deis Raj. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 3 weedings, 4 interculuturings and 2 thinings. (ix) 20.18". (x) 21.2.1953, and 15.3.1953

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

6 doses of manure: $M_0 = \text{Control}$ (no manure), $M_1 = 20 \text{ C.L./ac.}$ of F.Y.M, $M_2 = 10 \text{ C.L./ac.}$ of F.Y.M. +20 lb./ac. of N as manure mixture + 5 lb./ac. of N as A/S coating of seed, $M_3 = 10 \text{ C.L./ac.}$ of F.Y.M. +5 lb./ac. of N as A/S coating to surface $\frac{1}{100}$ b./ac. of N as manure mixture top dressing, $M_4 = 50 \text{ lb./ac.}$ of N as manure mixture and $M_5 = 10 \text{ C.L./ac.}$ of F.Y.M. + 25 lb./ac. of N as manure mixture top cressing.

Sub-plot treatments:

2 spacings: $S_1 = 5' \times 2'$ and $S_9 = 5' \times 3'$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 6 main-plots/block; 2 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) Main plot: 84'×15'. Sub-plot: 42'×15'. (b) 36'×5'. (v) One row on either side, 3' at either end. (v) Yes, in main-plots; in sub-plots treatments not randomised.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Below normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Seed cotton yield, (iv) (a) 1951 to 1955 (modified in 1952.) (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 450.2 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 145.8 lb./ac.
 - (b) 83,41 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| | M ₀ | М, | M ₂ | Ma | M ₄ | Me | Меан |
|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|--------------|----------------|-------|-------|
| S ₁ | 485.5 | 443,2 | 502.2 | 461.3 | 565.7 | 444.7 | 483.7 |
| S ₂ | 325.2 | 668.5 | 340.3 | 397 8 | 409 9 | 358.5 | 416.7 |
| Mean | 405.4 | 555.8 | 421.2 | 429.6 | 487.8 | 401.6 | 450.2 |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. M marginal means | == 72.88 lb./ac. |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| 2. S marginal means | = 24.06 lb./ac. |
| 3. S means at the same level of M | == 58.98 lb./ac. |
| 4. M means at the same level of S | ==83.98 lb./ac. |

Ref :- Gj 53(140).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Crop : Cotton (Kharif)

Type :- 'M'.

Object: - To find out the optimum dose of manure to Cotton crop with suitable spacing.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Cotton-Jowar, (b) Jowar, (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 23.6.1953 (iv) (a) 2 harrowings. (b) Dibbling. (c) N.A. (d) As per treatments. (e) 1 plant/dibble. (v) Nil. (vi) 170-CO-2. (Desi Raj) (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 thinnings, 3 weedings and 4 interculturings. (ix) 58". (x) 1st picking on 23.2.1954, 2nd on 17.3.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main plot treatments:

6 doses of manure: $-M_0 = \text{Contral /no manure}$, $M_1 = 20 \text{ CL/ac.}$ of F.Y.M., $M_2 = 10 \text{ CL/ac.}$ of F.Y.M. +20 lb/ac. of N as manure mixture +5 lb./ac of N as A/S coating of seed., $M_3 = 10 \text{ C.L./ac.}$ of F.Y.M. +5 lb./ac. of N as A/S coating to surface +20 lb./ac. of N as manure mixture top dressing, $M_4 = 50 \text{ lb/ac.}$ of N as manure mixture and $M_5 = 10 \text{ C.L./ac.}$ of F.Y.M. +25 lb./ac. of N as manure mixture top dressing.

Sub-plot treatments:

2 spacings: $S_1 = 5' \times 2'$ and $S_2 = 5' \times 3'$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 6 main-plots/block; 2 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) Sub-plot: $42' \times 15'$; main-plot: $84' \times 15'$. (b) $36' \times 5'$. (v) One row on either side, 3' at either end. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. ii) Crop attacked by thrips. No control measures taken. (iii) Seed cotton yield (iv) (a) 1951 to 1955. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 745.7 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 138.9 lb./ac.
 - (b) 116.6 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effect of M, S are significant. Interaction M×S is not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| | M_0 | M ₁ | M ₂ | Ma | M ₄ | M_5 | Mean |
|----------------|-------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------|
| Sı | 583.8 | 801.6 | 836.4 | 889.4 | 870.0 | 795.0 | 796.0 |
| S ₂ | 314.6 | 633.7 | 79 8. 6 | 8 75 .7 | 774.4 | 7 73. 0 | 695.5 |
| Mean | 449.2 | 717.6 | 817.5 | 882.5 | 823.7 | 704.0 | 745.7 |

S E. of difference of two

| 1. | M marginal means | =69.44 lb./ac. |
|----|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 2. | S marginal means | =33.67 lb./ac. |
| 3. | S means at the same level of M | = 82.48 lb./ac. |
| 4. | M means at the same level of S | =85.30 lb./ac. |

Crop:-Groundnut.

Ref :- Gj. 49(85).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type :- 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of organic manures on the yield of Groundnut.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Cotton. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 19.7.1949. (iv) (a) One ploughing and 3 harrowings. (b) Drilled. (c) 60 lb/ac. (d) Between rows 18"; between plants-irregular. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) A.H.32. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 weedings and 2 interculturings. (ix) 13.75". (x) 31.10.1949.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Control (no manuring).
- 2. 7 C.L./ac. of Compost.
- 3. 7 C.L./ac. of Poudrette Compost.
- 4. 7 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.

Manures applied at sowing.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B D. (ii) (a) 4. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) $44' \times 30'$. (b) $40' \times 24'$. (v) $2' \times 3'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Inspite of insufficient rains in the month of August the crop did not suffer much, the general growth wes normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Pod yield. (iv) (a) No. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1274 lb./ac.
- (ii) 291.8 lb /ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (v) Av. yield of pod in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 1078 |
| 2. | 1395 |
| 3. | 1373 |
| 4. | 1248 |
| S.E./mean | =206.3 lb./ac. |

Crop:-Groundnut (Kharif).

Ret :- Gj. 48(64).

Site: Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type: 'M'.

Object: -To study the effect of Super applied to the crops [Groundnut, Udid] and Bajra] on the succeeding crop Cotton.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 14.8.1548 to 21.8.1948. (iv) (a) One ploughing and three harrowings. (b) Drilled. (c) 60 lb./ac. (d) Between rows 18°, between plants—irregular. (e)—. (v) Nil. (vi/ A.H.32. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 to 3 weedings and 3 to 4 interculturings. (ix) 12.73°. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Groundnut without Super.
- 2. Groundnut with Super at 30 lb./ac. of P2O5.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 2. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $44' \times 30'$. (b) $40' \times 24'$. (v) $1' \times 3'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The crop germinated well. For want of rains witnering was noticed. On the whole the season was normal, (ii) Nil. (iii) Pod yield. (iv) (a) 1945-1949. (b) No (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Plot wise yield data N.A.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1415 lb, fac.
- (ii) N.A.
- (iii) N.A.
- (iv) Av. yield of pod in lb./ac.

Treatment Av. yield

1. 1401
2. 1429
S.E./mean = N.A.

Crop: Groundnut (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 49(84).

Site: Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type: 'M'.

Object:—To study the effect of Super applied to crops (Groundnut, *Udid* and *Bajra*) on the succeeding crop Cotton with and without N.

1, BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Cotton. (c) 5 C.L./ac, of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreti. (iii) 19.7.1949. (iv) (a) One ploughing and 3 harrowings. (b) Drilled. (c) 60 lb./ac. (d) Between rows 18" and between plants—irregular. (e)—. (v) Nil. (vi) A.H.32. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 4 weedings and 2 interculturings. (ix) 13.73". (x) 26.11.1949 and 27.12.1949.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Groundnut without Super.
- 2. Groundnut with Super at 30 lb./ac. of P2O5.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 2. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $44' \times 30'$. (b) $40' \times 24'$. (v) $2' \times 3'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Pod yield. (iv) (a) 1946—1949. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1149 lb./ac.
- (ii) 15.72 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments do not differ significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of pod in lb./ac.

Treatment Av. yield

1. 1146

2. 1151

S.E./mean = 7.86 lb./ac.

Crop :- Groundnut (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 53(306).

Site : Agri. Res. Stn., Dohad.

Type: 'M'.

Object: - To find out the effect of Boron and Manganese on Groundnut yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) and (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Light brown. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dehad. (iii) 23.7.1953. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Spanish No. 5. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) NA. (ix) 18.64". (x) 2.11.1953 to 9.11.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 2 levels of Boron: $B_0=0$ and $B_1=4$ lb./ac.
- (2) 2 levels of Manganese: $M_0=0$ and $M_1=6$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 2×2 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 4 (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) $42'\times39'$, (b) $30'\times31'$. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Due to continuous rains after so wing, plots were not in good candition for any operation and hence the crop growth was hindered. (ii) Crop suffered from root-rot disease and hence damaged to the extent of 25%. (iii) Yield of pods and tops. (iv) (a) 1953—N.A. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 750 lb./ac.
- (ii) 256.0 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of pod in lb./ac.

| | B ₀ | B ₁ | Mean |
|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|------|
| M ₀ | 889 | 664 | 777 |
| M ₁ | 719 | 728 | 724 |
| Mean | 804 | 696 | 750 |

S.E. of any marginal mean

= 128.0 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=181.01⁻⁰./ac.

Crop :- Groundnut (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(175).

Site :- Groundnut Res. Stn., Junagadh.

Type: 'M'.

Object: -To find the best combination of F.Y.M., P2O5 and K2O for setting maximum yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) and (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Modium black (b) Refer soil analysis, Junagadh. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) 2 to 3 harrowings. (b) Dibbling. (c) N.A. (d) Between rows 3 and between plants 4". (e) 1. (v) Ni. (vi) Punjab 1. (spreading type). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 to 3 interculturings and 3 to 4 weedings. (ix) 24.11". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

2 levels of F.Y.M.; $F_0=0$ and $F_1=10$ C L./ac.

Sub-plot treatments:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 3 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0=0$, $P_1=24$ and $P_3=48$ lb./ac.
- (2) 3 levels of K_2O as Pot. Sul. : $K_0=0$, $K_1=27$ and $K_2=54$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (i): (a) 2 main-plots/block and 9 sub-plots/mai.i-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. √(v) (a) 77 × 17.
 (b) 65′×6′. (v) 4½′×2′. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Pod yield. (iv) (a) 1952—cont.i. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) N

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1063 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 153.2 lb./ac.
 - (b) 116.9 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only main effect of F is significant.
- (i/) Av. yield of pod in lb./ac.

| | P_0 | P_{1} | Pz | Mean | F_0 | $\mathbf{F_1}$ |
|----------------|-------|---------|------|------|--------------|----------------|
| K ₀ | 991 | 1030 | 104: | 1021 | 982 | 1059 |
| K ₁ | 1092 | 1123 | 1055 | 1090 | 1009 | 1170 |
| K ₂ | 1009 | 1067 | 1162 | 1079 | 989 | 1169 |
| Mean | 1031 | 1073 | 1086 | 1063 | 9 9 3 | 1133 |
| F ₀ | 935 | 1018 | 1027 | | ** *** | |
| F ₁ | 1126 | 1128 | 1145 | | | |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. | F marginal means | =32.28 lb./ac. |
|----|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| 2. | P or K marginal means | =30.16 lb./ac. |
| 3. | P or K means at the same level of F | =42.45 lb./ac. |
| 4. | F means at the same level of P or K | =47.62 lb./ac. |

Crop:-Groundnut (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 53(256).

Site:-Groundnut Res. Stn., Junagadh.

Type: "M'.

Object:—To find the best combination of F.Y.M, P2O5 and K2O for getting maximum yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS: '

(i) (a) No. (b) and (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Junagadh. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) 2 to 3 harrowings. (b) Dibbling. (c) N.A. (d) Between rows—3' and between plants—4*. (e) One. (v) Nil. (vi) Punjab. I. (spreading type). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 to 3 interculturings and 3 to 4 weedings. (ix) 50.54*. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

2 levels of F.Y.M.: $F_0=0$ and $F_1=10$ C.L./ac.

Sub-plot treatments:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 3 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0=0$, $P_1=24$ and $P_2=48$ lb./ac.
- (2) 3 levels of K_2O as Pot. Sul. : $K_0=0$, $K_1=27$ and $K_2=54$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 2 main-plots/block and 9 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $75' \times 10'$. (b) $66' \times 6'$. (v) $4\frac{1}{8}' \times 2'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Pod yield. (iv) (a) 1952—contd. (modified in 1955—56). (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1083 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 409.9 lb./ac.
 - (b) 192.1 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effect of F is highly significant; main effect of P and interactions P×K and P×F are significant.

 Others are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of pod in lb./ac.

| } | P_0 | P_1 | P_2 | Mean | $\mathbf{F_0}$ | $\mathbf{F_1}$ | 1 |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|------|---------------------|----------------|---|
| K ₀ | 909 | 1203 | 1148 | 1087 | 7 9 9 | 1374 | |
| К1 | 1068 | 1075 | 1109 | 1084 | 797 | 1370 | |
| K ₂ | 960 | 1079 | 1203 | 1081 | 7 90 | 1372 | |
| Mean | 979 | 1119 | 1153 | 1083 | 795 | 1372 | |
| F ₀ | 603 | 840 | 942 | | | | |
| F ₁ | 1354 | 1398 | 1364 | | | | |

S.E. of difference of two

F marginal means = 78.87 lb./ac.
 P or K marginal means = 45.26 lb /ac.
 P or K means at the same level of F = 64.02 lb./ac.
 F means at the same level of P or K = 94.60 lb./ac.

Crop:-Groundnut (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 53(157).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Deesa.

Type :-'C'.

Object:—To determine the economic seed rate and spacing of plants to get maximum yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Bajra. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Sandy loam. (b) Refer soil aralysis, Deesa. (iii) 27.6.1953. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Dibbling. (c) and (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Spanish pearut. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 1 interculturing. (ix) N.A. (x) 9 to 12.11.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacing between rows: $S_1 = 12''$, $S_2 = 15''$ and $S_3 = 13''$.

Sub-plot treatments:

3 seed rates: $R_1=60$, $R_2=80$ and $R_3=100$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block and 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (ii) 6. (c) (a) $36' \times 2$; for 12" and 18" spacing and $36' \times 22.5'$ for 15" spacing. (b) $30' \times 15'$. (v) 3 ring cound the net plot for 12" and 18" spacing. $3' \times 3' - 9$ " border for 15" spacing. (d) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Germination was good. Growth and pod formation was affected by continuous rains. (ii) Crop was affected by termites. No control measures taken, (iv) Pod yield. (iv) (a. 1796—1953. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Dohad. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.
- 5. RESULTS:
 - (i) 611 lb/ac.
 - (ii) (a) 117.1 lb /ac.
 - (b) 70.4 lb./ac.
 - (iii) R effect is highly significant. S effect and interaction $S \times R$ are significant.
 - (iv) Av. yield of pod in lb./ac.

| : | S_1 | S_2 | S_3 | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|
| R ₁ | 460 | 500 | 468 | 476 |
| R ₂ | 556 | 641 | 556 | 584 |
| R_3 | 734 | 875 | 710 | 77 3 |
| Mean | 583 | 672 | 578 | 61 |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1, | S marginal means | =39.0 lb./ac. |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------|
| 2. | R marginal means | = 23.5 lb./ac. |
| 3. | R means at the same level of S | =41.0 lb., ac. |
| 4. | S means at the same level of R | ==51.2 lb./ac. |

Crop :- Groundnut (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 52(105).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Dohad.

Type : "C'.

Object: -To find out the optimum spacing and seed rate for getting maximum yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Maize. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium brown. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dohad. (iii) 22, 29.6.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) By plough. (c) and (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) 5 C.L./ac of F.Y.M. on 11.6.1952. (vi) Spanish.5 (erect type). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Hand weeding during the second week of August. Interculturing by a country plough on 23.8.1952. (ix) 31.07°. (x) 27.10.1952 to 2.11.1952,

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings between rows: $S_1=12''$, $S_2=15''$ and $S_3=18'$.

Sub-plot treatments:

3 seed rates: $R_1=80$, $R_2=100$ and $R_3=120$ lb./ac.

3. DESIGN:

- (i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block and 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $36' \times 15'$
- (b) $30' \times 9'$ for 12', 18" and $27' \times 10'$ for 15" spacings respectively. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The germination was gappy and the stand of the crop was uneven. The crop suffered due to continuous and heavy rains from the second week of July to 2nd week of August. (ii) Katra was found on groundnut but did not come out with any significant damage. (iii) Pod yield. (iv) (a) 1952—1954. (b No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Deesa. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1104 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 381.3 lb./ac.
 - (b) 362.7 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of pod in lb./ac.

| | S_1 | S_2 | S_3 | Mean |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| R ₁ | 1091 | 954 | 1014 | 1020 |
| R_2 | 1139 | 1042 | 1249 | 1143 |
| R ₃ | 1218 | 1141 | 1085 | 1148 |
| Mean | 1149 | 1046 | 1116 | 1104 |

S.E. of difference of two

S marginal means = 127.1 lb./ac.
 R marginal means = 120.9 lb./ac.
 R means at the same level of S = 209.3 lb./ac.
 S means at the same level of R = 212.9 lb./ac.

Crop : Groundnut (Khraif).

Ref:-Gj. 53(156).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Dohad.

Type : 'C'.

Object:—To find out the optimum spacing and seed rate for getting maximum yield.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Fallow. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium brown. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dohad. (ii) 25, 26.7.1953. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) By plough. (c) and (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. during the second week of June 1953. (vi) Spanish-5 (erect type). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Interculturing by plough on 30.8.1953 and hand weeding on 31.8.1953. (ix) 19.05". (x) 22 to 27.10.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

3 spacings between rows: $S_1 = 12''$, $S_2 = 15''$ and $S_3 = 18''$.

Sub-plot treatments:

3 seed rates: $R_1=80$, $R_2=100$ and $R_3=120$ 1b./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 3 main-plots/block and 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $36' \times 21'$, $36' \times 22.5'$ and $35' \times 24'$ for 12'', 15'' and 18'' spacings respectively. (b) $30' \times 15'$. (v) 3 rows on either side and 3' at either end of the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The germination of the crop was satisfactory. The total rainfall for this year was only half the annual average rainfall. However the distribution of the rainfall was not so bad, hence the crop did not suffer much. (ii) Tikka disease was noticed in later stage; no control measures were taken. (iii Pod yield. (iv) (a) 1952—1954. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) Deesa. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 982 lb./ac.
- (ii) (a) 199.8 lb./ac.
 - (b) 180.0 lb./ac.
- (iii) None of the effects is significant.

(iv) Av. yield of pod in lb./ac.

| | S_1 | S_2 | S_3 | Mean |
|----------------|---------------------|-------------|-------|------|
| Ri | 945 | 8 79 | 932 | 9,6 |
| R ₂ | 9 8 6 | 981 | 926 | 964 |
| R ₂ | 1 0 84 | 1084 | 1028 | 1065 |
| Mean | 1005 | 978 | 962 | 98.3 |

S.E. of difference of two

1. S marginal means == 66.6 lb./ac. 2. R marginal means == 60.2 lb./ac. 3. R means at the same level of S = 104.2 ib./ac. 4. S means at the same level of R = 108.1 lb./ac.

Crop :- Groundnut (Kharif).

Ref := Gj. 52(174).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Junagadh.

Type: 'C'.

Object: To determine the optimum spacing between rows and between plants for Groundnut.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Junagadh (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) 2 to 3 harrowings. (b) Dibbling. (c) N.A. (d) As per treatments. (e) One. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of P.Y.M. applied in furrows 15 days before sowing. (vi) Punjat-1 (spreading type). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2-3 interculturings and 3 to 4 weedings. (ix) 24.11%. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1 and (2).

- (1) 2 spacings between rows : $S_1 = 2'$ and $S_2 = 3'$.
- (2) 3 spacings between plants: $S_1' = 2''_2 S_2' = 4''$ and $S_3' = 6''$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) 3×2 Fact, in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 6. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) 50'×12'. (b) 44'×6'. (v) 3' ring round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The germination and growth was normal. (ii) Tikka and aphids; damage was negligible; no control measures taken. (iii) Pod yield. (iv) (a) 1951-1957 (modified in 1957-58). (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) The experiment was vitiated in 1951-52 owing to low rainfall.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 978 lb./ac.
- (ii) 108.2 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only main effect of 'row spacings' is highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of pod in lb./ac.

| | S_1 | Sž | Mean |
|---------------|------------------|---------|-------------|
| S'1 | 802 | 1147 | 97.3 |
| S'2 | 823 | 1151 | 987 |
| S'a | 838 | 1119 | 974 |
| Mean | 821 | 1136 | 978 |
| S.E. of margi | inal mean of row | spacing | =25.50 lb. |

S.E. of marginal mean of plant spacing

=31.23 lb./ac,

S.E. of body of table

=44.17 lb./ac.

Crop :- Groundnut (Kharif).

Ref : Gj. 53(255).

Site :- Groundnut Res. Stn., Junagadh.

Type :- 'C'.

Object: - To determine the optimum spacing between rows and between plants for Groundnut,

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Junagadh. (iii N.A. (iv) (a) 2 to 3 harrowings. (b) Dibbling. (c) N.A. (d) As per treatments. (e) One. (v) 5 C.L. ac. of F.Y.M. applied in furrows 15 days before sowing. (vi) Punjab—I spreading type. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2-3 interculturings and 3 to 4 weedings. (ix) 50.54%. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1) and (2)

- (1) 2 row spacings: $S_1=2'$ and $S_2=3'$.
- (2) 3 plant spacings: $S'_1=2''$, $S'_2=4'''$ and $S'_3=6''$.

3. DESIGN

(i) 3×2 Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 6. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $50'\times12'$. (b) $44'\times6'$. (v) 3' ring round the net plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Yield of pods and tops. (iv) (a) 1951—1957 (modified in 1957—1958). (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1495 lb./ac.
- (ii) 155.7 lb./ac.
- (iii) 'Row spacing' effect and 'plant spacing' effect are highly significant. Interaction is not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of pod in lb./ac.

| 1 | S_1 | S | Mean |
|------|-------|------|------|
| S'1 | 1341 | 1939 | 1640 |
| S'2 | 1210 | 1774 | 1492 |
| S'a | 1097 | 1605 | 1351 |
| Mean | 1216 | 1773 | 1495 |

| S.E. of marginal mean of row spacing | =36.70 lb./ac. |
|--|----------------|
| S.E. of marginal mean of plant spacing | =44.95 lb./ac. |
| S.E. of body of table | =63.57 lb./ac. |

Crop:-Groundnut.

Ref :- Gj. 48(63).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type : 'CV'.

Object:—To find out the optimum spacing for two different varieties of Groundnut.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 14.8.1948 to 21.8.1948. (iv) (a) 1 ploughing and three harrowings. (b) Dibbling. (c) N.A. (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. spread one month before sowing. (vi) As per treatments. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 to 3 weedings. 3 to 4 interculturings. (ix) 12.73°. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. A-H-32 with spacing 18"×6"
- 2. A-H-334 with spacing $18^{\circ} \times 6^{\circ}$.
- 3. A-H-334 with spacing $18^{\circ} \times 9^{\circ}$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 3. (b) N.A. (iii) 8. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The germination was good. The general growth was normal. The season was also normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Pod and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1947--1949. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Plotwise yield data was N.A., hence could not be analysed.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1186 lb./ac.
- (ii) N.A.
- (iii) N.A.
- (iv) Av. yield of pod in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------|
| 1. | 1270 |
| 2. | 1059 |
| 3. | 1228 |
| S.E./mean | =N.A. |

Crop:-Groundnut (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 49(83).

Site Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type :-'CV'

Object :- To find out the optimum spacing for the two varieties of Groundnut.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Paddy in Kharif and wheat in Rable (c) 5 C.L /ac, of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 17.7,1949. (iv) (a) 1 plong sing, and 3 harrowings. (b) Dibbling. (c) N.A. (d) As per treatments. (e) N.A. (v) 5 C.L./ac, of F.Y.M. spread one month before sowing. (vi) As per treatments. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 weedings and 5 laterer flurings. (ix) 13.75". (x) A-H-32 on 29.10.1949 and A-H-334 on 6.11,1949.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. A-H-32 with spacings $18'' \times 6''$.
- 2. A.H-334 with spacings $18'' \times 6''$.
- 3. A.H-334 with spacings $18'' \times 9''$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 3. (b) N.A. (iii) 8. (iv) (a) $190' \times 4.5'$. (c) $180' \times 4.5'$. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) The variety A.H. 334 suffered due to the absence of late rains. (ii) Tikka disease; no considerable damage. (iii) Pod yield, (iv) (a) 1947—1949. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) No (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 1414 lb./ac.
- (ii) 121.3 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatments differ highly significantly.
- (iv) Av. yield of pod in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|---------------|
| 1. | 1701 |
| 2. | 1311 |
| 3. | 1230 |
| S.E./mean | =42.9 lb./ac. |

Crop : - Chickoo.

Ref :- Gj. 48(85).

Site :- Fruit Res. Stn., Gandevi.

Type : 'CM'.

Object :- To study the different root stocks used for propogating Chickoo in combination with manures.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) N.A. (ii) Refer soil analysis, Gandevi. (iii) By grafting. (iv) (a) Kali patti. (v) Replication—I. on 26.10.1942; replication II on 14.12.1942 and spacing between plants—15'×15'. (vi) One to two years old. (vii) F.Y.M. and B.M. were given. Quantity N.A. (viii) Ploughing. (ix) Nil. (x) Irrigated. (xi) N.A. (xii) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

All combinations of (1), (2) and (3)

- (1) 2 levels of N as A/S: $N_0=0$ and $N_1=3$ lb./tree in January, 1948+1.5 lb./tree in December, 1948.
- (2) 2 levels of P_2O_5 as Super $P_0=0$ and $P_1=3$ lb./tree in January, 1948+1.5 lb./tree in December, 1948.
- (3) 2 levels of K_2O as Pot. Sul.: $K_0=0$ and $K_1=1.5$ lb./tree in January, 1948 +0.8 lb./tree in December, 1948.

Sub-plot treatments:

3 root stocks: R₁ = Chickoo on Gootie, R₂=Chickoo on Chickoo and R₃=Chickoo on Rayan.

3. DESIGN

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 8 main-plots/block; 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) 4 trees/sub-plot. (v) 1 ring round the main-plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Ni (iii) Height, girth, weight and no. of Chickoo. (iv) (a) 1942-contd. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 60 lb./tree
- (ii) (a) 19.73 lb./tree.
 - (b) 20.45 lb./tree.
- (iii) Main effect of R and interaction 'PK' are highly significant. Other effects are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of Chickoo in lb./tree.

| | R ₁ | R ₂ | R ₃ | Mean | K ₀ | K ₁ | P_0 | P_1 |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|----------------|----------------|-------|-------|
| N ₀ | 74 | 30 | 61 | 55 | 59 | 51 | 50 | 61 |
| N ₁ | 84 | 36 | 71 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 62 | 66 |
| P ₀ | 73 | 37 | 58 | 56 | 68 | 44 | | |
| P ₁ | 84 | 30 | 74 | 63 | 55 | 71 | | |
| K ₀ | 82 | 38 | 63 | 62 | | | | |
| K ₁ | 75 | 28 | 69 | 57 | | | | |
| Mean | 79 | 33 | 66 | 60 | | | | |

S.E. of difference of two

N or P or K marginal means
 R marginal means
 R means at the same level of N or P or K
 N or P or K means at the same level of R
 10.10 lb./tree.

Crop :- Chickoo.

Ref: - Gj. 49(114).

Site: Fruit Res. Stn., Gandevi.

Type : 'CM'.

Object:—To study the different root stocks used for propagating Chickoo in combination with manures.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) N.A. (ii) Refer soil analysis, Gandevi. (iii) By grafting. (iv) Kali patti (v) Replication—I. on 26.10.1942, replication II on 14.12.1942 and spacing between plants 15'×15'. (vi) One to two years old. (vii) F.Y.M. and B.M. were given. Quantity N.A. (viii) Ploughing. (ix) Nil. (x) Irrigated. (xi) N.A. (xii) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

All combinations of (1), (2) and (3).

- (1) 2 levels of N as A/S: $N_0=0$ and $N_1=3\frac{1}{2}$ lb./tree in January, 1949+1.75 lb./tree in December, 1949.
- (2) 2 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0=0$ and $P_1=3\frac{1}{2}$ lb./tree in Jan., 1949+1.75 lb./tree in December, 1949.
- (3) 2 levels of K_2O as Pot. Sul.: $K_0=0$ and $K_1=1.4$ lb./tree in Jan., 1949+0.7 lb./tree in December, 1949. Sub-plot treatments:

:

3 root stocks: R₁=Chickoo on Gootie, R₂=Chickoo on Chickoo and R₃=Chickoo on Rayan.

3. DESIGN:

- (i) Split-plot. (ii) 8 main-plots/block; 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A (ii) 2. (iv) 4 trees/sub-plot.
- (v) I ring round the main-plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Norm J. (ii) Nil. (iii) Height, Girth, wt. of Chickoo, and no. of chickoos. (iv) (a) 1942-contd.
- (b) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi, Nit.

5. RESULTS

- (i) 66 lb./tree.
- (ii) (a) 29 45 lb./tree.
 - (5) 29.37 lb./tree.
- (iii) Main effect of R and interaction 'PK' are highly rignificant. Other effects are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of Chickoo in lb /tres.

| regional exponence is a | R_1 | R_3 | $R_{\mathfrak{S}}$ | Mean. | \mathbf{K}_{0} | K , | \mathbf{P}_{0} | P_1 |
|-------------------------|-------|-------|--------------------|-------|------------------|-----|------------------|-------|
| l a | 91 | 29 | 66 | 62 | ć8 | 5 | 62 | (2 |
| N_{\pm} | 98 | 18 | 83 | 69 | 76 | 65 | 76 | 63 |
| P_0 | 107 | 34 | 67 | 67 | 56 | 83 | | |
| P; | 83 | 23 | 81 | 62 | \$2 | 4? | | |
| K ₀ | 95 | 29 | 84 | 69 | | | | |
| K, | 9.3 | 28 | 65 | 63 | | | | |
| Mean | 95 | 28 | 75 | 66 | | | | |

S.E. of difference of two

| ١. | N or P or K marginal means | == 8.50 % free. |
|----|---|-------------------|
| 2. | R marginal means | = 10.14 lb./trec. |
| 3. | R means at the same level of N or P or E. | =14.7 1 b./free. |

4. Nor P or K means a, the same level of E.

=14.65 lb./tree.

Crop : Chickoo.

Ref :-Gj. 50(136).

Site :-Fruit Res. Stn., Gandevi.

Type : CM'.

Object - To study the different root stocks used for propagating Chickoo in combination with manures.

****** *** ***

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) N.A. (ii) Refer soil analysis, Gandevi. (iii) By grafting. (iv) Kali patti. (v) Replication—I on 26.10.1942 and replication II on 14.12.1942; spacing between plants 15 × 15'. (vi) One to two years old. (vi) F.Y.M. and B.M. were given. Quantity N.A. (viii) Ploughing. (ix) Nil. (x) Irrigated. (xi) N.A. (xii) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plet treatments:

All combinations of (1), (2) and (3)

- (1) 2 levels of N as A/S: $N_0=0$ and $N_1=3.5$ lb/tree n Jan, 1949+1.75 lb/tree in Dec., 1949.
- (2) 2 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0=0$ and $P_1=3.5$ lb./tree in Jan., 1949+1.75 lb./tree in Dec., 1949.
- (2) 2 levels of K_2O as Pot. Sul. : $K_0=0$ and $K_1=1.4$ lb./tree in Jan., 1919+0.70 lb./tree in Dec., 1949. Sub-plot treatments :

3 root stecks: R_1 = Chickoo on Gootie, R_2 = Chickoo on Chickoo and R_3 = Chickoo on Eayan, Note: Manures are not applied this year. Residual effect of manures applied in last year was studied.

3. DESIGN:

- (i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 8 main-plots/block; 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) 4 trees/sub-plot. (v) 1 ring round the main-plot. (vi) Yes.
 - ğ

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Height, girth, weight and no. of chickoo. (iv) (a) 1942-contd. (b) N.A. (v) N.A. (vi) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 102 lb./tree.
- (ii) (a) 51.26 lb./tree.
 - (b) 36.23 lb./tree.
- (iii) Main effect of R is highly significant and that of N is significant. Other effects are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of chickoo in lb./tree.

| | R ₁ | R ₂ | R ₃ | Mean | K ₀ | K ₁ | P ₀ | F ₁ |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| N ₀ | 122 | 62 | 60 | 81 | 87 | 75 | 85 | 77 |
| N ₁ | 163 | 73 | 134 | 123 | 116 | 131 | 123 | 124 |
| Po | 151 | 71 | 90 | 104 | 115 | 93 | | |
| P ₁ | 133 | 64 | 104 | 100 | 88 | 113 | | |
| K ₀ | 128 | 82 | 94 | 101 | | | | |
| K ₁ | 156 | 53 | 99 | 103 | | | | |
| Mean | 142 | 68 | 97 | 102 | | | | |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. N or P or K marginal means | = 16.53 lb./tree. |
|---|--------------------|
| 2. R marginal means | =12.81 lb./tree. |
| 3. R means at the same level of N or P or K | =18.12 lb./tree. |
| 4. N or P or K means at the same level of R | =20.92 lb./tree. |

Crop :- Chickoo.

Ref :-Gj. 51(193).

Site :- Fruit Res. Stn., Gandevi.

Type:-'CM'.

Object: -To study the different root stocks used for propagating Chickoo in combinaton with manures.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(ii) N.A. (ii) Refer soil analysis, Gandevi. (iii) By grafting. (iv) Kali patti. (v) Replication I on 26.10.1942 and replication II on 14.12.1942. Spacing between plants 15'×15'. (vi) One to two years old. (vii) F.Y.M. and B.M. were given. Quantity N.A. (viii) Ploughing. (ix) Nil. (x) Irribated. (xi) 42.53". (xii) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

All combinations of (1), (2) and (3)

- (1) 2 levels of N as A/S: $N_0=0$ and $N_1=5.5$ lb./tree in Feb., 1951 and 2.25 lb./tree in Dec., 1951.
- (2) 2 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0=0$ and $P_1=5.5$ lb./tree in Feb., 1951 and 2.25 lb./tree in Dec., 1951.
- (3) 2 levels of K_2O as Pot. Sul.: $N_0=0$ and $N_1=2.8$ lb./tree in Feb., 1951 and 0.9 lb./tree in Dec., 1951. Sub-plot treatments:

3 root stocks: R_1 =Chickoo on Gootie, R_2 =Chickoo on Chickoo and R_3 =Chickoo on Rayan.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 8 main-plots/block; 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) 4 trees, sub-plot. (v) 1 ring round the main-plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Height, girth, wt. of chickoo and no. of chickoo. (iv) (a) 1942—contd. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5 RESULTS:

- (i) 133.0 lb./tree.
- (ii) (a) 39.37 lb./tree.
 - (b) 55.43 lb./tree.
- (iii) Main effects of N and R and interaction PxK are highly significant. Other effects are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of chickoo in 1b./tree.

| | R_1 | R_2 | R_3 | Mean | K_{0} | 州 | P_0 | $P_{\mathbf{I}}$ |
|------------------|-------|--------------|-------|------------------|--|----------|-------|---------------------------------|
| | 154.6 | 72.3 | 81.0 | 102.5 | 105.9 | 99 1 | 98.0 | 107.0 |
| N_1 | 221 8 | 96.8 | 176.3 | 2, 1 6 6. | 157.4 | 172.4 | 172.9 | 157.0 |
| Mean | 188.2 | 84.5 | 128.6 | 133.0 | 131.6 | 13 7 | 135 4 | 132.0 |
| P., | 202.6 | 91.5 | 112.2 | 135 4 | 125.4 | 145.5 | | eral in the common of the first |
| \mathbf{P}_{j} | 173.7 | 7 7.5 | 145,0 | 132 0 | 138.0 | 126 0 | | |
| K, | 189.9 | 73. | 131.9 | 131.6 | The day was a second of the se | | 1 | |
| \mathbf{K}_1 | 186.5 | 95.3 | 125.3 | 135.7 | · | | | |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. | N or P or K mar final means | = 11.36 lb./tree. |
|----|--|-------------------|
| 2. | R marginal means, | =19,60 lb./tree. |
| 3, | R means at the same level of N or P or K | =27.72 lb./tree. |
| 4. | N or P or K means at the same level of R | = 25.34 lb./tree. |

Crop :-Chickoo.

Ref : Gj. 52(233).

Site :- Fruit Res. Stn., Gandevi.

Type :- CM'.

Object:-To study the different root stocks used for propogating Chickoo in combination with manures.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) N.A. (ii) Refer soil analysis, Gandevi. (iii) By grafting. (iv) Kali patti. (v) Replication I. on 28.10.1942, II. on 14.12.1942 spacing between plants 15'×15'. (vi) 1 to 2 years old. (vii) F.Y.M. and B.M. were given. Quantity N.A. (viii) Ploughing. (ix) Nil. (x) Irrigated. (xi) 33.56''. (xii) 1.4.1952 to 26.6.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main plot treatments:

All combinations of (1), (2) and (3)

- (1) 2 levels of N as A/S: $N_0=0$ and $N_1=5.0$ lb./tree in Jan., 1952 and 2.5 lb./tree in Oct., 1952.
- 2) 2 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_6=0$ and $P_4=5.0$ lb./tree in Jan., 1952 and 2.5 lb./tree in Oct., 1952.
- (3) 2 levels of K_2O as Pot. Sul. : $K_0=0$ and $K_1=2.0$ lb./tree in Jan., 1952 and 1.0 lb./tree in Oct., 1952. Sub-plot treatments :

3 root stocks: K1=Chickoo on Gootie, R2=Chickoo on Chickoo and R3=Chickoo on Rayan.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 8 main-plots/block, 3 sub-p¹ots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) 4 trees/sub-plot. (v) 1 ring round the main-plot. (vi) Yes.

4 GENERAL

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Height, girth, wt. of chickoo, and no. of chickoo. (iv) (a) 1942-contd. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil.

5. RESULTS

- (i) 92.0 lb./tree.
- (ii) (a) 26.58 lb./tree.
 - (b) 22.44 lb./tree.
- (iii) Main effects of N and R are highly significant. Interaction N×K and N×R are significant. Other effects are not significant.

(iv) Av. yield of chickoo in lb./tree.

| - | R ₃ | R ₂ | R ₃ | Mean | K ₀ | K ₁ | P ₀ | P ₁ |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| N ₀ | 48.8 | 28.2 | 132.7 | 69.9 | 84.5 | 55.3 | 64.9 | 74.9 |
| N ₁ | 124.4 | 61.9 | 155.7 | 114.0 | 103.0 | 125.0 | 110.9 | 117.1 |
| Mean | 86.6 | 45.1 | 144.2 | 92.0 | 93.7 | 90.2 | 87.9 | 96,0 |
| Po | 82.2 | 41.8 | 139.7 | 87.9 | 87.5 | 88.3 | | |
| P ₁ | 91.0 | 48.4 | 148.7 | 96.0 | 100.0 | 92.0 | | |
| K ₀ | 78.4 | 56.1 | 146.7 | 93.7 | | | <u></u> ' | |
| K ₁ | 94.8 | 34.1 | 141.7 | 90.2 | | | | |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. | N or P or K marginal means | = 7.67 lb./tree. |
|----|--|-------------------|
| 2. | R marginal means | = 7.93 lb./tree. |
| 3. | R means at the same level of N or P or K | = 11.92 ib./tree. |
| 4. | N or P or K means at the same level of R | =11.22 lb./tree. |

Crop :- Chickoo.

Ref :-Gj. 53(315).

Site:-Fruit Res. Stn., Gandevi.

Type :-'CM'.

Object :- To study the different root stocks used for propogating Chickoo in combination with manure.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) N.A. (ii) Refer soil analysis, Gandevi. (iii) By grafting. (iv) Kalli patti. (v) Replication I. on 26.10.1942 and II. on 14.12.1942, spacing between plants 15'×15'. (vi) 1 to 2 years old. (vii) F.Y.M. and B.M. were given. Quantity N.A. (viii) Ploughing. (ix) Nil. (x) Irrigated. (xi) 36.30". (xii) 3.4.1953 to 29.3.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

Main-plot treatments:

All combinations of (1), (2) and (3)

- (1) 2 levels of N as A/S: $N_0=0$ and $N_1=5.5$ lb./tree in April, 1953 and 2.8 lb./tree in Oct., 1953.
- (2) 2 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0=0$ and $P_1=5.5$ lb./tree in April, 1953 and 2.8 lb./tree in Oct., 1953.
- (3) 2 levels of K_2O as Pot. Sul.: $K_0=0$ and $K_1=2.2$ lb./tree in April, 1953 and 1.1 lb./tree in Oct., 1953° Sub-plot treatments:

3 root stocks: R₁=Chickoo on Gootie, R₂=Chickoo on Chickoo and R₃=Chickoo on Rayan.

3. DESIGN:

(i) Split-plot. (ii) (a) 8 main-plots/block, 3 sub-plots/main-plot. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) 4 trees/sub-plot. (v) 1 ring round the main-plot. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Height, girth, and weight of chickoo. (iv) (a) 1942-contd. (b) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Nil.
- 5.7 RESULTS:

(i) 69.0 lb./tree.

- (ii) (a) 17.35 lb./tree.
 - (b) 15.57 lb./tree.
- (iii) Main effect of R and interaction $N \times P$ are highly significant. Main effect of N and interactions $N \times K$ and $N \times R$ are significant. Other effects are not significant.

(iv) Av. yield of chickoo in 1b /tree.

| | R_1 | R_2 | R_3 | Mean | \mathbf{K}_{3} | K ₁ | Po | \mathbf{F}_{1} |
|----------------|---------------|-------|-------|------|------------------|----------------|------|------------------|
| N ₀ | 53.7 | 49.0 | 94.5 | 62.7 | 5 8.5 | 66.9 | 48.0 | 77.4 |
| N ₁ | 87.9 | 47.0 | 93.9 | 76.3 | 877 | 64.8 | 87.1 | 65.4 |
| Mean | 70.8 | 43.5 | 94.2 | 69,0 | 73.1 | 65 9 | 67.6 | 71.4 |
| P ₀ | 67.3 | 38.4 | 97.1 | 67.6 | 67.4 | €7.8 | | |
| P ₁ | 74.3 | 48.6 | 91.3 | 71.4 | 78 ,8 | 64.0 | | |
| K ₀ | 78.7 | 41.6 | 99.0 | 73.1 | | | , | |
| K ₁ | 6 2 .9 | 45.4 | 89.4 | 65.9 | | | | |

S.E. of difference of two

| 1. | N or P or K marginal means | =5.00 lb./tres. |
|----|--|------------------|
| 2. | R marginal means | =59 lb. tree. |
| 3. | R means at the same level of N or P or K | =7.78 to three. |
| 4. | N or P or K means at the same level of R | = 8.08 lo./tree. |

Crop: Bajra and Groundnut (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(299).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type : 'X'.

Object:—To study the suitability of growing cereal crops along with legumes.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Bajra, (c) 2 C.L./ac, of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Med um black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli, (iii) 5.7.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) N.A. (d) Between rows—18°. (e) N.A. (v) 4 C L./ac, of F.Y.M. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unitrigated. (viii) 2 weedings, 2 interculturings and 3 thinning. (ix) 12.71°. (x) 10.10.1952.

2. TREATMENTS:

- A. Groundnut alone.
- B. Bajra alone.
 - * (i) One row of Bajra and 2 rows of Groundnut.
 - (il) O e row of Bajra and 4 rows of Groundnut.
 - (iii) One row of Bajra and 6 rows of Groundnut.
 - (iv) One row of Bajra and 8 rows of Groundant.
 - (v) One row of Bajra and 10 rows of Groundnut.
 - Yields of treatments Care not available separately for deficient proportions of Groundnut and Bojra.

 Treatment C is taken as a single treatment.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 3. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) $93' \times 52.5'$. (v) $80' \times 52.5'$. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i. Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain and pod yield. (iv) (a. 1932—contd. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a. Nil. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Prices of Groundnut and Bajra for Amech are taken from "Sesson and crop report" of 1952-1953. Bombay State (Table VI). Groundnut Rs. 15.50 per B.M. Bajra Rs. 12.00 per B.M.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 212.63 Rs./ac.
- (ii) 5.61 Rs./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. value of produce in Rs./ac.

Treatment A B C
Av. value 238.76 186.15 212.99
S.E./mean =3.96 Rs./ac.

Crop: Bajra and Groundnut (Kharif).

Ref: Gj. 53(327).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Amreli.

Type :- 'X'.

Object :- To study the suitability of growing cereal crops along with legumes.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Bajra. (c) 2 C.L /ec. of F Y M. (ii) (a) Mcdium bleck. (b) Refer soil analysis, Amreli. (iii) 26.6 1953. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) Groundnut 50 (b./ac.; Bajra 10 lb./ac. (d) Between rows 18". e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Mass selected—Lejra; A H. reduce spacing 31-Groundnut. (vii) Unitriga ed. (viii) 2 weedings and 1 interculturing. (ix) 33.25". (x) Groundnut—13.10.1953; Bajra-24.10.1953.

3. TREATMENTS:

- A. Groundnut alone.
- B. Bajra alone.
- C1. Groundnut and Bojra mixed in 10: 1 ratio of rows.
- C2. Groundnut and Bojra mixed in 8: 1 ratio of rows.
- C3. Groundnut and Bajra mixid in 6:1 ratio of rows.
- C4. Groundnut and Bajra mixed in 4:1 ratio of rows.
- C₅. Ground nut and Bajra mixed in 2:1 ratio of rows.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 7. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) $69' \times 57'$ for A and B and $69' \times 13.5'$ for C. (b) $60' \times 57'$ for A and B and $60' \times 10.5'$ for C. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Water ledging observed. Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Yield data. (iv) (a) 1952—contd. (b) No. (c Nil. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Frees of Echa and Cretrent for Anneli are taken from "Season and crop Report"—1952-54 Bombay State (Table VI. Greenerut Rs. 16.44 per B. M. Bohra Rs. 11.00 per B.M.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 294.07 Rs./ac.
- (ii) 108,40 Rs./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences (in terms of money value of the produce) are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. value of produce in Rs./ac.

Treatment Α R C_1 C_2 C_3 C_4 C_5 478.14 290 53 86.80 597.01 281.42 219.14 105.40 Av. value S.E./mean =76.66 Rs./ac.

Crop: Wheat and Gram (Rabi).

Ref: Gj. 52(301).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej.

Type: 'X'.

Object:—To find out a suitable ratio of legume and cereal for mixed cropping.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) No. (b) Wheat. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium Hack. (b) Refer soil arelysis, Arnoj. (iii) 25.10.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) 40 lb./sc. for wheat and 20 lb./sc. for gram. (d) Between rows—12". (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) 15". (x) 26.2.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Gram alone.
- 2. Wheat alone.
- 3. Gram and wheat in ratio 2:1.
- 4. Gram and wheat in ratio 4:1.
- 5. Gram and wheat in ratio 6:1.
- 6. Gram and wheat in ratio 8:1.
- 7. Gram and wheat in ratio 10:1.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R B.D. (ii) (a) 7. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) $37' \times 39'$. (b) $33' \times 33'$ for 1, 2, and 7; $36' \times 30.5'$ for 3 and 6; $35' \times 31.1'$ for 4 and 5. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1952—1958. (b) and (c) No. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Prices of wheat and gram, for Ahmedabad Dist. taken from Season and Crop Report 1952-1953 Bombay state, farm prices of certain commodities-table VI''. Wheat—Rs. 20 per Bengal maund and Gram—Rs. 22 per Bengal maund.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 107.83 Rs./ac.
- (ii) 12.96 Rs /ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences (in terms of money value of produce) are not significant.
- (iv) AV. value of produce in Rs./ac.

| reatment | Av. value |
|------------|----------------|
| 1. | 83.40 |
| 2. | 105.40 |
| 3. | 121.80 |
| 4. | 111.80 |
| 5 , | 104.80 |
| 6. | 124,60 |
| 7. | 103.00 |
| S.E./mean | = 9.17 Rs./ac |

Crop: Wheat and Gram (Rabi).

Ref : Gj. 53(328).

Site: Agri. Res. Stn., Arnej.

Type : 'X'.

Object: To find out suitable ratio of legume and cereal for mixed cropping.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Wheat. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Madium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Arnej. (iii) 25.10.1953. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) 40 lb./ac. for wheat and 20 lb./ac. for gram. (d) Between rows-12*. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) N.A. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Nil. (ix) 34.71°. (x) Gram 28.2.1954 and wheat 2.3.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Gram alone.
- 2. Wheat alone.
- 3. Gram and Wheat in ratio 2:1
- 4. Gram and Wheat in ratio 4:1.
- 5. Gram and Wheat in ratio 6:1.
- 6. Gram and Wheat in ratio 8:1.
- 7. Gram and Wheat in ratio 10:1.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 7. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) $37' \times 39'$. (b) $33' \times 33'$ for 1, 2 and 7; $36' \times 30.5'$ for 3 and 5; $35' \times 31.1'$ for 4 and 5. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Satisfactory. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1952—1958. (b) and (c) No. (v) (a) and (b) N A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Prices of Wheat and Gram for Ahmedabad district taken from "Season and Crop Report" for 1953—1954 Bombay State (table VI). Wheat Rs. 18 per Bombay maund and Gram Rs. 18 per Bombay maund.

- (i) 117.40 Rs./ac.
- (ii) 28.16 Rs./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences (money value of produce) are not significant.
- (iv) Av. value of produce in Rs./ac.

| Treatment | Av. value |
|-----------|------------------|
| 1. | 115.80 |
| 2. | 134.00 |
| 3. | 126.40 |
| 4. | 118.80 |
| 5. | 105,20 |
| 6. | 110,20 |
| 7. | 111.40 |
| S.E./mean | = 19.92 Rs./ac. |

Crop :- Jowar+Lang (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 52(300).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type : 'X'.

Object:—To study the suitability of growing Lang as a mixture with Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Nil. (b) Fallow. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cetton soil. (b) N.A. (iii) Jowar on 8.9.1952 and Lang 23.9.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) Lang 40 lb./ac. and Jowar 8 lb./ac. (d) 24". (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Jowar no. 8 and Lang T-2-12. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 1 thinning, 1 interculturing and 1 weeding. (ix) 24.43". (x) Jowar 11.2.1953 and Lang 22.2.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Lang alone.
- 2. Jowar alone.
- 3. 2 rows of Lang+1 row of Jowar.
- 4. 4 rows of Lang+1 row of Jowar.
- 5. 6 rows of Lang+1 row of Jowar.
- 6. 8 rows of Lang+1 row of Jowar.
- 7. 10 rows of Lang+1 row of Jowar.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 7. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) $42' \times 30'$ for treatment 1, 2, 3 and 5; $40' \times 30'$ for treatment 4; $36' \times 30'$ for treatment 6 and $44' \times 30'$ for treatment 7. (b) $40' \times 30'$ for treatment 1, 2, 3 and 5; $38' \times 30'$ for treatment 4; $34' \times 30'$ for treatment 6 and $42' \times 30'$ for treatment 7. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Jowar normal. Lang growth stunted. (ii) Grass hoppers and stem borer attack. Gammaxene was dusted. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1952—1955. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) N.A. (b) Nil. (vi) Nil. (vii) Prices of Jowar and Lang received from Agricultural Officer, A.R.S., Tarcha. Jowar-Rs. 6.12 per kacha md.; Lang-Rs. 7.00 per kacha maund.

·5. RESULTS:

- (i) 77.78 Rs./ac.
- (ii) 5.66 Rs./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. value of produce in Rs./ac.

| Treatment | Av. valve |
|-----------|---------------|
| 1. | 12.70 |
| 2. | 189.85 |
| 3. | 112.89 |
| 4. | 75.50 |
| 5. | 69.51 |
| 6. | 45.92 |
| 7. | 38.11 |
| S.E./mean | = 5.66 Rs./ac |

Crop:- Lang+Jowar (Rabi).

Ref :- Gj. 53(362).

Site: - Agri. Res. Stn., Bhuwa.

Type: 'X'.

Object:—To study the suitability of growing Lang as a mixture with Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Chinamug-Jowar. (b) Chinamug. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) N.A. (iii) 28.9.1953. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) Lang 40 lb./ac. and Jowar 8 lb./ac. (d) Between rows 24". (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Jowar no. 8, Lang T-2-12. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 1 interculturing and 1 weeding. (ix) 29.55". (x) Lang 27.1.1955 and Jowar 14.2.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Lang alone.
- 2. Jowar alone,
- 3. Lang and Jowar in 2:1 ratio of row
- 4. Lang and Jowar in 4:1. ratio of row
- 5. Lang and Jowar in 6:1, ratio of row
- 6. Lang and Jowar in 8:1. ratio of row
- 7. Lang and Jowar in 10: 1. ratio of row

3. DESIGN:

(a) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 7. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) a 42 \times 35 for treatment 1, 2 and 3; 40 \times 30 for treatment 4; 36' \times 30' for treatment 5 and 44' \times 35' for treatment 7. (b) 40 \times 31 for treatment 4; 34' \times 35' for treatment 5 and 40 \times 30 for treatment 7. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Nermal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1932-1975. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) N.A. (d) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Prices of Jowar and Languaged from Agricultural Officer, A.K.S. Jancha. Action Rs. 11.55/Kacha md.; Lang-Rs. 3.19/Kacha md.

3. RESULTS:

- (i) 95.36 Rs./ac.
- (ii) 114.92 Rs./ac.
- iii) Treatment differences are not significani.
- (iv) Av. value of produce in Rs.tac.

| Freatment | Av. value |
|-----------|----------------------------------|
| 1. | 33.0 3 |
| 2. | 173.69 |
| 3. | 67 88 |
| 4. | 86.57 |
| 5. | 84.03 |
| 6. | 117.79 |
| 7. | 104.54 |
| S.E./mean | $= 81.2^{\circ} \text{ Rs./ac.}$ |

Crop:-Cotton and Paddy (Kharif). Site:-Agri. Res. Stn., Dabhoi. Ref :-Gj. 5. (298).

Type : "MX'.

Object :- To study the N and P2O5 requirements with and without F.Y.M. of Cotton and Paddy.

1." BASAL CONDITIONS;

(i) (a) Jowar-Cotton and Paddy. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dalhoi. (iii) Paddy 18.6.1952. Cotton 16.5.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Paddy-drilled; Cotton-cit bled. (c) Paddy 7 lb./ac; Cotton 5 lb./ac. (d) N.A. (e) Cotton 3-4 seeds per diable (v) Nil. (vi) Cotton-Vijay; Paddy-Sarice. (vii) Irrigated. (viii) N.A. (ix) 28.53°. (x) Paddy 10.10.1951, Cotton-N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combination of (1), (2) and (3)

- (1) 3 levels of N as A/S+cake in the ratio of 1:1: $N_0=0$, $N_1=30$ and $N_2=60$ lb./ac.
- (2) 3 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0 = 0$, $P_1 = 30$ and $P_2 = 60$ lb./ac.
- (3) 2 levels of F.Y.M.: $F_0 = 0$ and $F_1 = 5$ C.L./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) $3 \times 3 \times 2$ Fact. in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 18. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $62' \times 56'$. (b) $50' \times 24'$. (v) 6' alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) For want of rains, the paddy crop failed to attain its normal growth. (i) Nil. (iii) Seed cotton yield on y. (iv) (a) 1952-1955. (b) No (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) Nil. (vi) Nil. (vii) Paddy was diffed in between two lines of cotton. For this year, Paddy crop failed completely.

- (i) 433 lb./ac.
- (ii) 64.61 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effect of N and interaction N×F are highly significant. Others are not significant.

(iv) Av. yield of kapas in 1b./ac.

| | , N ₀ | N_1 | N ₂ | Mean | $\mathbf{F_0}$ | F_1 |
|----------------|------------------|-------|----------------|------|----------------|-------|
| P ₀ | 403 | 404 | 484 | 432 | 455 | 409 |
| P ₁ | 402 | 472 | 462 | 446 | 435 | 456 |
| P ₂ | 380 | 413 | 476 | 423 | 418 | 428 |
| Mean | 396 | 430 | 474 | 433 | 436 | - 431 |
| F ₀ | 404 | 466 | 436 | | | |
| $\mathbf{F_1}$ | 387 | 393 | 511 | | | |

S.E. of marginal mean of N or P. = 13.20 lb./ac.
S.E. of marginal mean of F = 10.80 lb./ac.
S.E. of body of table N×F or P×F = 18.65 lb./ac.
S.E. of body of table N×P = 22.84 lb./ac.

Crop:-Paddy and Cotton (Kharif).

Ref :-Gj. 53(326)

Site :-Agri. Res. Stn., Dabhoi.

Type:-'MX'.

Object :-- To study the N and P2O5 requirements with and without F.Y.M. of Cotton and Paddy.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS

(i) (a) Jowar-Cotton and Paddy. (b) Jowar. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dabhoi. (iii) Paddy 15.6.1953, Cotton 5.6.1953. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Paddy drilled, Cott n—dibbled (c) Paddy-12 ib./ac. (d) 6'×2' cotton. (e) Cotton 3-4 seeds per dibble. (v) Nil. (vi) Paddy-Sarice; Cotton-Vijay (vii) Irrigated. (viii) 4 weedings, 8 interculturings and thinning cotton to one plant/hill. (ix) 45.25°. (x) Paddy 18.10. 1953. Cotton 27.1.1954 to 22.3.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

All combinations of (1), (2) and (3)

- (1) 3 levels of N as A/S +cake in the ratio of 1:1: $N_0=0$, $N_1=30$ and $N_2=60$ lb./ac.
- (2) 3 levels of P_2O_5 as Super: $P_0=0$, $P_1=30$ and $P_2=6$) 1b./ac.
- (3) 2 levels of F.Y.M.: $F_0=0$ and $F_1=5$ C.L./ac.

3. DESIGN:

(i) $3\times3\times2$ Fact in R.B.D. (ii) (a) 18. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $62'\times36'$. (b) $50'\times24'$. (v) 6' alround. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Nil. (iii) Paddy grain and straw; cotton seed yield. (iv) (a) 1952—1955. (b) No. (c Nil. (v) (a) and (b) Nil. (vi) Nil. (vii) Prices for cotton and paddy for Baroda Distt. taken from 'Season and Crop Report' 1953—1954, Bombay State, Table VI. Cotton—40 Rs. per Bengal maund, and paddy—14.50 Rs. per Bengal maund.

- (i) 427 Rs./ac.
- (ii) 59.02 Rs./ac.
- (iii) Main effect of N alone is highly significant. Others are not significant.

(iv) Av. value of produce in Rs./ac.

| * • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | N ₀ | N_1 | N_2 | Mean | 1.0 | F_1 | |
|---|-------|----------------|-------|-------|------|-----|-------|---|
| F | 0 | 386 | 41+ | 451 | 417 | 400 | 434 | ! |
| P | 1 | 378 | 402 | 466 | 416 | 425 | 406 | |
| P | 2 | 4_7 | 442 | 477 | 449 | 474 | 424 | |
| M | ean ¦ | 397 | 419 | 468 | 427 | 433 | 41.1 | |
| F | | 396 | 431 | 471 | ' | | | |
| F | 1 | 398 | 408 | 458 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| S.E. of marginal mean of N or P | =12.05 Ks./ac. |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| S.E. of the marginal mean of F. | =89.84 Rs./ac. |
| S E. of body of table $N \times P$ | =20.57 Rs/ac. |
| S.E. of body of table N×F or P×F | ==17.03 Rs./ac. |

Crop:-Groundnut and Maize.

Ref :-Gj. 53(196).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Dohad.

Type :-'X'.

Object: - To study the effect of mixed cropping of legume and cereal in different proportions.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Maize (Kharif)—Gram (Rabi). (b) Maize and Gram. (c) Maize crop was manufed at 5 C.L./az. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Light brown. (b) Refer soil analysis, Dohad. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Maize and groundnut drilled. (c) to (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (d) Spanish peanut No. 5: (vii) Unirrigated: (viii) 2 interculturings. (ix) 18.64". (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Groundnut alone.
- 2. Maize alone.
- 3. Groundnut and maize in 2:1 ratio of rows.
- 4. Groundnut and maize in 4: 1 ratio of rows.
- 5. Groundnut and maize in 6: 1 ratio of rows.
- 6. Groundnut and maize in 8: 1 ratio of rows.
- 7. Groundnut and maize in 10: 1 ratio of rows.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 7. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) $30' \times 35'$. (b) $26' \times 30'$. (v) One row on either side and 3' on both the ends. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) Nil. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1952—1955. (b) No. (c) N.A. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) Experiment failed in 1952. (vii) Prices of Groundaut and Maize for Panch Mahal district are taken from "Season and crop report" 1953—54 Bombay State (Table VI). Groundaut Rs. 15.44 per Bengal maund and Maize Rs. 10 12 per Bengal maund.

- (i) 161.84 Rs./ac.
- (ii) 35.10 Rs./ac.
- (ili) Treatment differences (money value of produce) are not significant.

(iv) Av. value of produce in Rs./ac.

| Treatment | Av. value |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 157.21 |
| 2. | 133.19 |
| 3. | 172.29 |
| 4. | 185.41 |
| 5. | 171.45 |
| 6. | 156.93 |
| 7. | 156.37 |
| S E./mean | =24.82 Rs./ac. |

Crop:-Cotton and Groundnut (Kharif).

Ref:-Gj. 52(228).

Site :- Groundnut Res. Stn., Junagadh.

Type :-'X'.

Object:—To study the suitability of growing Cotton as a mixture with Groundnut.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Groundnut. (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil analysis, Junagadh. (iii) Groundnut: 14.6.1952 and cotton: 30.6.1952. (iv) (a) No ploughing and 2 to 3 harrowings. (b) Dibbling. (c) —. (d) Between rows 3' (for all crops) and between plants—2" for groundnut and 6" for cotton. (e) One for groundnut and 2 to 3 for cotton and thinning out all but one. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. applied in furrows 15 days before sowing. (vi) Cotton—Kalyan; Groundnut—spreading type. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Two interculturings and two weedings. (ix) 24.11". (x) 5.11.1952, 12.1.1953 and 4 2.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Groundnut alone.
- 2. Groundnut 6 rows and cotton 2 rows.
- 3. Groundnut 2 rows and cotton 2 rows.
- 4. Cotton alone.

3. DESIGN:

(i) L. Sq. (ii) (a) 4. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $50' \times 48'$. (b) $44' \times 24'$. (v) $3' \times 12'$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) N.A. (iii) Kapas and pod yield. (iv) (a) 1952—1957 (modified in 1955). (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) The lay out of the experiment is N.A., so analysed as R.B.D. 'vii) Prices of produce collected from, G.R.S. Junagadh. Price of Cotton Rs. 0.19 per lb. and groundnut Rs. 0.25 per lb.

- (i) 171 Rs./ac.
- (ii) 15.30 Rs./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. value of produce in Rs./ac.

| Av. value |
|----------------|
| 242 |
| 203 |
| 171 |
| 69 |
| =7.65 Rs./ac. |
| |

Crop : Cotton and Groundnut (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(312).

Site :- Groundout Res. Sta., Junagado.

Trpe :- 'X'.

Object :- To study the suitability of growing Cotton as a mixture with Ground nut.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Jowar (c) N.A. (ii) (a) Medium black. (b) Refer soil at a by is, Junagadh. (iii) (9.6.1953. (iv) (a) No ploughing, 2 to 3 horrowings. (b) Dibbling. (c) N.A. (d) Between rows 3', between plants 2" for groundnat, 6" for cotton, (e) No. of see is per cliphe, one for Groundnut and 2-3 for cotton and thinned to one. (v) 5 C.L (ac. of F.Y.M. applied in furrows 15 days before sawing. (vi) Upitrigeted. (vii) N.A. (viii) 2 interculturings and 2 weedings. (ix, 53.54". (x) Groundnut 2).40.1953, cotton-3.2.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Groundrent alone.
- 2. 2 rows o grou date and 2 rows of cotton.
- 3. 6 rows of groundout and 2 rows of cotton.
- 4. Cotton alone.

3. DESIGN:

(i) L. Sq. (ii) (a) 4. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) $50^{\circ} \times 48^{\circ}$. (b) $44^{\circ} \times 24^{\circ}$. (v) $3 \times 12^{\circ}$. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal, Fig. N.A. (iii) Yield data, (iv) (a) 1952-1957 (modified in 1955). (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) N.A. (b) N.A. (vi) Experiment analysed as R.B.D. as the layout was N.A. (vii) Prices of produce collected from G.R.S. Junaguth; cotton Rs. 0.23 per lb. and groundnut ES. 0.25 per lb.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 295 Rs jac.
- (ii) 44.92 Rs /ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. value of produce in Rs./ac.

| reatment | Av. value |
|-----------|---------------|
| 1. | 413 |
| 2. | 300 |
| 3. | 370 |
| 4. | 98 |
| S E /mean | =22.46 Rs./sc |

Crop: Jowar and Tur (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 52(296).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type : 'X'.

Object:-To study the effect of growing Tur as a mixture with Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) Jowar cotton. (b) Cotton. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 9.8.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Drilling. (c) 8 lb./ac. of Jowar and 20 lb./ac. of Tur. (d) 3'×1'. (e) —. (v) N.H. (vi) Jowar B.P. 53 (late); Tur local medium). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Two interculturings and one weeding. (ix) 19.98'. (x) Jowar 21.1.1953; Tur 9.2.1953.

2. TREATMENTS:

- 1. Jowar alone. Net plot size 54' × 30'.
- 2. Tur alone. Net plot size $54' \times 30'$.
- 3. Tur+Jowar mixed in the ratio of 2:1, Net plot size, 54' ×23'.
- 4. Tur+Jowar mixed in the ratio of 4:1, Net plot size, $54' \times 30'$.
- 5. Tur+Jowar mixed in the ratio of 6:1, Net plot size, 54' × 21'.
 6. Tur+Jowar mixed in the ratio of 8:1, Net plot sixe, 54' × 27'.
- 7. Tur+Jowar mixed in the ratio of 10: 1, Net plot size, $54' \times 33'$.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 7. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) As per treatments. (v) N.A. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Below normal. (ii) Severe attack of Striga on Jowar which affected the yield very much. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1952—1959. (b) No. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) N.A. (vii) Due to attack, of Striga on crops the growth was below normal and uneven. The yield of Jowar under treatment 1 was very much below normal (reasons N.A.) which was mainly responsible for significant result. Prices supplied by A.R.S, Surat: Jowar Rs. 5.50 per 40 lb. and Tur Rs. 8.25 per 40 lb.

5. RESULTS:

- (i) 79.88 Rs./ac.
- (ii) 21.03 Rs./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are significant,
- (iv) Av. value of produce in Rs./ac.

| reatment | Av. value |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 12.77 |
| 2. | 84.70 |
| 3. | 90.88 |
| 4. | 101.51 |
| 5. | 108.90 |
| 6. | 91.56 |
| 7. | 68.84 |
| S.E./mean | =14.87 Rs./ac. |

Crop: Jowar and Tur (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 53(368).

Site:-Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type: 'X'.

Object: - To study the effect of Tur as a mixture with Jowar.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) N.A. (b) Cotton. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Deep black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 26.8.1953. (iv) (a: N.A. (b) Drilled. (c) Jowar 8—10 lb./ac. and Tur 20 Fb./ac. (d) 3'×1'. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Jowar B.P.-53 and Tur (local). (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 2 weeding, 1 thinning and 4 interculturings. (ix) 58.00". (x) Jowar 20.2.1954 and Tur 16.3.1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

Jowar alone.
 Tur alone,
 Tur and Jowar in ratio of 2:1 Net plot size 54'×30'.
 Tur and Jowar in ra
 1 Net plot size 54'×21'.
 Tur and Jowar in ra
 1 Net plot size 54'×30'.

5. Tur and Jowar in ratio of 6: 1 Net plot size 54'×21'.

6. Tur and Jowar in ratio of 8:1 Net plot size 54' ×27'.

7. Tur and Jowar in ratio of 10: 1 Net plot size 54'×33'.

7. In and some in tale of to. I feet plot is

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 7. (b) N.A. (iii) 2. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) As per treatments. (v) No. (vi) Yes.

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) Heavy attack of borer on *Jowar* and *Tur* up to 50%. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1952—contd. (modified in 1954-1955). (b) and (c) No. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Price of *Jowar* Rs. 5.37 per maund and *Tur* Rs. 4.87 per maund

- (i) 62.52 Rs./ac.
- (ii) 12.61 Rs./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. value of produce in Rs./ac.

| Treatment | Av. value |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 122.08 |
| 2. | 44.77 |
| 3. | 7 0.58 |
| 4. | 56.74 |
| 5. | 55.53 |
| 6. | 48.67 |
| 7. | 39.26 |
| S.E./mean | = 8.92 Rs./ac. |

Crop :- As per rotation.

Ref :- Gj. 53(311)/52(187).

Site: Groundnut Res. Stn., Junagadh.

Type: 'R'.

Object:-To find out the best rotational system for the crops.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) and (b) As per treatments. (c) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. (ii) (a) Medium black 2' to $2\frac{1}{6}$ deep. (b) Refer soil analysis, Junagadh. (iii) 19.6.1953. (iv) (a) No ploughing, 2 to 3 herrowings. (b) Groundnut and Cotton dibbled, Bajra and Jowar—drilled. (c) 10 lb./ac. for Bajra and Jowar. (d) Between rows 3" for all crops, between plants for Groundnut 2", for cotton 6"; for Bajra and Jowar—irregular. (e) 1 for Groundnut, 2 to 3 for cotton and others thinned out to one. (v) 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. applied in furrows 15 days before sowing. (vi) Groundnut—Kopergaon, Cotton—Kalyan, Bajra and Jowar—local. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 3 interculturings and 3 weedings. (ix) 50.54". (x) 23.10.1953 (Groundnut., 7.10.1953 (Bajra and Jowar) 5.2.1954 (Cotton).

2. TREATMENTS:

7 rotations as follows:

- 1. Groundnut every year.
- 2. Groundnut Bajra.
- 3. Groundeut-Jowar.
- 4. Groundnut Cotton.
- 5. Cotton every year.
- 6. Jowar every year.
- 7. Bajra every year.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 10. (b) N.A. (iii) 4. (iv) (a) 50' > 24'. (b) $44' \times 11'$. (v. $3' \times 6'$. (vi) No, as per rotation.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Tikka 5%. (iii) Grain and fodder yield. (iv) (a) 1952—continued (modified in 1958-59). (b) Yes, as per treatments. (c) Nil. (v) (a) and (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Experiment was not analysed in 1952 as it was the first year of experimentation, only mean yield in lb./ac. are given here; Cotton—315.6, Groundnut—308.6, Bajra—306.2 and Jowar—249.5.

5. RESULTS:

| T | Crop | | Groundnu | t |
|----|------|---|-----------|---|
| Д. | CIUP | ٠ | Organiuma | L |

- (i) 1223 lb./ac.
- (ii) 194.8 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of pod in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 959 |
| 2. | 1377 |
| 3. | 1170 |
| 4. | 1387 |
| S.E /mean | = 97.4 lb./ac. |

II. Crop: Bajra

- i) 330.3 lb./ac.
- (ii) 47.97 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are not significant.
- (iv) Av yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. yield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 309.8 |
| 2. | 3.50.8 |
| S.E./mean | = 23.99 lb./ac. |

III. Crop : Jowar

- (i) 210.9 lb./ac.
- (ii) 42.21 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Treatment | Av. vield |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. | 213.0 |
| 2. | 208.7 |
| S.E./mean | = 21.10 lb./ac. |

IV. Crop : Cotton

- (i) 349,1 lb/ac.
- (ii) 82.97 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| reatment | Av yield |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1. | 368.4 |
| 2. | 329,8 |
| S.E./mean | = 42.99 lb./ac |

Crop:-Cotton-Jowar-Tur (Kharif). Site:-Agri. Res. Stn., Surat. Ref:-Gj. 48(113).

Type :- 'R'.

Object:—To study the best rotation for the tract.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) As per treatments. (b) Cotton. (c) Nil. (ii) (a) Deep black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) N.A. (iv) (a) N A. (b) Cotton-dibbling; Jowar and Tur drilling. (c) Cotton-4-5 seeds/dibble Jowar and Tur 8-10 lb./ac. (d) Cotton-6'×2'; Jowar and Tur-3'×1'. (e) —. (v) Nil. (vi) N.A. (vii) (viii N.A. (ix) N.A. (x) N.A.

2. TREATMENTS:

11 rotations as follows:

Details of rotations:

- 1. Cm every year.
- 2. Cm-C
- 3. Jm every year.

C = Cotton unmanured,

4. Jm-J

Cm = Cotton manured with 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.

5. Cm-J

J = Jowar unmanured.

6. C—T

Jm = Jowar manured with 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.

7. Cm-T

T = Tur unmanured.

- 8. J-T
- . . .
- 9. Jm—T
- 10. Cm—J—T
- 11. Cm-T-J

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 22. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $62' \times 30'$. (b) $50' \times 18'$. (v) 6' alround. (vi) No. (as per rotation)

4. GENERAL:

(i) N.A. (ii) N.A. (iii) Yield data. (iv) (a) 1948—continued. (b) No, (as per rotation.) (c) Nil. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- I. Crop: Cotton.
- (i) 304 lb./ac.
- (ii) 59.77 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. | (1) | (2) | (2) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (10) | (11) |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| Crop | | | | | | | Cm | |
| Av. yield | 279 | 283 | 336 | 289 | 321 | 290 | 291 | 339 |

S.E./mean

=24.41 lb./ac.

II. Crop: Jowar.

- (i) 819 lb./ac.
- (ii) 152.5 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. | (3) Jm | _ | (5) J | • | (10) J | (11) J |
|--------------|-----------|---|---------------------|---|---------------|-----------|
| Av. yield | | | 823 | | - | 774 |
| | 0.50 | | CO O III (- | _ | | |

S.E./mean

=62.3 lb./ac.

III. Crop: Tur.

- (i) 488 lb./ac.
- (ii) 104.4 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
|--------------|-----------|-----|------|-----------|------|------|
| Crop | T | T | T | T | T | Γ |
| Av. yield | 470 | 579 | 438 | 474 | 492 | 476 |
| | S.E./mean | | =42. | 6 lb./ac. | | |

Crop: Cotton-Jowar-Tur (Kharif).

Ref :- Gj. 49(145)/48(113).

Site : Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type 'R'

Object: - To study the best rotation for the tract.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a), (b) and (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Deep black cotton soil. (b) Refer seil analysis, Surat. (iii) Cotton 1.7.1949. Jowar and Tur-23.7.1949. (iv) (a) No. (b) Cotton-dibbling; Jowar and Tur-23.7.1949. (iv) (a) No. (b) Cotton-dibbling; Jowar and $Tur-3 \times 1'$. (c) No. (v) Nil. (vi) Cotton-Suyog; Jowar B.P 53 (vii) Unirrigated, (viii) 2 weedings, 1 three ng and 1 interculturing to each crop. (ix) 45.42°. (x) Cotton-124.3.1950 and 10.4.1950; Jowar 3,4.2.1950; Tur-16.3.1950.

2. TREATMENTS:

11 rotations as follows:

Details of rotations:

1. Cm every year,

2. Cm--C

C = Cotton unmanured.

3. Jm every year

Cm = Cotton manured with 5 C.L./ac. of P.Y.M.

4, Jm-J

J = Jowar unmanured.

5. Cm-J

Jm = Jowar manured with 5 C.L./ac. of P.Y.M.

6. C-T

T = Tur unmanured.

- 7. Cm-T
-
- 8. J-T
- 9. Jm-T 10. Cm-J-T
- 11. Cm-T-J

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 22. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) 62' × 30'. (b) 50 × 18'. (v) 6' alround. (vi) No. (as per rotation.)

4. GENERAL:

- (i) Satisfactory. (ii) Nil. (iii) Yield data. (iv) (a) 1948-N.A. (b) No, (as per rotation.) (c) Nil. (v) (a) No.
- (b) N.A. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5. RESULTS:

- I. Crop: Cotton
- (i) 571 lb./ac.
- (ii) 82.35 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of kopas in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. | (I) | (2) | (2) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (10) | (11) |
|---------------|--------------|-----|------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| Crop | Cm | C | Cm | Cm | С | Cm | Cm | Cm |
| Previous crop | C m | Cm | \boldsymbol{c} | J | T | T | T | |
| Av. yield | 452 | 548 | 476 | 573 | 645 | 653 | 678 | 540 |

S.E./mean

=33.63 lb./ac.

- II. Crop : Jowar.
- (i) 727 lb./ac.
- (ii) 130,9 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are high significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. | (3) | (4) | (4) | (5) | (8) | (c) | (10) | (11) |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------|-----|------|------|
| Crop | Jm | J | Jm | J | J | Jm | j | J |
| Previous crop | Jm | Jm | J | Cin | T | T | Cm | T |
| Av. yield | 627 | 562 | 603 | 778 | 761 | 852 | 805 | 825 |

S.E./mean

=53.5 lb./ac.

- III. Crop : Tur.
- (i) 395 lb./ac.
- (ii) 133.7 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----------|-----|------|------|
| Crop | T | T | T | T | T | T |
| Previous crop | C | Cm | J | Cm | J | Cm |
| Av. yield | 387 | 399 | 369 | 405 | 388 | 430 |
| C 17 1 | | | C 11 to a | | | |

S.S./mean

=54.6 lb./ac.

Crop : Cotton-Jowar-Tur (Kharif).

Ref: Gj. 50(166)/49(145)/48(113).

Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat.

Type :- 'R'.

Cm=Cotton manured with 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.

Jm = Jowar manured with 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.

Object: To study the best rotation for the tract.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a), (b) and (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 22.".1950. Cotton; 48.1950 Jowar and Tur. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Cotton-dibbling; Jowar and Tur-drilling (c) Jowar 8-10 lb. ac. (otton-4-5 seeds/dibble; Tur-8-10 lb/ac. (d) Cotton-6' \times 2'; Jowar 3' \times 1' and Tur 3' \times 1'. (v) Nil. (vi) Cotton-Suyog. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 1 thinning, 3 interculturings and 2 weedings for Cotton. Jowar and Tur. (ix) 29.40". (x) 23.3.1951, Cotton; 22.1.1951, Jowar and 7-3-51, Tur.

2. TREATMENTS:

11 rotations as follows:

Details of rotations:

C = Cotton unmanured.

J = Jowar unmanured.

T = Tur unmanured.

- 1. Cm every year.
- 2. Cm -C
- 3 Jm every year.
- 4. Jm-J
- 5. Cm—J
- 6. C-T.
- 7. Cm-T.
- 8. J-T.
- 9. Jm-T.
- 10. Cm-J-T.
- 11, Cm-T-J.

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 22. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $62' \times 30'$. (b) $50' \times 18'$. (v) 6' alround. (vi) No; (as per rotation.)

4. GENERAL:

(i) Satisfactory. (ii) Stray borer attack on Jowar; Pod-bore attack on Tur. (iii) Kapas yield. (iv) (a) 1948contd. (b) No, (as per rotation). (c) Nil. (v) (a) No. (b)—. (vi) and (vii) Nil.

5 RESULTS:

- I. Crop: Cotton
- (i) 541 lb./ac.
- (ii) 65.82 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. | (1) | (2) | (2) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (10) | (11) |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------|------|------|
| Crop | Cm | Cm | Ċ | Cm | Ċ | Cm | Cm | Cm |
| Previous crop | Cm | C | Cm | J | T | T | T | J |
| Av. yield | 434 | 471 | 433 | 605 | 585 | 5 97 | 597 | 601 |

=26.88 lb./ac. S.E./mean

II. Crop: Jowar

- (i) 468 lb./ac.
- (ii) 150.0 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| V IIV. JICIU OI BI | .,,, | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------|-------------|-----|-----|----------|-------------|------|------|
| Rotation No. | (3) | (4) | (4) | (5) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| Crop | Jm | J | Jm | J | J | Jm | J | J |
| Previous crop | Jm | Jm | J | Cm | T | T | Cm | T |
| Av. yield | 425 | 3 95 | 223 | 487 | 540 | 657 | 398 | 625 |
| | | | Г / | 61 | 2 lb /00 | | | |

S.E./mean =61.3 lb./ac.

III. Crop: Tur

- (i) 322 lb./ac.
- (ii) 80.68 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|------|-------------|
| Crop | T | T | T | T | T | J. |
| Previous crop | C | -Cm | J | Jm | J | Cm |
| Av. yield | 276 | 307 | 380 | 2 98 | 385 | 2 83 |

=32.94 lb./ac. S E./mean

Crop :- Cotton, Jowar and Tur (Kharif). Ref:-Gj. 51(236)/50(166)/49(145)/48(113). Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat. Type:-'R'.

Object:—To study the best rotation for the tract.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) to (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Black cotton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) 27.6.1951 Cotton; 21.1.1951 Jowar and Tur. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Cotton—dibbling; Jowar and Tur drilling. (c) 4 to 5 seeds/dibble for cotton; 8 to 10 lb./ac. for Jowar and Tur. (d) 3'x1' between rows for Jowar and Tur; $6' \times 2'$ for cotton. (e) -. (v) Nil. (vi) Cotton-Suyog; Jowar-B.P. 53.; Tur-Local. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 1 thinning, 3 interculturings and 1 weeding for all crops. (ix) 30.1.52 and 23.3.1952 Cotton; 1.2 1952 Jowar and 4.3.1952 Tur.

2. TREATMENTS:

11 rotations as follows:

Details of rotations:

1. Cm every year

C = Cotton unmanured.

2: Cm-C

Cm=Cotton manured with 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.

3. Jm every year.

J = Jowar unmanured.

4. Jm-J 5. Cm-J

Jm = Jowar manured with 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M. T = Tur unmanured.

6. C-T

7. Cm-T

8. J--T

9. Jm-T

10. Cm-J-T

11. Cm-T-J

F.Y.M. spread on 26.5.1951 and P₂O₅ on 12.7.1951.

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 22+22=44. (b) N A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $62'\times30'$. (b) $50'\times18'$. (v) 6' alround. (vi, No. (as per rotation).

4. GENERAL:

(i) Yields are low due to/less rains. (ii) Cotton attacked by boll worm; Tur by pod-bore; Jowar by Stemborer. (iii) Grain yield. (iv) (a) 1948-49 (modified in 1951-52)—continued. (b) No, (as per rotation). (c) N1. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) The experiment has been modified in 1951-52 by inserting application of P2O5 to legume Crop taken in rotation. All the plots in a replication are horizontally divided in two equal parts thus making 44 unit plots in a replication. Wherever legume is to be grown, out of the two plots made by this division one net plot is to be selected at random and applied with Super at 100 lb./ac. For seperating the two plots unmanured and manured with P₂O₅ a strip of land 6' in width is left as a border in between. This border of 6' width is to be kept in between two plots of all the 22 treatments in a replication, thus reducing the net plot size from 50'x18' to 22'x18'. The yields of these net plots are to be recorded separately.

5. RESULTS:

I Crop: Cotton

- (i) 100 lb./ac.
- (ii) 19.17 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. | (1) | (2) | (2) | (5) | · 6) | (7) | (10) | (11) |
|---------------|-----|--------|------|----------------|------|-----|------|------|
| Crop | Cm | C | Cm | Cm | C | Cm | Cm | Cm |
| Previous crop | Cm | Cm | С | J | Т | Т | T | ī |
| Av. yield | 86 | 103 | 90 | 118 | 84 | 91 | 104 | 121 |
| | | S.E./r | mean | == 5.53 lb /ac | | | ••• | |

II Crop: Jowar

- (i) 573 lb/ac.
- (ii) 176.4 lb /ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of jowar in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. | (3) | (4) | (4) | (5) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
|---------------|-----|------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----|-----|------|------|
| Crop | Jm | S | Jm | J | Ĵ | Jm | J | - J |
| Previous crop | Jm | Jm | J | Cm | T | T | Cm | Т |
| Av. yield | 514 | 432 S.I | 459 E./mean | 576 = 50.9 lb./ac. | 759 | 635 | 537 | 674 |

III. Crop: Tur

- (i) 240 lb./ac.
- (ii) 82.66 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effects of rotations are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of tur in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | Mean |
|---------------|---|----------|------------|------|------|--------------|------|
| Previous crop | C | Cm | J | Jm | J | Cm | |
| S uper | 161 | 242 | 236 | 286 | 266 | 217 | 235 |
| No Super | 189 | 163 | 204 | 330 | 307 | 275 | 245 |
| M ean | 175 | 203 | 220 | 308 | 287 | 246 | 240 |
| | S.E | of row r | narginal n | nean | = | 3.78 lb./ac. | |
| | S.E. of column marginal mean =23.86 lb./ac. | | | | | | |
| | S.E. of body of table =33.75 lb./ac. | | | | | | |

Crop :-Cotton, Jowar and Tur (Kharif). Ref :-Gj. 52 (374)/51(2:6)/50(166)/49(145)/48(113). Site :-Agri. Res. Stn., Surat. Type :-'R'.

Object:-To study the best rotation for the tract.

1. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a) to (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Black Cctton soil. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) Cotton 26.6.1952; Jowar and Tur; 14.7.1952. (iv) (a) N.A. (b) Cotton-dibbled; Jowar and Tur-drilled. (c) Cotton 4-5 seeds/dibble; Jowar 8-10 lb./ac.; Tur 12-15 lb./ac. (d) Cotton 6'×2'; Jowar and Tur 3'×1'. (e) —. (v) Nil. (vi) Cotton-Suyog; Jowar B.P. 53.; Tur-Local. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) 1 thinning; 2 weedings and 3 interculturings. (ix) 20.18". (x) 3 to 25.3.1953 for Cotton; 12.1.1953 for Jowar and 10.2.1953 for Tur.

2. TREATMENTS:

11 rotations as follows:

Details of rotations:

1. Cm every year

2. Cm—C

C = Cotton unmanured.

3. Jm every year.

Cm=Cotton manured with 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.

4. Jm-J

J = Jowar unmannred,

5. Cm- J

Jm = Jowar manured with 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.

6. C-T

T = Tur unmanured.

7. Cm—T

Tm = Tur manured with 100 lb./ac. of Super.

- 8. J-T
- 9. Jm—T
- 10. Cm-J-T
- 11. Cm-T-J

F.Y.M. spread on 30.5.1952 and P₂O₅ on 4.7.1952. Ref Gj. 51 (236) General (vii)

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 44. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) main-plot: $62' \times 30'$. (b) main-plot: $50' \times 18'$ sub-plot: $22' \times 18'$. (v) N.A. (vi) No, as per rotation.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Good. (ii) Slight attack of pod borer on Tur; slight attack of boll worm on cotton; slight attack of striga on Jowar. (iii) Grain and kapas yield. (iv) (a) 1948—49 (modified in 1951—52)—continued. (b) No, as per rotation. (c) Nil. (v) (a) No. (b) N.A. (vi) Nil. (vii) Yields of plots of cotton and Jowar, where Tur is not in rotation, are converted to the common plot size of 22'×18' before analysis is taken up.

- I. Crop: Cotton
- (i) 184 lb./ac.
- (ii) 52.91 lb./ac.
- (lii) Treatment differences are highly significant.

(iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. Crop Prev. crop Av. yield | | (2) Cm C 136 | C Cm | Cm J | (6) C Tm 201 | C T | Cm Tm | Cm T | (11) Cm J 238 | | (10) Cm T 160 |
|---|--|-----------------------|---------|---------|-----------------------|--------|----------|---------|------------------------|--|------------------------|
|---|--|-----------------------|---------|---------|-----------------------|--------|----------|---------|------------------------|--|------------------------|

S.E./mean (for 6, 7, 10)

=21.60 lb./ac.

II Crop: Jowar

SE/mean (for 2, 5, 11)

=15.27.lb./ac.

- (i) 552 lb./ac.
- (ii) 212.2 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are significant.

(iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. | (3) | (4) | (4) | (5) | (8) | (8) | (9) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (11) |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| Crop | Jm | Jm | J | J ['] | Ĵ | | | • • | J | | (11) |
| Prev. crop | Jm | J | Jm | Cm | Tm | T | | | Cm | Tm | T |
| Av. yield | 467 | 422 | | | | | | | | 687 | 717 |

S.E./mean (for 8, 9, 11)

=86.7 lb./ac.

S.E./mean (for 3, 4, 5, 10)

=61.3 lb/ac.

III. Crop: Tur

- (i) 261 lb./ac.
- (ii) 78.54 lb./ac.
- (iii) Main effect of rotation is significant. Others are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (11) | (10) | , |
|--------------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| Prev. crop | C | Cm | J | Jm | Cm | j | Mean |
| Super | 227 | 227 | 240 | 295 | 316 | 302 | 268 |
| No Super | 204 | 220 | 227 | 293 | 282 | 293 | 253 |
| Mean | 216 | 224 | 234 | 294 | 299 | 298 | 251 |
| | C.E. | | | | | • | |

S.E. of row marginal mean

=13.09 lb./ac.

S.E. of column marginal mean

= 22.67 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=32.07 lb./ac.

Crop :- Cotton-Jowar-Tur Ref :- Gj. 53(376)/52(374)/51(236)/50(166)/49(145)/48(113). Site :- Agri. Res. Stn., Surat. Type: 'R'.

Object: - To study the best rotation for the tract.

I. BASAL CONDITIONS:

(i) (a), (b) and (c) As per treatments. (ii) (a) Black cotton. (b) Refer soil analysis, Surat. (iii) Cotton dibbled on 19.6.1953; Jowar drilled on 2.8.1953; Tur on 26.8.1953. (iv) (a) and (b) N.A. (c) Jowar drilled at 8 to 10 lb./ac. Tur at 12 to 15 lb./ac. Cotton at 2½ to 3 lb./ac. (d) Between rows cotton 6, Jowar and Tur 3'; Between plants-Cotton-2', Jowar and Tur-1'. (e) N.A. (v) Nil. (vi) Cotton-Suyog, Jowar-B P. 53; Tur-Local. (vii) Unirrigated. (viii) Thinning Cotton on 31.7.19:3 and 28 3.1953; Jowar 24.8.1953; Tur-29.9.1953; Weeding on 19.7.1953; 28.8.1953 for Cotton and 9.9.1952, 22.10.1953 for Jowar and Tur. (ix) 58.00". (x) Cotton on 10, 27.3.1954; Jowar-9.2.1954 and Tur-15.3 1954.

2. TREATMENTS:

11 rotations as follows:

Details of rotations:

1. Cm every year.

3. Jm every year.

- 2. Cm--C

C = Cotton unmanured.

4. Jm-J

Cm = Cotton manured with 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.

5 Cm-J

J = Jowar unmanured.

6. C-T

Jm= Jowar manured with 5 C.L./ac. of F.Y.M.

7. Cm-T

T = Tur unmanured.

8. J-T

Tm= Tur manured with 100 lb./ac. of Super.

9. Jm-T

10. Cm-J-T

11. Cm-T-J

F.Y.M. spread on 31.5.1953 and P2O5 on 25.8.1953. Refer Gj. 51 (236) General (vii)

3. DESIGN:

(i) R.B.D. (ii) (a) 44. (b) N.A. (iii) 6. (iv) (a) $62' \times 30'$. (b) $50' \times 18'$ for all plots excluding Tur plots; For tur—gross: $31' \times 30'$; net: $22' \times 18'$. (v) 6' all round the net plot. For tur: 6' on either side and 5' at one end and 3' at another. (vi) No, as per rotation.

4. GENERAL:

(i) Normal. (ii) Cotton-boll worm attack; Jowar-heavy attack of borer due to which Jowar yield was below normal. Tur-heavy attack of pod borer. (iii) Seed-cotton; tur-pods, jowar-grain. (iv) (a) 1948—1949. (Modified in 1951—1952)—continued. (b) No, as per rotation. (c) N.A (v) (a) and (b) No. (vi) and (vii) Refer Gj. 51(236).

5. RESULTS:

- I. Crop: Cotton
- (i) 682 lb./ac.
- (ii) 93.51 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of kapas in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. | (1) | (2) | (2) | (5) | (6) | (6) | (7) | (7) | (10) | (10) | (11) |
|---------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| Crop | Cm | С | Cm | Cm | С | C | Cm | Cm | Cm | Cm | Cm |
| Previous crop | Cm | Cm | C | J | Tm | T' | Tm | T | Tm | T | J |
| Av. yield | 552 | 534 | 575 | 628 | 820 | 9 09 | 905 | 865 | 855 | 785 | 600 |

S.E /mean (for 6, 7, 10)

=38.18 lb./ac.

S.E./mean (for 1, 2, 5, 11)

=26.99 lb./ac.

II. Crop: Jowar

- (i) 337 lb./ac.
- (ii) 158.0 lb./ac.
- (iii) Treatment differences are highly significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. | (3) | (4) | (4) | (5) | (8) | (8) | (9) | (9) | (11) | (11) | (10) |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| Crop | Jm | J | Jm | J | J | J | Jm | Jm | J | J | J |
| Previous crop | Jm | Jm | J | Cm | Tm | T | Tm | T | Tm | T | Cm |
| Av. yield | 292 | 127 | 157 | 362 | 449 | 479 | 413 | 378 | 570 | 589 | 320 |

S.E /mean (for 8, 9, 11)

=64.5 lb./ac.

S.E./mean (for 3, 4, 5, 10)

=45.6 lb./ac.

III. Crop: Tur

- (i) 150 lb./ac.
- (ii) 40.54 lb./ac.
- (iii) Only main effect of rotations is highly significant. Others are not significant.
- (iv) Av. yield of grain in lb./ac.

| Rotation No. Previous crop | (6) C | (7) Cm | (8) J | (⁹) Jm | (10) J | (11) Cm | Mean |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|------------------------|-----------|------------|------|
| Super | 121 | 119 | 133 | 186 | 174 | 160 | 149 |
| No Super | 117 | 162 | 135 | 149 | 174 | 165 | 150 |
| Mean | 119 | 141 | 134 | 168 | 174 | 163 | 150 |

S.E. of row marginal mean

= 6.76 lb./ac.

S.E. of column marginal mean

=11.70 lb./ac.

S.E. of body of table

=16.55 lb./ac.